TOWN OF BISCOE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners Town of Biscoe Biscoe, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Town of Biscoe, North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2001, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of Town of Biscoe's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Town of Biscoe, North Carolina as of June 30, 2001 and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund type for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements, taken as a whole. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

August 29, 2001

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TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINED BALANCE SHEET - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS June 30, 2001 With Comparative Totals June 30, 2000

ils June 30 2000	\$ 4,391,083 21,179 249,051 64,996 18,343 10,444 4,355,287	\$ 9,110,383	\$ 60,757 10,444 23,122	94,323	1,232,466 2,432,082 2,109,056	106,080 58,368 34,871	664,505 1,492,975 885,657	9,016,060	\$ 9,110,383
Totals (Memorandum Only) June 30 June 31 2000	\$ 4,103,496 38,406 140,682 62,032 30,842 9,809 4,753,663	\$ 9,138,930	\$ 142,609 9,809 39,728	192,146	1,196,241 2,714,800 2,141,458	90,581 61,097 39,520	734,925 1,573,387 394,775	8,946,784	\$ 9,138,930
Account Group General Fixed Assets	\$ - 2,714,800	\$2,714,800	€		2,714,800	111		2,714,800	\$2,714,800
Fiduciary Fund Types Trust	\$ 37,616	\$ 39,520	ω	1	1 1 1	39,520	.1 1 1	39,520	\$ 39,520
Proprietary Fund Types Enterprise	\$1,237,275 - 55,117 9,975 30,842 9,809 2,038,863	\$3,381,881	\$ 34,373 9,809	44,182	1,196,241 - 2,141,458	LIL	f. 1 I	3,337,699	\$3,381,881
Governmental Fund Types Special General Revenue	\$1,544,246	\$1,573,387	₩		1 (1	1 1 1	1,573,387	1,573,387	\$1,573,387
Governmenta	\$1,284,359 38,406 85,565 21,012	\$1,429,342	\$ 108,236 39,728	147,964	1 1 1	90,581	734,925	1,281,378	\$1,429,342
	ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS Cash and investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Accured interest receivable Inventories Restricted cash and investments Fixed assets, net	TOTAL ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS	LIABILITIES EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deposits Deferred revenues	TOTAL LIABILITIES	EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS Contributed capital (net) Investment in general fixed assets Retained earnings	Reserved by State statute Reserved for streets - Powell Bill Reserved for employees' pension benefits	Designated for subsequent years' expenditures Designated for capital projects Undesignated	TOTAL EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS	TOTAL LIABILITIES, EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

Exhibit B

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 With Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2000

			Tot	als
	Governmenta	I Fund Types		dum Only)
		Special	June 30	June 30
	General	Revenue	2001	2000
REVENUES				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 374,165	\$ -	\$ 374,165	\$ 401,136
Other taxes and licenses	213,046	-	213,046	185,601
Unrestricted intergovernmental	82		.	
revenues	261,910	= *	261,910	281,641
Restricted intergovernmental	0-00 10000 pt-00 € 100 - 10000 pt	92	n oder a street des Propheticités de l'ex-	
revenues	72,135	-	72,135	122,794
Sales and services	28,641	-	28,641	32,707
Investment earnings	70,245	80,412	150,657	148,761
Miscellaneous	28,773		28,773	20,978
TOTAL REVENUES	1,048,915	80,412	1,129,327	1,193,618
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	624,931		624,931	616,121
Public safety	440,757	_	440,757	382,562
Transportation	270,511	_	270,511	272,294
Cultural and recreational	145,948		145,948	87,477
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,482,147		1,482,147	1,358,454
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(433,232)	80,412	(352,820)	(164,836)
	2	Transmission - Common and Common	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of year, July 1, as restated	1,714,610	1,492,975	3,207,585	3,372,421
	September States and Control Management	9		
END OF YEAR, JUNE 30	\$1,281,378	<u>\$1,573,387</u>	<u>\$2,854,765</u>	<u>\$3,207,585</u>

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2001

	Variance favorable (Unfavorable)	(3,335) 55,546 1,740 13,135	15,157 22,273	119,557	154,194 39,093 44,889 23,152	261,328	380,885	(733,705)	\$ (352,820)		
Totals (Memorandum Only)	Y fav Actual (Unf	\$ 374,165 \$ 213,046 261,910 72,135 28 641	150,657 28,773	1,129,327	624,931 440,757 270,511 145,948	1,482,147	(352,820)	-	(352,820)	3,207,585	\$2,854,765
(Men	Budget	\$ 377,500 \$ 157,500 \$ 260,170 \$ 59,000	135,500	1,009,770	779,125 479,850 315,400 169,100	1,743,475	(733,705)	733,705	-		\
Fund	Variance favorable (Unfavorable)		5,412	5,412	75,000	75,000	80,412	1	\$80,412		
Special Revenue Fund	Actual		80,412	80,412	1111		80,412	1	80,412	1,492,975	\$1,573,387
Spe	Budget		75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000	Ĭ	•	<i>₩</i>	â	
	Variance favorable (Unfavorable)	\$ (3,335) 55,546 1,740 13,135	9,745	114,145	79,194 39,093 44,889 23,152	186,328	300,473	(733,705)	\$(433,232)		
General Fund	Actual	\$ 374,165 213,046 261,910 72,135 28,641	70,245	1,048,915	624,931 440,757 270,511 145,948	1,482,147	(433,232)		(433,232)	1,714,610	\$1,281,378
	Budget	\$ 377,500 157,500 260,170 59,000 13,600	60,500	934,770	704,125 479,850 315,400 169,100	1,668,475	(733,705)	733,705	9		
	REVEN	Ad valorem taxes Ad valorem taxes Other taxes and licenses Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues Restricted intergovernmental revenues Sales and services	Investment earnings Miscellaneous	IOIAL KEVENUES EXPENDITURES Current:	General government Public safety Transportation Cultural and recreational	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	Revenues over (under) expenditures	Appropriated fund balance	Revenues and appropriated fund balance over (under) expenditures	FUND BALANCE Beginning of year, July 1, as restated	END OF YEAR, JUNE 30

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN
RETAINED EARNINGS - PROPRIETARY FUND
WATER AND SEWER FUND
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001
With Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2000

Exhibit D

		June 30, 2001	June 30, 2000
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	8	\$ 517,188	\$ 562,360
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		517,188	562,360
OPERATING EXPENSES Water and sewer department Depreciation		498,444 97,750	483,506 92,179
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		596,194	575,685
OPERATING LOSS		(79,006)	(13,325)
NONOPERATING REVENUES Interest earned on investments Tax refunds Local option sales tax (1/2 cents)		63,174 10,286	64,544 5,105 19,708
Miscellaneous revenue		1,723	6,141
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES		75,183	95,498
	NET INCOME (LOSS)	(3,823)	82,173
ADD DEPRECIATION ON CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL		36,225	36,225
INCREASE IN RETAINED EARNINGS		32,402	118,398
RETAINED EARNINGS, JULY 1, AS RESTATED		2,109,056	1,990,658
	RETAINED EARNINGS, JUNE 30	\$ 2,141,458	\$ 2,109,056

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND WATER AND SEWER FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

Exhibit E

With Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2000

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers/contributions Cash paid for goods and services Cash paid to employees Net (decrease) customer deposits NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	June 30, 2001 \$ 647,411 (422,151) (94,208) (635) 130,417	June 30, 2000 \$ 419,656 (459,606) (82,491) (374) (122,815)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets Miscellaneous non-operating revenue 1/2 cent local option sales tax Tax refunds NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(213,408) 1,723 - 10,286 (201,399)	(149,486) 6,141 19,708 5,105 (118,532)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investments NET DECREASE IN CASH	66,853 (4,129)	<u>63,280</u> (178,067)
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR CASH AT END OF YEAR		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Change in assets and liabilities:	\$ (79,006) 97,750	\$ (13,325) 92,179
(Increase) decrease in: Accounts receivable Inventory Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable Customer deposits Total adjustments NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	130,223 (12,499) (5,416) (635) 209,423	(142,704) (1,442) (57,149) (374) (109,490) \$ (122,815)

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS PENSION TRUST FUND For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2001 and 2000

Exhibit F

		June 30, 2001	June 30, 2000
ADDITIONS Employer contributions Interest income		\$ 2,500 2,149	\$ 2,500 1,700
	TOTAL ADDITIONS	4,649	4,200
DEDUCTIONS			
	NET INCREASE	4,649	4,200
FUND BALANCE RESERVED FOR EMPLOYEE'S PENSION BENEFITS			
Beginning of year		34,871	30,671
End of year		\$ 39.520	\$ 34 871

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Biscoe conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

The Town of Biscoe is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the Town includes any component unit for which it is financially accountable. For the year ended June 30, 2001, no component units were included in the financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Town are organized and operated on the basis of funds and account groups. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts comprised of assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses as appropriate. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The account groups are not funds but are a reporting device used to account for certain assets and liabilities of the governmental funds that are not recorded directly in those funds.

