### MONTGOMERY ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL BOARD

### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2016 and 2015



J. B. WATSON & Co., P.L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Montgomery Alcoholic Beverage Control Board Biscoe, North Carolina

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Montgomery Alcoholic Beverage Control Board which comprise the Statements of Fund Net Position as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position and Cash Flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Montgomery Alcoholic Beverage Control Board as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (on pages i through iii) and the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Contributions on pages 19 and 20 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements as a whole. The Schedules of Store Expenses, Schedules of Administrative Expenses, and Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedules of Store Expenses, Schedules of Administrative Expenses, and Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

g.B. Watson + W. P.L.L.C.

Wadesboro, North Carolina August 30, 2016

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Montgomery Alcoholic Beverage Control Board's financial report represents our discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Board for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015. This information should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements included in this report.

### Financial Highlights

Working capital decreased \$9,642 from the prior year.

Change in net position before distributions amounted to \$29,079.

Distributions amounting to \$25,851 were made during the current year to law enforcement and the county and towns.

### Overview of the Financial Statements

The audited financial statements of Montgomery Alcoholic Beverage Control Board consist of 3 components. They are as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis
Basic Financial Statements
Additional Information Required by the ABC Commission

The Basic Financial Statements are prepared using the full accrual basis of accounting. They consist of three statements. The first is the Statements of Fund Net Position. Assets and liabilities are classified between current and long-term. This statement provides a summary of the Board's investment in assets and obligations to creditors. Liquidity and financial flexibility can be evaluated using the information contained in this statement.

The next statement is the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position. This statement is used in evaluating whether the Board has recovered all of its costs through sales. Its information is used in determining credit worthiness.

The final required statement is the **Statements of Cash Flows**. This statement reports cash inflows and outflows in the following categories: operating, investing, and financing activities. Based on this data, the user can determine the sources of cash, the uses of cash, and the change in cash.

The notes to the financial statements provide more detailed information and should be read in conjunction with the statements.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning Montgomery Alcoholic Beverage Control Board's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 19 of this report.

The ABC Commission requires some schedules in addition to the information required by generally accepted accounting principles. They include Schedules of Store Expenses, Schedules of Administrative Expenses, and Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual.

### Financial Analysis of Montgomery Alcoholic Beverage Control Board

Net position is an indicator of the fiscal health of the Board. Assets exceeded liabilities by \$344,027 in 2016, by \$340,799 in 2015 and by \$342,735 in 2014. The largest component of net position was the inventory of liquor. It was 85.25% of the total net position for 2016, 69.14% for 2015, and 77.46% for 2014. Following is a summary of the Statements of Fund Net Position:

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Table 1
Condensed Statements of Fund Net Position

	Jur	ne 30, 2016	Jun	ne 30, 2015	Jur	ne 30, 2014	Thi	Change s Yr Over Last Yr	% Change This Yr Over Last Yr
Current assets	\$	413,032	\$	385,432	\$	378,314	\$	27,600	7.16%
Noncurrent assets		-		8,315		<b>5</b> 0		(8,315)	-100.00%
Capital assets		66,418		56,776		62,324		9,642	16.98%
Deferred outflows of resources		11,454		10,016		-		1,438	14.36%
Total assets and deferred outflows									
of resources		490,904		460,539		440,638		30,365	6.59%
Current liabilities		136,715		99,473		97,903		37,242	37.44%
Noncurrent liabilities		6,687		22 <b>-</b> 2		-		6,687	100.00%
Deferred inflows of resources		3,475		20,267		-		(16,792)	-82.85%
Total liabilities and deferred									
inflows of resources		146,877		119,740		97,903	•	27,137	22.66%
Net investment in capital assets		66,418		56,776		62,324		9,642	16.98%
Restricted net position		43,956		41,166		38,296		2,790	6.78%
Unrestricted net position		233,653		242,857		242,115		(9,204)	-3.79%
Total net position		344,027		340,799		342,735		3,228	0.95%

Note that deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are reported beginning in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Montgomery Alcoholic Beverage Control Board implemented GASB 68 the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. With the new reporting change, the Board is allocated its proportionate share of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System's net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense. A restatement to record the effects of the new reporting guidance decreased beginning net position by \$8,861 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Decisions regarding the allocations are made by the administrators of the pension plan, not by the Montgomery Alcoholic Beverage Control Board's management.