The Town uses the following fund categories (further divided by fund type) and account groups:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS are used to account for the Town's governmental functions. Governmental Funds include the following fund types:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes and State-shared revenues. The primary expenditures are for public safety, streets and highways, and general government services.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> - Special Revenue Funds account for specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Town maintains one Special Revenue Fund, the Capital Reserve Fund.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS include the following fund type:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Town of Biscoe has one Enterprise Fund - the Water and Sewer Fund.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary Funds account for the assets held by the Town in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. Fiduciary funds include the following fund:

Pension Trust Fund - The Town has a Pension Trust Fund, the Special Separation Allowance Fund, that accounts for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance, a single-employer, public employee retirement system.

ACCOUNT GROUPS

General Fixed Assets Account Group - This group of accounts is used to account for all fixed assets of the Town, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing uses) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The proprietary funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund type equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Operating statements for these funds present increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in net total assets. As required for periods beginning after June 15, 2000 by Statement 33 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions, the Board has begun recognizing capital contributions as revenue in the current year rather than contributed capital. There were no additions for the year ended June 30, 2001.

The basis of accounting determines when the revenues and expenditures or expenses and the related assets and liabilities are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental fund types are presented in the financial statements on this same basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable" and "available") to pay the liabilities of the current period. In addition, expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgements, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

The Town recognizes assets of nonexchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized on the modified accrual basis of accounting when they are measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions occur when one government provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the subsequent year. Also, as of January 1, 1993, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, Montgomery County is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts in the County, including the Town of Biscoe. For motor vehicles registered under the staggered system, property taxes are due the first day of the fourth month after the vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they become due. Therefore, the Town's vehicle taxes for vehicles registered in Montgomery County from March 2000 through February 2001 apply to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001. Uncollected taxes which were billed during this period are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred revenues. Those taxes for vehicles registered from March 1 through the fiscal year-end apply to the 2001-2002 fiscal year and are not shown as receivables at June 30, 2001. For vehicles registered under the annual system, taxes are due on May 1 of each year. For those vehicles registered and billed under the annual system, uncollected taxes are reported as a receivable on the financial statements and are offset by deferred revenues because the due date and the date upon which interest begins to accrue passed prior to June 30. The taxes for vehicles registered annually that have already been collected as of year-end are also reflected as deferred revenues at June 30, 2001 because they are intended to finance the Town's operations during the 2001-2002 fiscal year.

Sales taxes collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as deferred revenues. On-behalf of payments made by the State to the Firemen's and Rescue Squad Worker's Pension Plan for volunteer firemen, as well as employees of the Town, are recognized as revenues and expenditures during the period in which the State makes the contributions to the plan. Also, the State's contributions to the Firemen's Relief Fund, which have been spent by the local board of trustees for various salary supplements and stipends for employees and volunteers, have been recognized as revenues and expenditures during the period in which those payments were received.

Proprietary funds and the Pension Trust Fund are presented in the financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when earned and expenses are recognized in the period when incurred. As permitted by generally accepted accounting principles, the Town has elected to apply only applicable FASB Statements and Interpretations issued before November 30, 1989 in its accounting and reporting practices for its proprietary operations and Pension Trust Fund.

D. <u>Budgetary Data</u>

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, Capital Reserve Fund, and the Enterprise Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. The Town Finance Officer is authorized to transfer appropriations between functional areas within a fund up to \$1,000; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund or that changes functional appropriations by more than \$1,000 must be approved by the governing board. During the year several amendments to the original budget were necessary, the effects of which were not material.

A budget calendar is included in the North Carolina General Statutes which prescribes the last day on which certain steps of that budget procedure are to be performed. The following schedule lists the tasks to be performed and the date by which each is required to be completed.

- April 30 Each department head will transmit to the budget officer the budget requests and the revenue estimates for their department for the budget year.
- June 1 The budget and the budget message shall be submitted to the governing board. The public hearing on the budget shall be scheduled at this time.
- July 1 The budget ordinance shall be adopted by the governing board.

F. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

Deposits and Investments

1. Deposits

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law (G.S. 159-31). The Town may designate as an official depository any bank or savings and loan association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law (G.S. 159-30(c)) authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and banker's acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust, (NCCMT).

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected.

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a), ad valorem taxes are levied on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year and are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. The taxes levied are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2000. As allowed by state law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes which are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

Inventories

Inventories are maintained for all enterprise fund supplies. They are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The cost of these inventories are recorded as an expense when the inventory is purchased.

Fixed Assets

General fixed assets are recorded at original cost. Donated assets are listed at the market value at the time of donation. The original cost of certain items acquired before July 1, 1970, are recorded at an estimated original cost. The total of such estimates is not considered large enough that errors would be material when the fixed assets are considered as a whole.

It is the Town's policy not to capitalize infrastructure type assets. Infrastructure, or public domain assets include roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, street and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems. Such assets are immovable and of value only to the Town.

Enterprise fixed assets are recorded at original cost at the time of acquisition. Property, plant and equipment donated to the enterprise fund are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Plant assets are depreciated on a composite straight-line basis for the entire plant regardless of year of acquisition, at a 2.5% annual rate. In the composite rate, gain or loss on dispositions is not calculated except in extraordinary circumstances. Other assets are depreciated on a class life basis at the following rates:

Furniture and office equipment	10%
Maintenance and construction equipment	10%
Medium and heavy motor vehicles	20%
Automobiles and light trucks	20%

8. Fund Equity

Reservations or restrictions of equity represent amounts that cannot be appropriated or are legally segregated for a specific purpose. Designations of equity represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

State law (G.S. 159-13(b)(16)) restricts appropriation of fund balance or fund equity for the subsequent year's budget to an amount not to exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts as these amounts stand at the close of the fiscal year preceding the budget year.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Reserved

Reserved by State statute - portion of fund balance <u>not</u> available for appropriation under State law (G.S. 159-8(a)). This amount is usually comprised of receivables and interfund receivables which have not been offset by deferred revenues.

Reserved for streets - Powell Bill - portion of fund balance available for appropriation but legally segregated for street construction and maintenance expenditures. It represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Unreserved

Designated for subsequent year's expenditures - portion of total fund balance available for appropriation which has been designated for the adopted 2001-2002 budget ordinance.

Designated for Capital Projects - portion of fund balance available for appropriation which has been designated for Capital Projects.

Undesignated - portion of total fund balance available for appropriation which is uncommitted at year-end.

G. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

1. Other Resources

The General Fund provides the basis of local resources for other governmental funds. These transactions are recorded as "Operating transfers-out" in the General Fund and "Operating transfers-in" to the receiving fund.

2. Compensated Absences

The policies of the Town provide for no accumulation of earned vacation as of June 30, 2001.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for a maximum of 90 days of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2001

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. Total (Memorandum Only) Columns

The total columns on the accompanying financial statements are captioned as "Total (Memorandum Only)" because they do not represent consolidated financial information and are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. The columns do not present information that reflects financial position, results of operations, or cash flows in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

- A. <u>Material Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions</u>
- 1. Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

Expenditures of on-behalf payments are not considered to be violations of state statute budget requirements (see Note III, D).