Total net position increased by 0.95% from 2015 compared to a decrease of 0.56% between 2015 and 2014. Income from operations increased by 17.00% compared to an increase of 358.99% between 2015 and 2014. Following is a summary of the changes in net position:

Table 2
Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position

		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015		June 30, 2014		Change is Yr Over Last Yr	% Change This Yr Over Last Yr	
Operating revenues	\$	1,479,619	\$	1,385,519	\$	1,288,817	\$	94,100	6.79%	
Less: Taxes on gross										
sales		336,741		315,205		293,134		21,536	6.83%	
Net sales		1,142,878		1,070,314		995,683		72,564	6.78%	
Cost of sales		773,934		725,377		676,366		48,557	6.69%	
Gross profit		368,944		344,937		319,317		24,007	6.96%	
Less: Operating										
expenses		340,176		320,349		313,960		19,827	6.19%	
Income from										
operations		28,768		24,588		5,357		4,180	17.00%	
Nonoperating revenues		311	*	241		187		70	29.05%	
Changes in net position										
before distributions		29,079		24,829		5,544		4,250	17.12%	
Distributions		25,851		17,904		5,544		7,947	44.39%	
Change in net position		3,228		6,925		187 187		(3,697)	-53.39%	
Net position, beginning, as restated		340,799		333,874		342,735		6,925	2.07%	
Net position, ending		344,027		340,799		342,735		3,228	0.95%	

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Sales increased \$94,100 or 6.79%. Operating expenses increased \$19,827 or 6.19%. Income from operations was \$28,768 for 2016, compared to income from operations of \$24,588 for 2015 and \$5,357 for 2014.

Following is a breakdown of sales by source:

	Ju	June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015 June 3		June 30, 2015		June 30, 2014		Change	% Change
								s Yr Over Last Yr	This Yr Over Last Yr		
Retail Liquor Sales Mixed Beverage Sales	\$	1,409,183 70,436	\$	1,337,035 48,484	\$	1,247,392 41,425	\$	72,148 21,952	5.40% 45.28%		
Total Sales	\$	1,479,619	\$	1,385,519	\$	1,288,817	\$	94,100	6.79%		

The percentage of mixed beverage sales to the total was 4.76% for 2016 as compared to 3.50% for 2015 and 3.21% for 2014.

### Capital Asset and Debt Administration Capital Assets

Table 3
Summary of Changes in Capital Assets

	Jur	ne 30, 2016	Jui	ne 30, 2015	June 30, 2014		Thi	Change s Yr Over Last Yr	% Change This Yr Over Last Yr
Land Building and improvements	\$	20,000 174,560	\$	20,000 159,526	\$	20,000 159,526	\$	- 15,034	0.00% 9.42%
Furniture and equipment	V <del>I</del>	125,678		125,678	3	125,678			0.00%
Total	_\$	320,238	_\$_	305,204	_\$	305,204	\$	15,034	4.93%

### **Debt Administration**

Montgomery Alcoholic Beverage Control Board currently does not have any long-term debt.

#### **Economic Factors**

Due to the current economic conditions in Montgomery County, there are no plans to open any new locations. Current plans are to maintain present services at the same level.