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

At June 30, 2001, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$4,111,209 and a bank balance of \$4,154,548. Of the bank balance, \$200,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$3,954,548 was covered by collateral held by authorized escrow agents in the name of the Town.

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2001

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

2. Receivables – Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in Exhibit A, the Combined Balance Sheet, are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

Fund

June 30, 2001

Proprietary Funds Accounts receivable

\$13,000

3. Fixed Assets

Changes in General Fixed Assets

A summary of changes in the Town's general fixed assets is as follows:

	General fixed assets 7-1-00	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	General fixed assets 6-30-01
By asset type: Land and buildings Equipment Vehicles and motorized	\$1,727,535 302,943	\$225,467 41,147	\$ - 2,567	\$ - -	\$ 1,953,002 341,523
equipment	401,604	21,671	3,000		420,275
	\$2,432,082	\$288,285	\$ 5,567	\$	\$ 2,714,800
By function: General government Public safety Street and sanitation Cultural and recreational	\$1,774,896 503,561 83,823	\$235,890 40,529 8,625	\$ - 5,567 -	\$ (9,330) (1,000)	\$ 2,001,456 537,523 92,448
recreational	69,802	3,241		10,330	83,373
	\$2,432,082	<u>\$288,285</u>	<u>\$ 5,567</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 2,714,800
Reconciliation of additions: Capital outlay expenditures Items under capitalization thresho	bld	\$291,586 (3,301)			
		<u>\$288,285</u>			

4. Proprietary Fund Fixed Assets

The fixed assets of the Enterprise Fund at June 30, 2001 are composed as follows:

Water and Sewer Fund	Fixed assets	Accumulated depreciation	Net
Plant and distribution systems Furniture and maintenance equipment Vehicles	\$3,041,270 217,716 <u>93,709</u>	\$ 1,189,084 58,537 66,211	\$ 1,852,186 159,179 27,498
	<u>\$3,352,695</u>	\$ 1,313,832	\$ 2,038,863

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town of Biscoe contributes to the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina LGERS provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 3512 Bush Street, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute six percent of their covered salary. The Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. For the Town, the rate for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers is 10.29% and 10.12%, respectively, of annual covered payroll for the year ending June 30, 2001. The contribution requirements of member of the Town of Biscoe is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town's contributions to LGERS for years ended June 30, 2001, 2000, and 1999 were \$43,325, \$36,159 and \$33,404, respectively. The contributions made by the Town equaled the required contributions for each year.

b. <u>Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance</u>

Plan Description

The Town of Biscoe administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer retirement defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Separation Allowance is reported in the Town's report as a pension trust fund.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation allowance. At December 31, 2000, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	0
Terminated plan members entitled	
to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active plan members	9
	_
Total	9

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. Financial statements for the Separation Allowance are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and when the Town has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments. Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term debt, deposits, repurchase agreements, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust investments are reported at cost or amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Certain longer term United States Government and United States Agency securities are valued at the last reported sales price.

Contributions

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned by making contributions based on actuarial valuations. For the current year, the Town contributed \$2,500, or 1.16% of annual covered payroll. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administrative costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings.

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the December 31, 2000 actuarial valuation using the aggregate method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.25% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and (b) projected salary increases of 5.9% – 9.8% per year. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.75%. The assumptions did not include postretirement benefit increases. The actuarial value of assets was determined using the market value of investments. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level dollar of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2000 was 30 years.

At June 30, 2001, the Town's total contributions to the Separation Allowance equaled \$28,506.

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

<u>Plan Description</u> The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

<u>Funding Policy</u> Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2001 were \$21,441, which consisted of \$15,281 from the Town and \$6,160 from the law enforcement officers.

d. Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund

<u>Plan Description</u>. The State of North Carolina contributes, on behalf of the Town of Biscoe, to the Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund (Fund), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation administered by the State of North Carolina. The Fund provides pension benefits for eligible fire and rescue squad workers that have elected to become members of the fund. Article 86 of G.S. Chapter 58 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 3512 Bush Street, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

<u>Funding Policy</u>. Plan members are required to contribute \$10 per month to the Fund which is paid by the Town. The State, a nonemployer contributor, funds the plan through appropriations. Contribution requirements of plan members and the State of North Carolina are established and may be amended by North Carolina General Assembly.

e. Postemployment Benefits

At retirement, all employees have the option to purchase basic medical insurance at the Town's group rate. The entire cost of this insurance is borne by the employees.

The Town has also elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multipleemployer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$20,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll, based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. Because the benefit payments are made by the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, the Town made contributions to the State for death benefits of \$300. The Town's required contributions for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers represented 0% and .14% of covered payroll, respectively. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the postemployment benefit amount and the other benefit amount.

2. Deferred Revenues

The balance in deferred revenues at year-end is composed of the following elements:

	General Fund		
Prepaid taxes not yet earned Taxes receivable	\$ 1,322 <u>38,406</u>		
Total deferred revenues	\$_39,728		

3. Commitments

The Town had a commitment of approximately \$124,000 for the construction of a police building and renovation of the municipal building. This project is being funded by the Town.

Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, worker's compensation coverage up to the statutory limits, and employee health coverage up to \$1 million lifetime limit. The pools are reinsured through commercial companies for single occurrence claims against general liability, auto liability and property liability in excess of \$500,000, and \$300,000 statutory limits for workers' compensation. The pools are reinsured for annual employee health claims in excess of \$150,000. The property liability pool has an aggregate limit for the total property losses in a single year, with the reinsurance limit based upon a percentage of the total insurance values.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

5. Long-term Debt

At June 30, 2001, the Town had a legal debt margin of approximately \$6,788,902.

C. <u>Fund Equity</u>

Enterprise Fund - Contributed Capital

Grants, entitlements, and shared revenues restricted for the acquisition or construction of capital assets are recorded as contributed capital. The Town utilizes an option allowed under NCGA Statement 2 for the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings (Exhibit D) whereby it closes depreciation expense on assets acquired or constructed through grants, entitlements, or shared revenues to the contributed capital account rather than to retained earnings.

The following is a summary of the changes in contributed capital of the Town of Biscoe for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001:

	State	Local	Total
Contributed capital, 7/1/00	\$431,684	\$800,782	\$ 1,232,466
Less: amortization	_(13,345)	_(22,880)	(36,225)
Contributed capital, 6/30/01	<u>\$418,339</u>	\$777,902	\$ 1,196,241

D. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

On-behalf of payments for Fringe Benefits and Salaries

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, the Town of Biscoe recognized on-behalf of payments for pension contributions made by the State as a revenue and an expenditure of \$10,440 for the 30 volunteer firemen and one employed fireman who perform firefighting duties for the Town's fire department. The volunteers and employees elected to be members of the Firemen and Rescue Squad Worker's Pension Fund, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system established and administered by the State of North Carolina. The plan is funded by a \$10 monthly contribution paid by each member, investment income, and a State appropriation.

IV. JOINT VENTURE

The Town participates in a joint venture to operate the Montgomery Municipal Board of Alcoholic Beverage Control with four other local governments. Each participating government appoints one board member to the five-member ABC board. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the Montgomery municipal Board of Alcoholic Beverage Control, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2001. Complete financial statements for the Montgomery Municipal Board of Alcoholic Beverage can be obtained at the ABC's offices at P. O. Box 279, Biscoe, NC 27209.

V. SIGNIFICANT TAXPAYER

The Town, a political subdivision of Montgomery County, North Carolina, is located near the center of the State. It has one taxpayer that comprises approximately 13.4% of its total tax levy. If this taxpayer were to leave its present location, it would materially affect the financial situation of the Town.

VI. RECLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2000 financial statements to conform with the 2001 financial statement presentation. Such reclassifications have had no effect on the change in net assets as previously reported.

VII. CORRECTION OF ERROR

In the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 1999, an error was made in accounting for accrued interest receivable in the general fund, special revenue fund and enterprise fund. This error has been corrected and has had the following effect on the beginning fund balance as of July 1, 1999:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Enterprise Fund
Beginning fund balance, as previously stated	\$ 1,977,977	\$ 1,444,106	\$ 2,003,984
Adjustment of accrued interest receivable	(21,299)	(28,363)	(13,326)
Beginning fund balance, as restated	<u>\$ 1,956,678</u>	\$ 1,415,743	\$ 1,990,658

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial valuation date	Actuarial value of assets (a)	Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) projected unit credit (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b – a)	Funded ratio (a/b)	Covered payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of covered payroll _((b – a)/c)
12-31-98*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
12-31-99*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
12-31-00	\$ 37,616	\$ 54,666	\$17,050	68.81%	\$ 203,443	8.38%

^{*}N/A denotes a year in which no actuarial study was performed.

Statement 2

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Year ended June 30	Annual required contribution	Percentage contributed
1999	\$ 2,044	122%
2000*	N/A	N/A
2001*	N/A	N/A

^{*}N/A denotes a year in which no actuarial study was performed.

Statement 3

N/A

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SCHEDULES

Cost of living adjustments

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation date	12-31-00
Actuarial cost method	Projected unit credit
Amortization method	Level dollar closed
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	Market value
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.25%
Projected salary increases	5.9 - 9.8%
Includes inflation at	3.75%

INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		*
	June 30,	June 30,
	2001	2000
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$1.284.250	£4.050.740
Taxes receivable	\$1,284,359 38,406	\$1,652,740
Accounts receivable	85,565	21,179 63,711
Accrued interest receivable	21,012	21,070
W .	\$1,429,342	\$1,758,700
LIADII ITIES AND FUND DALANCE		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 108.236	0 00000
Deferred revenues	+,	\$ 20,968
Total liabilities	<u>39,728</u> 147,964	23,122
	147,304	44,090
FUND BALANCE		
Reserved by State statute	144,983	106,080
Reserved for streets - Powell Bill	61,097	58,368
Unreserved		£ 6
Designated for subsequent year's expenditures	734,925	664,505
Undesignated, as restated Total fund balance	340,373	885,657
Total fully palatice	1,281,378	_1,714,610
	\$1,429,342	\$1,758,700

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

Statement 5 Page 1 of 3

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

		(2001		2000
REVENUES		Budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)	Actual
Ad valorem taxes					
Taxes			\$ 372,805		\$ 399,399
Penalties and interes	st		1,360		1,737
		\$ 377,500	374,165	\$ (3,335)	401,136
Other taxes and license	es				
ABC mixed beverage	To (T)		4,374		3,645
Local option sales ta	IX	*	204,200		177,992
Cablevision franchis	e tax		4,142		3,964
Other taxes			330		-
		157,500	213,046	55,546	185,601
Unrestricted intergovern					
Inventory tax reimbu			31,992		32,236
Intangibles tax reimb			9,968		10,597
	ption reimbursement		1,171		1,171
Franchise tax			195,261		221,772
Beer and wine Grant funds			7,284		7,130
Tax refunds			7,979		-
rax returnus		260 470	8,255	4.740	8,735
		260,170	261,910	1,740	281,641
Restricted intergovernm FEMA Grant	nental revenues				
"State Street-Aid" all	ocation		-		49,969
On-behalf of paymer			61,695		59,171
on bondin or paymer	its-inc	59,000	10,440 72,135	13,135	13,654
				13,133	122,794
Sales and service Cemetery lots			7.072		7.500
Park fees and conce	ssions		7,973 19,078		7,520
Tennis courts and so			1,590		19,416 5,771
	Tradit Hold	13,600	28,641	15,041	32,707
Investment earnings		60,500	70,245	9,745	71,529
×			10,210	<u> </u>	11,020
Miscellaneous			0 - 100 miles		
Sale of fixed assets Other			1,400		4,000
Outer		6 500	27,373	00.070	16,978
		6,500	28,773	22,273	20,978
²⁰ 2	TOTAL REVENUES	934,770	1,048,915	114,145	1,116,386

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

Statement 5 Page 2 of 3

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

		2001		2000
EXPENDITURES	Budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)	Actual
General government Governing body Salaries and employee benefits		\$ 12,600		\$ 12,600
Operating expenditures	\$ 15,100	256 12,856	\$ 2,244	1,876 14,476
Administration Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay	200 005	112,242 136,446 32,020		94,117 86,024 335,384
	283,025	280,708	2,317	515,525
Legal and professional services Operating expenditures	48,500	20,179	28,321	39,412
Public buildings and grounds Operating expenditures Capital outlay	257 500	96,676 214,512	10.010	43,608 3,100
	357,500	311,188	46,312	46,708
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	704,125	624,931	<u>79,194</u>	616,121
Public safety Police department Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay	400,350	291,268 37,611 33,630 362,509	37,841	231,447 33,739 25,205 290,391
Fire department Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay	79,500	25,763 31,846 10,199 67,808	11,692	4 35,181 <u>43,332</u> 78,517
On behalf of payments	<u>=</u>	10,440	(10,440)	13,654
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	479,850	440,757	39,093	382,562

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

Statement 5 Page 3 of 3

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

	·	2001		2000
			Variance favorable	
EVPENDITURES (Occurs to	Budget	Actual	(unfavorable)	Actual
EXPENDITURES (Continued) Transportation				
Street repair and maintenance				
Salaries and employee benefits		\$ 82,867		\$ 83,455
Operating expenditures		126,840		144,892
Capital outlay	A	1,225		26,343
	\$ 227,400	210,932	\$ 16,468	254,690
Powell Bill			181	
Operating expenditures		54,107		15,263
Sidewalk construction	-	5,472		2,341
	88,000	59,579	28,421	17,604
TOTAL TRANSPORTATION	315,400	270,511	44,889	272,294
Cultural and recreational Recreation				
Salaries and employee benefits		32,795		00.000
Operating expenditures		113,153		26,832 60,645
TOTAL OUR TURN.				
TOTAL CULTURAL AND RECREATIONAL	169,100	145,948	23,152	87,477
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,668,475	1,482,147	186,328	1,358,454
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES	(733,705)	(433,232)	300,473	(242,068)
Appropriated fund balance	733,705		(722 705)	
Tippi opriation failed balletion	733,703		(733,705)	
REVENUES AND APPROPRIATED FUND	•			
BALANCE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	(433,232)	<u>\$ (433,232)</u>	(242,068)
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of Year, July 1, as restated		1,714,610		1,956,678
				S S
END OF YEAR, June 30		<u>\$ 1,281,378</u>		<u>\$ 1,714,610</u>

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA CAPITAL RESERVE FUND

Statement 6

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

		2001		
REVENUES	Budget_	Actual	Variance favorable (<u>unfavorable</u>)	Actual
Investment earnings	\$ 75,000	\$ 80,412	\$ 5,412	\$ 77,232
TOTAL REVENUES	75,000	80,412	5,412	77,232
EXPENDITURES Water/sewer projects Building and equipment	50,000 25,000		50,000 25,000	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	75,000		75,000	
Revenues over expenditures	\$	80,412	\$80,412	77,232
Fund balance Beginning of year, as restated		1,492,975		1,415,743
END OF YEAR		\$ 1,573,387		<u>\$ 1,492,975</u>