### Requests for Information

This report is intended to provide a summary of the financial condition of Montgomery Alcoholic Beverage Control Board. Questions or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Lisa Wilson, Finance Officer Montgomery Alcoholic Beverage Control Board 509 East Main Street Biscoe, NC 27209

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### MONTGOMERY ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL BOARD STATEMENTS OF FUND NET POSITION June 30, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents Inventory	\$ 119,763 293,269	\$ 149,789 235,643
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	413,032	385,432
NONCURRENT ASSETS  Net pension asset - restricted		8,315
CAPITAL ASSETS  Land  Building and improvements  Furniture and equipment	20,000 174,560 125,678 320,238	20,000 159,526 125,678 305,204
Accumulated depreciation	(253,820)	(248,428)
	66,418	56,776
TOTAL ASSETS	479,450	450,523
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	11,454	10,016
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 490,904	\$ 460,539
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES  Accounts payable and accrued expenses  Accrued distributions  TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	\$ 112,064 24,651 136,715	\$ 82,669 16,804 99,473
	130,713	99,473
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES  Net pension liability	6,687	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	143,402	99,473
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	3,475	20,267
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets  Restricted for:	66,418	56,776
Working capital Unrestricted	43,956 233,653	41,166 242,857
TOTAL NET POSITION	344,027	340,799
	311,021	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$ 490,904	\$ 460,539

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. -1 -

### MONTGOMERY ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL BOARD STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
OPERATING REVENUES		
Liquor sales Mixed beverage sales	\$ 1,409,183 70,436	\$ 1,337,035 48,484
TOTAL GROSS SALES	1,479,619	1,385,519
DEDUCT TAXES ON GROSS SALES		
State excise tax	324,388	305,233
Rehabilitation tax Mixed beverage tax (Revenue)	5,849 5,913	5,547 4,023
Mixed beverage tax (Revenue)  Mixed beverage tax (Human Resources)	591	402
TOTAL TAXES	336,741	315,205
NET SALES	1,142,878	1,070,314
COST OF LIQUOR SALES	773,934	725,377
GROSS PROFIT ON SALES	368,944	344,937
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Store expenses	265,093	247,593
Administrative expenses  Depreciation expense	69,691 5,392	67,208 5,548
water Boston and an exercise and A restaured		
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	340,176	320,349
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	28,768	24,588
NONOPERATING REVENUES Interest income	311	241
CHANGE IN NET POSITION BEFORE DISTRIBUTIONS	29,079	24,829
Law enforcement distributions	(1,200)	(1,100)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		
BEFORE PROFIT DISTRIBUTIONS	27,879	23,729
PROFIT DISTRIBUTIONS		
Towns - Law enforcement per enabling act	(2,465)	(1,680)
Towns County	(12,326) (9,860)	(8,402) (6,722)
TOTAL PROFIT DISTRIBUTIONS	(24,651)	(16,804)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	3,228	6,925
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR, as previously reported	340,799	342,735
Restatement		(8,861)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR, as restated	340,799	333,874
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 344,027	\$ 340,799

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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### MONTGOMERY ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL BOARD STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from customers	\$ 1,578,400	\$ 1,479,047
Liquor taxes paid	(332,584)	(313,291)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(868,573)	(749,099)
Cash payments to employees for services	(199,465)	(191,636)
Other operating expenses	(92,151)	(89,291)
Liquor sales taxes paid	(97,960)	(93,022)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(12,333)	42,708
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Law enforcement distributions	(1,200)	(1,100)
Profit distributions to County and Towns	(16,804)	(4,344)
NET CASH USED BY NONCAPITAL		ű.
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(18,004)	(5,444)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest income	311	241
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(30,026)	37,505
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING	149,789	112,284
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$ 119,763	\$ 149,789

### MONTGOMERY ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL BOARD STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

Page 2 of 2

	 2016	 2015
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME FROM OPERATIONS TO NET		
CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Income from operations	\$ 28,768	\$ 24,588
Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash		
provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation	5,392	5,548
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in inventory	(57,626)	29,853
(Increase) decrease in net pension asset	8,315	(8,315)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	6,687	(18,081)
Increase in deferred outflows of resources for pensions	(1,438)	(796)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for pensions	(16,792)	20,267
Decrease in prepaid expenses		534
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses	14,361	 (10,890)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED)		
BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (12,333)	\$ 42,708

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### A. Principles used in determining the scope of the entity for financial reporting

Montgomery ABC Board is a corporate body with powers outlined by G.S. 18B-701. The Town councils of Biscoe, Candor, Mt. Gilead, Star, and Troy appoint the ABC Board. The basic criteria of oversight responsibility was used to determine that the Towns do not exercise sufficient control to warrant inclusion of the ABC Board as part of the Towns' reporting entities.