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

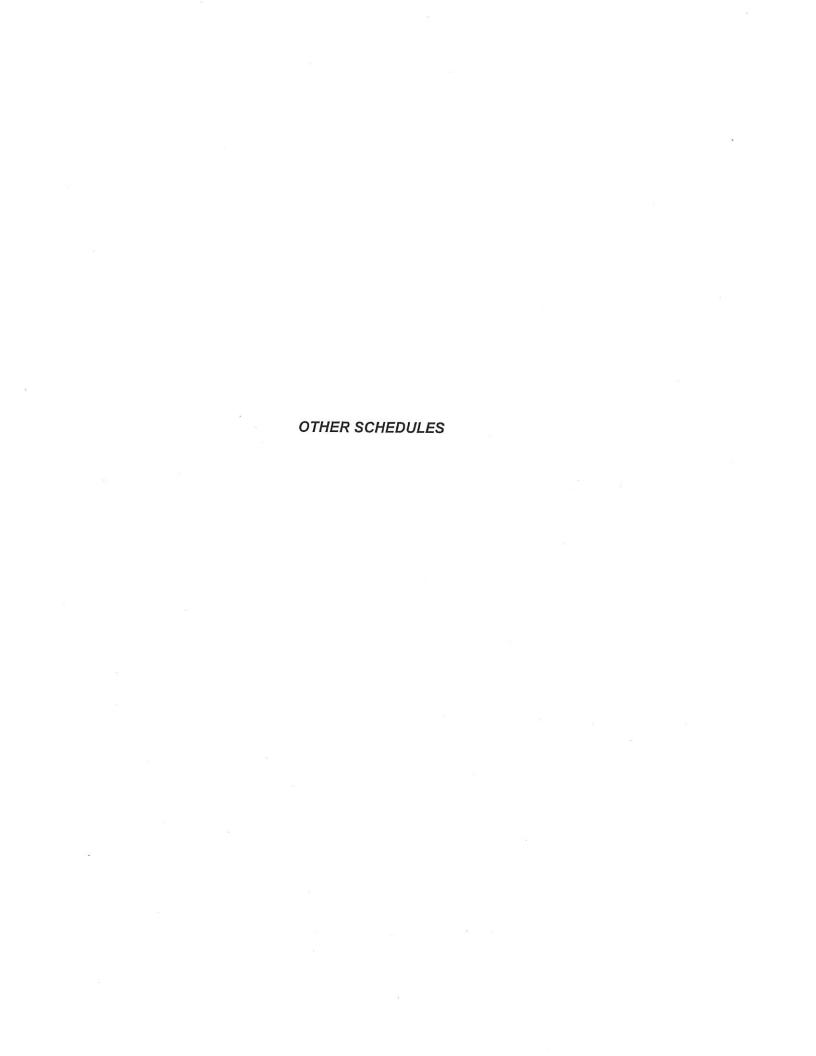
Statement 7 Page 1 of 2

		2001		2000
	Budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)	Actual
REVENUES Operating revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 405,000	\$ 517,188	\$ 112,188	\$ 562,360
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	405,000	517,188	112,188	562,360
Nonoperating revenues: Investment earnings Tax refunds Local option sales tax Miscellaneous non-operating revenue		63,174 10,286 - 		64,544 5,105 19,708 6,141
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES	88,500	75,183	(13,317)	95,498
TOTAL REVENUES	493,500	592,371	98,871	657,858
EXPENDITURES Water and sewer department Salaries and employee				
benefits Operating expenditures Water purchased Capital outlay		94,315 171,523 232,606 213,408		83,888 161,370 238,248 149,486
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENDITURES	773,100	_711,852	61,248	632,992
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	773,100	711,852	61,248	632,992
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(279,600)	(119,481)	160,119	24,866
Appropriated retained earnings	279,600	-	279,600	= o
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ <u>-</u>	<u>\$(119,481</u>)	<u>\$(119,481</u>)	<u>\$ 24,866</u>

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

Statement 7 Page 2 of 2

		2001 Actual	2000 Actual
Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrual basis:		_	
Excess of revenues, other financing and appropriated retained earnings over expenditures (Continued)		\$(119,481)	\$ 24,866
Depreciation		(97,750)	(92,179)
Capital outlay		_213,408	149,486
	NET INCOME (LOSS) - EXHIBIT D	\$ (3,823)	\$ 82,173



TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE June 30, 2001

<u>Fiscal year</u>	Uncollected balance June 30, 2000	Additions	Collections and credits	Uncollected balance June 30, 2001
2000-2001	\$ -	\$ 390,361	\$ (364,702)	\$ 25,659
1999-2000	10,936	-	(7,274)	3,662
1998-1999	3,246		(408)	2,838
1997-1998	1,345	7-	(188)	1,157
1996-1997	849	-	(32)	817
1995-1996	1,350	-	(53)	1,297
1994-1995	1,060	-	: -	1,060
1993-1994	706	-	(32)	674
1992-1993	417	-	7 -	417
1991-1992	825	-		825
1990-1991	445		(445)	
	\$ 21,179	\$ 390,361	\$ (373,134)	\$38,406
Reconciliation with revenues:				
Taxes - ad valorem - General Fund		\$ 374,165		
Reconciling items: Interest collected Taxes written off Discounts allowed Other adjustments		(1,360) 445 1,225 (1,341)		
Total collections and credits		<u>\$ 373,134</u>		

				Total	evy
	Total property valuation	Rate	Amount of levy	Property excluding registered motor vehicles	Registered motor vehicles
Original Levy:					
Property taxed at current year's rate Property taxed at prior year's rate	\$82,110,891 3,041,802	\$.46 .46	\$ 377,710 13,992	\$ 345,212 	\$ 32,498 13,992
TOTAL	85,152,693		391,702	345,212	46,490
Discoveries:					
Current year taxes	20,300	.46	93	93	-
Abatements	(311,717)	.46	(1,434)	(345)	(1,089)
Total property valuation	\$84,861,276				
Net levy			390,361	344,960	45,401
Uncollected taxes			25,659	18,050	7,609
Current years taxes collected			\$ 364,702	<u>\$ 326,910</u>	\$ 37,792
Current levy collection percentage			93.43%	94.77%	<u>83.24%</u>

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TOWN OF BISCOE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA

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TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners Town of Biscoe Biscoe, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Town of Biscoe, North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2001, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of Town of Biscoe's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Town of Biscoe, North Carolina as of June 30, 2001 and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund type for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements, taken as a whole. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

August 29, 2001

Sexon Odom PLLC

A member of Moores Rowland International

An association of independent accounting firms throughout the world.

130 Turnberry Way P.O. Box 1655 Southern Pines, NC 28388-1655 910-692-8555, Fax 910-692-4906

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINED BALANCE SHEET - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS June 30, 2001 With Comparative Totals June 30, 2000

Totals (Memorandum Only) ne 30 June 30 001 2000	\$ 4,391,083 21,179 249,051 64,996 18,343 10,444 4,355,287	\$ 9,110,383	\$ 60,757 10,444 23,122	94,323	1,232,466 2,432,082 2,109,056	106,080 58,368 34,871	664,505 1,492,975 885,657	9,016,060	\$ 9,110,383
Totals (Memorandu June 30 2001	\$ 4,103,496 38,406 140,682 62,032 30,842 9,809 4,753,663	\$ 9,138,930	\$ 142,609 9,809 39,728	192,146	1,196,241 2,714,800 2,141,458	90,581 61,097 39,520	734,925 1,573,387 394,775	8,946,784	\$ 9,138,930
Account Group General Fixed Assets	2,714,800	\$2,714,800	ω	1	2,714,800	111	i ii i	2,714,800	\$2,714,800
Fiduciary Fund Types Trust	\$ 37,616	\$ 39,520	↔		111	39,520	1 1 1	39,520	\$ 39,520
Proprietary Fund Types Enterprise	\$1,237,275 - 55,117 9,975 30,842 9,809 2,038,863	\$3,381,881	\$ 34,373	44,182	1,196,241 - 2,141,458	1 1 1	1 1 1	3,337,699	\$3,381,881
Governmental Fund Types Special General Revenue	\$1,544,246 - 29,141	\$1,573,387	€	1	117,	111	1,573,387	1,573,387	\$1,573,387
Governmenta	\$1,284,359 38,406 85,565 21,012	\$1,429,342	\$ 108,236 - 39,728	147,964	1 1 1	90,581	734,925	1,281,378	\$1,429,342
	ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS Cash and investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable Inventories Restricted cash and investments Fixed assets, net	TOTAL ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS	LIABILITIES EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deposits Deferred revenues	TOTAL LIABILITIES	EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS Contributed capital (net) Investment in general fixed assets Retained earnings	Reserved by State statute Reserved for streets - Powell Bill Reserved for employees' pension benefits	Designated for subsequent years' expenditures Designated for capital projects Undesignated	. TOTAL EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS	TOTAL LIABILITIES, EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

With Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2000

Exhibit B

	Governmenta	al Fund Types		dum Only)
	General	Special Revenue	June 30 2001	June 30 2000
REVENUES Ad valorem taxes	\$ 374,165	Ф.	0.074.405	
Other taxes and licenses Unrestricted intergovernmental	213,046	\$ - -	\$ 374,165 213,046	\$ 401,136 185,601
revenues Restricted intergovernmental	261,910		261,910	281,641
revenues	72,135	-	72,135	122,794
Sales and services	28,641		28,641	32,707
Investment earnings	70,245	80,412	150,657	148,761
Miscellaneous	28,773		28,773	20,978
TOTAL REVENUES	1,048,915	80,412	1,129,327	1,193,618
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government	624,931		624,931	616,121
Public safety	440,757		440,757	382,562
Transportation	270,511	2 0	270,511	272,294
Cultural and recreational	145,948	-	145,948	87,477
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,482,147		1,482,147	_1,358,454
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(433,232)	80,412	(352,820)	(164,836)
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of year, July 1, as restated	_1,714,610	1,492,975	3,207,585	3,372,421
END OF YEAR, JUNE 30	\$1,281,378	\$1,573,387	<u>\$2,854,765</u>	\$3,207,585

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2001

2	Variance	(Unfavorable)	\$ (3,335)	55,546	13,135	15,041	22,273	119,557		154,194	39,093	44,889 23,152		261,328	380,885	(733,705)		\$ (352,820)			
Totals (Memorandum Only)		Actual (L		213,046	72,135	28,641	28,773	1,129,327		624,931	440,757	270,511 145,948		1,482,147	(352,820)	1		(352,820)	3,207,585	\$2.854.765	
W)) Budget	\$ 377,500	157,500	59,000	13,600	6,500	1,009,770		779,125	479,850	315,400 169,100		1,743,475	(733,705)	733,705	,	ν			
Fund	Variance favorable	(Unfavorable)	и 69	1 1	Ľ	- 5 412	7-10	5,412		75,000	•	1 1		75,000	80,412			\$80,412			
Special Revenue Fund		Actual		1 1	Ţ	80.412	1,00	80,412		ı	1	I 1		1	80,412		;	80,412	1,492,975	\$1,573,387	
S		Budget	. ↔	1 1	Ü	75,000	00,0	75,000		75,000	1	1 1		75,000	i	1	,	9			
	Variance favorable	(Unfavorable)	\$ (3,335)	1.740	13,135	.15,041	22,273	114,145		79,194	39,093	44,889 23,152	*	186,328	300,473	(733,705)		\$(433,232)			
General Fund		Actual	\$ 374,165	213,046 261,910	72,135	28,641	28,773	1,048,915		624,931	440,757	270,511 145,948		1,482,147	(433,232)	1		(433,232)	1,714,610	\$1,281,378	
		Budget	\$ 377,500	260,170	59,000	13,600	6,500	934,770	9	704,125	479,850	315,400 169,100		1,668,475	(733,705)	733,705	•	· Ω			
		BEVENIES	Advances	Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	Restricted intergovernmental revenues	Sales and services Investment earnings	Miscellaneous	TOTAL REVENUES	EXPENDITURES Current:	General government	Public safety	I ransportation Cultural and recreational		TOTAL EXPENDITURES	Revenues over (under) expenditures	Appropriated fund balance	Revenues and appropriated fund balance over	(under) expenditures	FUND BALANCE Beginning of year, July 1, as restated	END OF YEAR, JUNE 30	

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TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS - PROPRIETARY FUND WATER AND SEWER FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

With Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2000

Exhibit D

June 30, June 30. 2001 2000 **OPERATING REVENUES** Charges for services 517,188 562,360 TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES 517,188 562,360 **OPERATING EXPENSES** Water and sewer department 498,444 483,506 Depreciation 97,750 92,179 TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES 596,194 575,685 **OPERATING LOSS** (79,006)(13, 325)NONOPERATING REVENUES Interest earned on investments 63,174 64,544 Tax refunds 10,286 5,105 Local option sales tax (1/2 cents) 19,708 Miscellaneous revenue 1,723 6,141 TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES 75,183 95,498 **NET INCOME (LOSS)** (3,823)82,173 ADD DEPRECIATION ON CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL 36,225 36,225 INCREASE IN RETAINED EARNINGS 32,402 118,398 RETAINED EARNINGS, JULY 1, AS RESTATED 2,109,056 1,990,658 RETAINED EARNINGS, JUNE 30 \$ 2,141,458 \$ 2,109,056

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND WATER AND SEWER FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

Exhibit E

With Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2000

		June 30, 2001	June 30, 2000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACT Cash received from customers/contribution Cash paid for goods and services Cash paid to employees Net (decrease) customer deposits		\$ 647,411 (422,151) (94,208) (635)	\$ 419,656 (459,606) (82,491) (374)
	BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	130,417	(122,815)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets		(213,408)	(149,486)
Miscellaneous non-operating revenue 1/2 cent local option sales tax Tax refunds		1,723	6,141 19,708
, ax rolando	NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	10,286 (201,399)	5,105
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIV	VITIES		
Interest on investments		66,853	63,280
	NET DECREASE IN CASH	(4,129)	(178,067)
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,251,213	1,429,280
	CASH AT END OF YEAR	\$ 1,247,084	<u>\$ 1,251,213</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOS NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPE Operating loss		\$ (79,006)	\$ (13,325)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		. (381-32)	, (,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Depreciation and amortization Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in:		97,750	92,179
Accounts receivable Inventory Increase (decrease) in:		130,223 (12,499)	(142,704) (1,442)
Accounts payable Customer deposits Total adjustments		(5,416) (635) 209,423	(57,149) (374) (109,490)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		\$ 130,417	<u>\$ (122,815)</u>

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS PENSION TRUST FUND For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2001 and 2000

Exhibit F

		June 30, 2001	June 30, 2000
ADDITIONS			
Employer contributions Interest income		\$ 2,500 2,149	\$ 2,500 <u>1,700</u>
	TOTAL ADDITIONS	4,649	4,200
DEDUCTIONS		_	
	NET INCREASE	4,649	4,200
FUND BALANCE RESERVED FOR EMPLOYEE'S PENSION BENEFITS			
Beginning of year		34,871	30,671
End of year		\$ 39,520	\$ 34,871

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Biscoe conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Biscoe is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the Town includes any component unit for which it is financially accountable. For the year ended June 30, 2001, no component units were included in the financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Town are organized and operated on the basis of funds and account groups. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts comprised of assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses as appropriate. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The account groups are not funds but are a reporting device used to account for certain assets and liabilities of the governmental funds that are not recorded directly in those funds.

The Town uses the following fund categories (further divided by fund type) and account groups:

<u>GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</u> are used to account for the Town's governmental functions. Governmental Funds include the following fund types:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes and State-shared revenues. The primary expenditures are for public safety, streets and highways, and general government services.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> - Special Revenue Funds account for specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Town maintains one Special Revenue Fund, the Capital Reserve Fund.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS include the following fund type:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Town of Biscoe has one Enterprise Fund - the Water and Sewer Fund.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary Funds account for the assets held by the Town in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. Fiduciary funds include the following fund:

Pension Trust Fund - The Town has a Pension Trust Fund, the Special Separation Allowance Fund, that accounts for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance, a single-employer, public employee retirement system.

ACCOUNT GROUPS

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This group of accounts is used to account for all fixed assets of the Town, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing uses) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The proprietary funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund type equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Operating statements for these funds present increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in net total assets. As required for periods beginning after June 15, 2000 by Statement 33 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions, the Board has begun recognizing capital contributions as revenue in the current year rather than contributed capital. There were no additions for the year ended June 30, 2001.