Effective January 1, 2009, the Montgomery County Board of Commissioners appoints a board member in addition to the members appointed by the Town councils of Biscoe, Candor, Mount Gilead, Star, and Troy. This change to the ABC Board necessitated a change in the legal corporate name from Montgomery Municipal Alcoholic Beverage Control Board to Montgomery Alcoholic Beverage Control Board.

### B. Organizational History

The Board was organized under the provisions of Senate Bill #170, Chapter 145 of the North Carolina legislature, General Assembly of 1969, March 31, 1969, and implemented by citywide elections in the Towns of Biscoe and Mount Gilead, North Carolina held May 6, 1969. The Town councils of Biscoe, Candor, Mount Gilead, Star, and Troy each appointed one member to serve on the Board.

The ABC Board, as provided by North Carolina Alcoholic Beverage Control laws, operates two retail liquor stores. North Carolina General Statute 18B-805(c)(2)(3) requires the ABC Board to expend at least 5% of profits for law enforcement.

### C. Basis of Presentation

All activities of the Board are accounted for within a single proprietary (enterprise) fund. Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or the change in net position is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

### D. Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. All sales are made by cash, check, debit or credit card and recorded at the time of sale. Other revenues are recorded when earned. Expenses are recognized when incurred. The ABC Board

distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues include liquor, mixed beverage, and wine sales. Operating expenses include cost of sales, store expenses, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

### E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the statement of net position date and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are used to determine depreciation expense, the allowance for doubtful accounts, and certain claims and judgment liabilities, among other accounts. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

### F. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset/liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The ABC Board's employer contributions are recognized when due and the ABC Board has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

### G. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position

### **Deposits**

All deposits of the ABC Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are collateralized as required by State law [G.S.159-31]. The ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

All the ABC Board's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the ABC Board's agent in the ABC Board's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the ABC Board's agent in the ABC Board's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest bearing

deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the ABC Board or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The ABC Board has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2016 and 2015, the ABC Board's deposits had a carrying amount of \$116,798 and \$146,824, respectively, and bank balances of \$136,453 and \$139,137, respectively. At June 30, 2016, all of the ABC Board's bank balances were covered by federal depository insurance. At June 30, 2016 and 2015, the ABC Board's petty cash fund totaled \$2,965.

### Investments

State law [G.S. 159-30 (c)] authorizes the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT), an SEC registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund. At June 30, 2016 and 2015, the ABC Board had no investments.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, the ABC Board considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets, if any) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

### Accounts Receivable

Montgomery ABC Board had no accounts receivable at June 30, 2016 and 2015.

### Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost (FIFO) or market.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at cost and are being depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

	Useful life
	of asset
Building and improvements	20 yrs.
Furniture and equipment	5-10 yrs.

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

		Beginning Balances		3		Deci	eases_	Ending Balances		
Capital assets not being depreci		20.000	Ф		ው		¢.	20.000		
Land	<u>\$</u>	20,000	\$		\$		<u>p</u>	20,000		
Capital assets being depreciated	:									
Building and improvements		159,526		15,034		-		174,560		
Furniture and equipment	8	125,678				-		125,678		
Total capital assets										
being depreciated		285,204	-	15,034			<u> </u>	300,238		
Less accumulated depreciation to	for:	28								
Building and improvements		137,822		1,860		=		139,682		
Furniture and equipment		110,606	: <del></del>	3,532				114,138		
Total accumulated										
depreciation		248,428	-	5,392	-			253,820		
Capital assets, net	<u>\$</u>	56,776					\$	66,418		

When an asset is disposed of, the cost and the related accumulated depreciation of the asset are removed from the books. Any gain or loss on the disposition is reflected in the earnings for the period.

Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, was \$5,392 and \$5,548, respectively.

### **Net Position**

Net position consists of the following:

- a. Net investment in capital assets This component of net position consists of capital assets, including any restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at period end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as unspent proceeds.
- b. Restricted for working capital North Carolina Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission Rule [.0902] defines working capital as the total of cash, investments, and inventory less all unsecured liabilities. An ABC Board shall set its working capital requirements at not less than two weeks' average gross sales of the last fiscal year or greater than four months' average gross sales of the

last fiscal year. Average gross sales means gross receipts from the sale of alcoholic beverages less distributions required by State law [G.S. 18B-805 (b) (2), (3), and (4)].

c. Unrestricted net position - This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of *restricted* or *net investment in capital assets*.

### NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

### **Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations**

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the expenditures made exceeded the authorized appropriations made by the Board for profit distributions. The Board plans to implement review procedures in the future to insure compliance with approved appropriations.

### **NOTE 3 – PENSION PLAN OBLIGATIONS**

### Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description: The ABC Board is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G. S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided: LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

Contributions: Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The ABC Board employees are required to contribute six percent of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The ABC Board's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016, was 6.85% for general employees, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. The ABC Board does not employ any law enforcement officers. The ABC Board's contributions to LGERS for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, were \$7,874 and \$7,961, respectively.

Refunds of Contributions: Board employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By State law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the ABC Board reported a liability of \$6,687 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2014. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015, utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Board's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the Board's proportion was 0.00149%, which was an increase of 0.00008% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the Board recognized pension expense of \$4,646. At June 30, 2016, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ -	\$ 1,572
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,903
Changes in proportion and differences between Board contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions ABC Board's contributions subsequent to the	3,580	-
measurement date	7,874	<u> </u>
Total	<u>\$ 11,454</u>	\$ 3,475

\$7,874 reported at June 30, 2016, as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30,	
2017	\$ (1,169)
2018	(1,169)
2019	(1,172)
2020	3,615
2021	<b>=</b> 2
Thereafter	-

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability in the December 31, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	4.25 to 8.55 percent, including inflation and
	productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.25 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e., general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e., disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2014, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2005, through December 31, 2009.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2015, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	2.2%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.8%
Real Estate	8.0%	5.2%
Alternatives	8.0%	9.8%
Credit	7.0%	6.8%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	3.4%
Total	100.0%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2014 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the Board's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
Board's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 46,629	\$ 6,687	\$ (26,964)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

### **Death Benefits**

Montgomery Alcoholic Beverage Control Board has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the ABC Board, the ABC Board does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Board has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Board considers these contributions to be immaterial.

June 30, 2016 and 2015

For the year ended June 30, 2016, Montgomery Alcoholic Beverage Control Board made contributions to the State for death benefits of \$207. The Board's required contributions for employees not engaged in law enforcement represented 0.18% of covered payroll. The Board does not employ any law enforcement officers.

### **NOTE 4 – COMMITMENTS**

The ABC Board had no commitments at June 30, 2016, outside of the normal course of operations.

### NOTE 5 - LONG TERM DEBT AND LEASES

The ABC Board had no leases or long-term debt as of June 30, 2016 and 2015.

#### NOTE 6 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The ABC Board had no significant transactions involving related parties.

### **NOTE 7 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

No events have occurred from June 30, 2016, until the date of this report that would have a significant effect on the ABC Board's financial statements.

#### NOTE 8 – VACATION AND SICK LEAVE COMPENSATION

ABC Board employees may accumulate up to twenty-five days of earned vacation and such leave is fully vested when earned. Accumulated earned vacation was \$3,348 and \$2,012 at June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Employees can accumulate up to eight weeks of sick leave. Sick leave does not vest and cannot be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Board has no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

### **NOTE 9 – DISTRIBUTIONS OF INCOME**

The Board has made distributions since its inception in 1969 as follows:

	Current	lotal
	period	to date
Montgomery County	\$ 9,80	50 \$ 812,064
Town of Biscoe	3,92	23 280,964
Town of Candor	1,33	30 106,638
Town of Mount Gilead	3,10	280,458
Town of Star	1,38	37 121,709
Town of Troy	5,04	396,061
	\$ 24,65	<u>\$1,997.894</u>

S.L. 1969 - 145 requires the entire profit, after deducting amounts required for law enforcement and retaining proper working capital, be paid annually to the County and Towns.

### NOTE 10 – LAW ENFORCEMENT AND ALCOHOL EDUCATION EXPENSES

The ABC Board is required by law to expend at least 5% of its profits for law enforcement. The ABC Board is exempt, however, from the requirement that not less than 7% of its profits be expended for alcohol education. Profits are defined by law for these calculations as change in net position before law enforcement and educational expenses, less the 3.5% markup provided for in G.S. 18B-804 (b) (5) and the bottle charge provided for in G.S. 18B-804 (b) (6b).

		2016	2015		
Profit before distributions Less 3.5% tax and bottle charge	\$	29,079 (43,691)	\$	24,829 (41,156)	
Profit (loss) subject to expense percentages	<u>\$</u>	(14,612)	<u>\$</u>	(16,327)	
Law enforcement distributions - actual	\$	1,200	<u>\$</u>	1,100	
Percent of profit		- %	-	- %	

### NOTE 11 – DISBURSEMENT OF TAXES INCLUDED IN SELLING PRICE

A state excise tax, at the rate of 30%, on the retail (net sales) price is charged monthly on liquor sales (excluding wine sales). Transactions for this account for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, are summarized as follows:

	2016		2015		
Taxes payable at July l,	\$	24,346	\$	22,564	
Taxes collected during the period		324,388		305,233	
Taxes remitted to Department of Revenue during the period		(320,836)	_	(303,451)	
Taxes payable at June 30,	<u>\$</u>	27,898	\$	24,346	

The excise tax is computed in accordance with G.S. 18B-805 (i).

The accrued North Carolina excise tax at June 30, 2016 and 2015, was remitted to the North Carolina Department of Revenue in July, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

A bottle charge of one cent on each bottle containing 50 milliliters or less and five cents on each bottle containing more than 50 milliliters is collected and distributed monthly to the County commissioners for alcohol education and rehabilitation. Payments to the County for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, were based on the following bottle sales:

	2016	2015
Regular bottles	100,817 @ \$.05 =\$ 5,041	98,226 @ \$.05 =\$ 4,911
Mixed beverage bottles	3,152 @ \$.05 = 158	2,107 @ \$.05 = 105
Miniature bottles	64,979 @ \$.01 = 650 \$ 5,849	53,176 @ \$.01 = <u>531</u> <u>\$ 5,547</u>

A "mixed beverage tax" at the rate of \$20 per 4 liters is charged on the sale of liquor to be resold as mixed beverages. One-half of the mixed beverage tax is submitted monthly to the Department of Revenue. Five percent of the mixed beverage tax is submitted monthly to the Department of Human Resources.

The mixed beverage tax for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, was as follows:

	 2016		
Department of Revenue (50%)	\$ 5,913	\$	4,023
Department of Human Resources (5%)	591		402
Profit Retained (45%)	 5,323		3,619
Total	\$ 11,827	\$	8,044

#### NOTE 12 – SURCHARGE COLLECTED

The total amount of surcharge of \$12,710 and \$8,168 was collected for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. (The rate increased May 1, 2015, from 80 cents per case sold to \$1.40 per case sold.)

### NOTE 13 – LIQUOR SALES TAX

The total amount of sales tax collected by the ABC Board and remitted to the Department of Revenue for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, was \$98,781 and \$93,527, respectively. The current sales tax rate is 7%.