The basis of accounting determines when the revenues and expenditures or expenses and the related assets and liabilities are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental fund types are presented in the financial statements on this same basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable" and "available") to pay the liabilities of the current period. In addition, expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgements, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

The Town recognizes assets of nonexchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized on the modified accrual basis of accounting when they are measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions occur when one government provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the subsequent year. Also, as of January 1, 1993, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, Montgomery County is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts in the County, including the Town of Biscoe. For motor vehicles registered under the staggered system, property taxes are due the first day of the fourth month after the vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they become due. Therefore, the Town's vehicle taxes for vehicles registered in Montgomery County from March 2000 through February 2001 apply to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001. Uncollected taxes which were billed during this period are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred revenues. Those taxes for vehicles registered from March 1 through the fiscal year-end apply to the 2001-2002 fiscal year and are not shown as receivables at June 30, 2001. For vehicles registered under the annual system, taxes are due on May 1 of each year. For those vehicles registered and billed under the annual system, uncollected taxes are reported as a receivable on the financial statements and are offset by deferred revenues because the due date and the date upon which interest begins to accrue passed prior to June 30. The taxes for vehicles registered annually that have already been collected as of year-end are also reflected as deferred revenues at June 30, 2001 because they are intended to finance the Town's operations during the 2001-2002 fiscal year.

Sales taxes collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as deferred revenues. On-behalf of payments made by the State to the Firemen's and Rescue Squad Worker's Pension Plan for volunteer firemen, as well as employees of the Town, are recognized as revenues and expenditures during the period in which the State makes the contributions to the plan. Also, the State's contributions to the Firemen's Relief Fund, which have been spent by the local board of trustees for various salary supplements and stipends for employees and volunteers, have been recognized as revenues and expenditures during the period in which those payments were received.

Proprietary funds and the Pension Trust Fund are presented in the financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when earned and expenses are recognized in the period when incurred. As permitted by generally accepted accounting principles, the Town has elected to apply only applicable FASB Statements and Interpretations issued before November 30, 1989 in its accounting and reporting practices for its proprietary operations and Pension Trust Fund.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, Capital Reserve Fund, and the Enterprise Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. The Town Finance Officer is authorized to transfer appropriations between functional areas within a fund up to \$1,000; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund or that changes functional appropriations by more than \$1,000 must be approved by the governing board. During the year several amendments to the original budget were necessary, the effects of which were not material.

A budget calendar is included in the North Carolina General Statutes which prescribes the last day on which certain steps of that budget procedure are to be performed. The following schedule lists the tasks to be performed and the date by which each is required to be completed.

- April 30 Each department head will transmit to the budget officer the budget requests and the revenue estimates for their department for the budget year.
- June 1 The budget and the budget message shall be submitted to the governing board. The public hearing on the budget shall be scheduled at this time.
- July 1 The budget ordinance shall be adopted by the governing board.

F. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

Deposits and Investments

Deposits

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law (G.S. 159-31). The Town may designate as an official depository any bank or savings and loan association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law (G.S. 159-30(c)) authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and banker's acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust, (NCCMT).

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected.

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a), ad valorem taxes are levied on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year and are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. The taxes levied are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2000. As allowed by state law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes which are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. Inventories

Inventories are maintained for all enterprise fund supplies. They are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The cost of these inventories are recorded as an expense when the inventory is purchased.

Fixed Assets

General fixed assets are recorded at original cost. Donated assets are listed at the market value at the time of donation. The original cost of certain items acquired before July 1, 1970, are recorded at an estimated original cost. The total of such estimates is not considered large enough that errors would be material when the fixed assets are considered as a whole.

It is the Town's policy not to capitalize infrastructure type assets. Infrastructure, or public domain assets include roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, street and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems. Such assets are immovable and of value only to the Town.

Enterprise fixed assets are recorded at original cost at the time of acquisition. Property, plant and equipment donated to the enterprise fund are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Plant assets are depreciated on a composite straight-line basis for the entire plant regardless of year of acquisition, at a 2.5% annual rate. In the composite rate, gain or loss on dispositions is not calculated except in extraordinary circumstances. Other assets are depreciated on a class life basis at the following rates:

Furniture and office equipment	10%
Maintenance and construction equipment	10%
Medium and heavy motor vehicles	20%
Automobiles and light trucks	20%

8. Fund Equity

Reservations or restrictions of equity represent amounts that cannot be appropriated or are legally segregated for a specific purpose. Designations of equity represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

State law (G.S. 159-13(b)(16)) restricts appropriation of fund balance or fund equity for the subsequent year's budget to an amount not to exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts as these amounts stand at the close of the fiscal year preceding the budget year.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Reserved

Reserved by State statute - portion of fund balance <u>not</u> available for appropriation under State law (G.S. 159-8(a)). This amount is usually comprised of receivables and interfund receivables which have not been offset by deferred revenues.

Reserved for streets - Powell Bill - portion of fund balance available for appropriation but legally segregated for street construction and maintenance expenditures. It represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Unreserved

Designated for subsequent year's expenditures - portion of total fund balance available for appropriation which has been designated for the adopted 2001-2002 budget ordinance.

Designated for Capital Projects - portion of fund balance available for appropriation which has been designated for Capital Projects.

Undesignated - portion of total fund balance available for appropriation which is uncommitted at year-end.

G. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

1. Other Resources

The General Fund provides the basis of local resources for other governmental funds. These transactions are recorded as "Operating transfers-out" in the General Fund and "Operating transfers-in" to the receiving fund.

2. Compensated Absences

The policies of the Town provide for no accumulation of earned vacation as of June 30, 2001.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for a maximum of 90 days of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

H. Total (Memorandum Only) Columns

The total columns on the accompanying financial statements are captioned as "Total (Memorandum Only)" because they do not represent consolidated financial information and are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. The columns do not present information that reflects financial position, results of operations, or cash flows in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

- A. <u>Material Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions</u>
- 1. Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

Expenditures of on-behalf payments are not considered to be violations of state statute budget requirements (see Note III, D).

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. Assets

Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

At June 30, 2001, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$4,111,209 and a bank balance of \$4,154,548. Of the bank balance, \$200,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$3,954,548 was covered by collateral held by authorized escrow agents in the name of the Town.

2. Receivables – Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in Exhibit A, the Combined Balance Sheet, are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

Fund

June 30, 2001

Proprietary Funds Accounts receivable

\$13,000

3. Fixed Assets

Changes in General Fixed Assets

A summary of changes in the Town's general fixed assets is as follows:

	General fixed assets 7-1-00	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	General fixed assets 6-30-01
By asset type:					
Land and buildings Equipment Vehicles and motorized	\$1,727,535 302,943	\$225,467 41,147	\$ - 2,567	\$ -	\$ 1,953,002 341,523
equipment	401,604	21,671	3,000		420,275
	\$2,432,082	\$288,285	\$ 5,567	\$	\$ 2,714,800
By function:					
General government Public safety Street and sanitation	\$1,774,896 503,561	\$235,890 40,529	\$ - 5,567	\$ (9,330) (1,000)	\$ 2,001,456 537,523
Cultural and	83,823	8,625		-	92,448
recreational	69,802	3,241		10,330	83,373
	\$2,432,082	\$288,285	\$ 5,567	<u>\$</u>	\$ 2,714,800
Reconciliation of additions:					
Capital outlay expenditures Items under capitalization thresl	nold	\$291,586 (3,301)			
ets g		\$288,285			

4. Proprietary Fund Fixed Assets

The fixed assets of the Enterprise Fund at June 30, 2001 are composed as follows:

Water and Sewer Fund	Fixed assets	Accumulated depreciation	Net
Plant and distribution systems Furniture and maintenance equipment Vehicles	\$3,041,270 217,716 93,709	\$ 1,189,084 58,537 66,211	\$ 1,852,186 159,179 27,498
	\$3,352,695	<u>\$ 1,313,832</u>	\$ 2,038,863

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town of Biscoe contributes to the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina LGERS provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 3512 Bush Street, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute six percent of their covered salary. The Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. For the Town, the rate for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers is 10.29% and 10.12%, respectively, of annual covered payroll for the year ending June 30, 2001. The contribution requirements of member of the Town of Biscoe is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town's contributions to LGERS for years ended June 30, 2001, 2000, and 1999 were \$43,325, \$36,159 and \$33,404, respectively. The contributions made by the Town equaled the required contributions for each year.

b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description

The Town of Biscoe administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer retirement defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Separation Allowance is reported in the Town's report as a pension trust fund.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation allowance. At December 31, 2000, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	0
Terminated plan members entitled	
to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active plan members	9
· s	<u> </u>
Total	9

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. Financial statements for the Separation Allowance are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and when the Town has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments. Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term debt, deposits, repurchase agreements, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust investments are reported at cost or amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Certain longer term United States Government and United States Agency securities are valued at the last reported sales price.