#### **NOTE 14 – RETAIL OUTLETS**

The ABC Board operates two retail outlets:

Store #1 - 509 E. Main Street; Biscoe, NC 27209

securities as CO: devides felde Subsolitus Deberhoots Co-bernay, Cober Sub-Se upod Coberns		2016		2015
Gross Sales	\$	1,094,304	\$ 1	,011,835
Gross Profit		271,896		252,454
Change in Net Position Before Profit Distributions		32,717		17,379
Store #2 - 202 North Wadesboro Blvd; Mt. Gilead, NC 273	306			
,		2016	9	2015
	•			

	-	2016	19	2015
Gross Sales	\$	385,315	\$	373,684
Gross Profit		97,048		92,483
Change in Net Position Before Profit Distributions		(4,838)		6,350

#### **NOTE 15 – WORKING CAPITAL**

The ABC Board is required by the Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission rule [.0902] to set its working capital requirements at not less than two weeks' average gross sales and not more than four months' average gross sales of the last fiscal year. (Gross sales are gross receipts from the sale of alcoholic beverages less distributions as defined in G.S. 18B-805 (b), (2), (3), and (4).)

The ABC Board's position on this requirement at June 30, 2016 and 2015, was as follows:

		2015		
Minimum requirement	\$	43,956	\$	41,166
Maximum allowable		380,960		356,772
Actual working capital		276,317		285,959

Montgomery ABC Board has met the working capital requirements at June 30, 2016 and 2015.

#### **NOTE 16 – RISK MANAGEMENT**

The ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The ABC Board has commercial property, general liability, workmen's compensation, and employee health coverage. The Board also has liquor legal liability.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

In accordance with G.S. 18B-700(i), each board member and the employees designated as the general manager and finance officer are bonded in the amount of \$50,000 secured by a corporate security.

### NOTE 17 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES/RESTATEMENT

The ABC Board implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27), in fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The implementation of the statement required the ABC Board to record beginning net pension liability and the effects on net position of contributions made by the ABC Board during the measurement period (fiscal year ended June 30, 2014). As a result, beginning net position decreased by \$8,861 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

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	REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
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# MONTGOMERY ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL BOARD REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) Last Three Fiscal Years\*

	2016	2015	2014
ABC Board's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.00149%	0.00141%	0.00150%
ABC Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 6,687	\$ (8,315)	\$ 18,081
ABC Board's covered-employee payroll	\$112,604	\$130,413	\$125,835
ABC Board's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	5.94%	6.38%	14.37%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ended June 30.

<sup>\*\*</sup> This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

# MONTGOMERY ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL BOARD REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS Last Three Fiscal Years

	3) 3)	2016	-	2015		2014
Contractually required contribution	\$	7,874	\$	7,961	\$	9,220
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		7,874	-	7,961	_	9,220
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	<u>\$</u>		\$	-
ABC Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1	14,955	\$ 1	12,604	\$ 1	30,413
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		6.85%		7.07%		7.07%

SUPPLEMENT	CARY INFOR	RMATION	24.2	

### MONTGOMERY ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL BOARD SCHEDULES OF STORE EXPENSES

Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	2016			2015	
Salaries	\$	179,466	\$	167,694	
Payroll taxes		14,609		14,255	
Pension expense		4,646		1,036	
Electricity		10,673		12,548	
Water		1,139		1,165	
Repairs and maintenance		26,409		17,228	
Computer maintenance		10,377		14,531	
Bags		3,428		4,420	
Unloading		1,445		945	
Supplies		1,438		2,807	
Credit card fees	×	11,463	-	10,964	
s	\$	265,093	\$	247,593	

# MONTGOMERY ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL BOARD SCHEDULES OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	<u> </u>	2016	 2015
Telephone	\$	3,042	\$ 3,083
Office supplies		2,260	3,003
Insurance and bonds		50,358	47,058
Travel		381	644
Board member fees		4,725	4,275
Licenses and special tax		-	457
Auditing and accounting		6,400	6,400
Dues, conventions, subscriptions, etc.		373	261
Miscellaneous		117	
Bank charges	-	2,035	2,027
	<u>\$</u>	69,691	\$ 67,208

# MONTGOMERY ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2016

				Variance with Final
	Original	Final		Positive
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES			* *************************************	× <del></del>
Operating revenues:				
Liquor sales	\$1,297,475	\$1,415,324	\$1,409,183	\$ (6,141)
Mixed beverage sales	41,000	66,919	70,436	3,517
Total	1,338,475	1,482,243	1,479,619	(2,624)
Nonoperating revenues: Interest income	175	307	311	4
TOTAL REVENUES	1,338,650	1,482,550	1,479,930	(2,620)
EXPENDITURES AND DISTRIBUTIONS				
Taxes based on revenue:				
State excise tax	289,860	324,410	324,388	22
Rehabilitation tax	5,670	6,395	5,849	546
Mixed beverage tax (Revenue)	5,700	6,400	5,913	487
Mixed beverage tax (Human Resources)	675	700	591	109
Total	301,905	337,905	336,741	1,164
Cost of goods sold	701,320	775,520	773,934	1,586
Store expenses:				
Salaries and wages	177,000	184,000	178,130	5,870
Payroll related expenses	23,500	23,400	22,483	917
Utilities	16,900	12,200	11,812	388
Repairs and maintenance	16,000	38,616	36,786	1,830
Bags and store supplies	8,000	6,200	4,866	1,334
Unloading	1,200	1,700	1,445	255
Credit card fees Total	11,500 254,100	11,500 277,616	11,463 266,985	10,631
Total	234,100	277,010	200,983	10,031
Administrative expenses:				
Telephone	3,100	3,100	3,042	58
Office supplies	2,500	2,500	2,260	240
Insurance and bonds	53,200	52,000	50,358	1,642
Accounting and legal fees	6,500	6,400	6,400	-
Bank charges	3,000	3,000	2,035	965
Board member fees	4,725	4,725	4,725	-
Travel	1,800 800	450 600	381 373	69 227
Dues, conventions, subscriptions Miscellaneous	2,000	600	373 117	227 (117)
Total	77,625	72,775	69,691	3,084
Total				

# MONTGOMERY ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Positive (Negative)
Capital outlay		15,034	15,034	
Distributions: Profit distribution - County and Towns Law enforcement Total	2,500 1,200 3,700	2,500 1,200 3,700	24,651 1,200 25,851	(22,151)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND DISTRIBUTIONS	_1,338,650	_1,482,550	_1,488,236	(5,686)
REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES AND DISTRIBUTIONS	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	\$ (8,306)	\$ (8,306)

### RECONCILIATION FROM BUDGETARY BASIS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL) TO FULL ACCRUAL:

Revenues under expenditures and	
distributions - Budgetary basis	\$ (8,306)
Reconciling items:	
Depreciation	(5,392)
Capital outlay	15,034
Deferred outflows of resources for contributions made to	
pension plan in current year	7,874
Pension expense	(4,646)
Increase in accrued vacation pay	(1,336)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ 3,228

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To the Board of Directors Montgomery Alcoholic Beverage Control Board Biscoe, North Carolina

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of Montgomery Alcoholic Beverage Control Board as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered Montgomery Alcoholic Beverage Control Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Montgomery Alcoholic Beverage Control Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Montgomery Alcoholic Beverage Control Board's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the following deficiency in internal control to be a material weakness.

The ABC Board currently has a lack of segregation of duties. The small number of personnel limits the degree of possible segregation of duties. Certain steps, however, can be taken to separate incompatible duties. The basic premise is that no one employee should have access to both physical assets and the related accounting records or to all phases of a transaction. Where duties cannot be segregated, we recommend increased involvement and oversight by the Board of Directors.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors of Montgomery Alcoholic Beverage Control Board, management, and others within the organization and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

g.B. Watron + Co., P.L.L.C.

August 30, 2016