Contributions

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned by making contributions based on actuarial valuations. For the current year, the Town contributed \$2,500, or 1.16% of annual covered payroll. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administrative costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings.

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the December 31, 2000 actuarial valuation using the aggregate method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.25% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and (b) projected salary increases of 5.9% – 9.8% per year. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.75%. The assumptions did not include postretirement benefit increases. The actuarial value of assets was determined using the market value of investments. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level dollar of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2000 was 30 years.

At June 30, 2001, the Town's total contributions to the Separation Allowance equaled \$28,506.

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

<u>Plan Description</u> The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

<u>Funding Policy</u> Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2001 were \$21,441, which consisted of \$15,281 from the Town and \$6,160 from the law enforcement officers.

d. Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund

Plan Description. The State of North Carolina contributes, on behalf of the Town of Biscoe, to the Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund (Fund), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation administered by the State of North Carolina. The Fund provides pension benefits for eligible fire and rescue squad workers that have elected to become members of the fund. Article 86 of G.S. Chapter 58 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 3512 Bush Street, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

<u>Funding Policy</u>. Plan members are required to contribute \$10 per month to the Fund which is paid by the Town. The State, a nonemployer contributor, funds the plan through appropriations. Contribution requirements of plan members and the State of North Carolina are established and may be amended by North Carolina General Assembly.

e. Postemployment Benefits

At retirement, all employees have the option to purchase basic medical insurance at the Town's group rate. The entire cost of this insurance is borne by the employees.

The Town has also elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multipleemployer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$20,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll, based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. Because the benefit payments are made by the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, the Town made contributions to the State for death benefits of \$300. The Town's required contributions for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers represented 0% and .14% of covered payroll, respectively. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the postemployment benefit amount and the other benefit amount.

2. Deferred Revenues

The balance in deferred revenues at year-end is composed of the following elements:

	General Fund		
Prepaid taxes not yet earned Taxes receivable	\$ 1,322 38,406		
Total deferred revenues	\$ 39,728		

3. Commitments

The Town had a commitment of approximately \$124,000 for the construction of a police building and renovation of the municipal building. This project is being funded by the Town.

4. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, worker's compensation coverage up to the statutory limits, and employee health coverage up to \$1 million lifetime limit. The pools are reinsured through commercial companies for single occurrence claims against general liability, auto liability and property liability in excess of \$500,000, and \$300,000 statutory limits for workers' compensation. The pools are reinsured for annual employee health claims in excess of \$150,000. The property liability pool has an aggregate limit for the total property losses in a single year, with the reinsurance limit based upon a percentage of the total insurance values.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

5. Long-term Debt

At June 30, 2001, the Town had a legal debt margin of approximately \$6,788,902.

C. <u>Fund Equity</u>

Enterprise Fund - Contributed Capital

Grants, entitlements, and shared revenues restricted for the acquisition or construction of capital assets are recorded as contributed capital. The Town utilizes an option allowed under NCGA Statement 2 for the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings (Exhibit D) whereby it closes depreciation expense on assets acquired or constructed through grants, entitlements, or shared revenues to the contributed capital account rather than to retained earnings.

The following is a summary of the changes in contributed capital of the Town of Biscoe for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001:

	State_	_Local_	Total
Contributed capital, 7/1/00	\$431,684	\$800,782	\$ 1,232,466
Less: amortization	_(13,345)	_(22,880)	(36,225)
Contributed capital, 6/30/01	<u>\$418,339</u>	\$777,902	\$ 1,196,241

D. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

On-behalf of payments for Fringe Benefits and Salaries

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, the Town of Biscoe recognized on-behalf of payments for pension contributions made by the State as a revenue and an expenditure of \$10,440 for the 30 volunteer firemen and one employed fireman who perform firefighting duties for the Town's fire department. The volunteers and employees elected to be members of the Firemen and Rescue Squad Worker's Pension Fund, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system established and administered by the State of North Carolina. The plan is funded by a \$10 monthly contribution paid by each member, investment income, and a State appropriation.

IV. JOINT VENTURE

The Town participates in a joint venture to operate the Montgomery Municipal Board of Alcoholic Beverage Control with four other local governments. Each participating government appoints one board member to the five-member ABC board. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the Montgomery municipal Board of Alcoholic Beverage Control, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2001. Complete financial statements for the Montgomery Municipal Board of Alcoholic Beverage can be obtained at the ABC's offices at P. O. Box 279, Biscoe, NC 27209.

V. SIGNIFICANT TAXPAYER

The Town, a political subdivision of Montgomery County, North Carolina, is located near the center of the State. It has one taxpayer that comprises approximately 13.4% of its total tax levy. If this taxpayer were to leave its present location, it would materially affect the financial situation of the Town.

VI. RECLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2000 financial statements to conform with the 2001 financial statement presentation. Such reclassifications have had no effect on the change in net assets as previously reported.

VII. CORRECTION OF ERROR

In the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 1999, an error was made in accounting for accrued interest receivable in the general fund, special revenue fund and enterprise fund. This error has been corrected and has had the following effect on the beginning fund balance as of July 1, 1999:

	General Fund	Special <u>Revenue Fund</u>	Enterprise Fund
Beginning fund balance, as previously stated	\$ 1,977,977	\$ 1,444,106	\$ 2,003,984
Adjustment of accrued interest receivable	(21,299)	(28,363)	(13,326)
Beginning fund balance, as restated	\$ 1,956,678	\$ 1,415,743	\$ 1,990,658

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial valuation date	Actuarial value of assets	Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) projected unit credit (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) _(b – a)	Funded ratio _(a/b)	Covered payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of covered payroll _((b – a)/c)
12-31-98*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
12-31-99*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
12-31-00	\$ 37,616	\$ 54,666	\$17,050	68.81%	\$ 203,443	8.38%

^{*}N/A denotes a year in which no actuarial study was performed.

Statement 2

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Year ended _June 30	Annual required contribution	Percentage contributed
1999	\$ 2,044	122%
2000*	N/A	N/A
2001*	N/A	N/A

^{*}N/A denotes a year in which no actuarial study was performed.

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SCHEDULES

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation date	12-31
Actuarial cost method	Proje
Amortization method	Level
Remaining amortization period	30 ye
Asset valuation method	Marke
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.25%
Projected salary increases	5.9 –
Includes inflation at	3.75%
Cost of living adjustments	N/A

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2001 and June 30, 2000

ASSETS	June 30, 2001	June 30, 2000
Cash and investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable	\$1,284,359 38,406 85,565 21,012 \$1,429,342	\$1,652,740 21,179 63,711 21,070 \$1,758,700
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	<u>\$1,120,042</u>	<u>Ψ1,730,700</u>
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenues Total liabilities	\$ 108,236 39,728 147,964	\$ 20,968 23,122 44,090
FUND BALANCE Reserved by State statute Reserved for streets - Powell Bill Unreserved Designated for subsequent year's expenditures Undesignated, as restated	144,983 61,097 734,925 340,373	106,080 58,368 664,505 885,657
Total fund balance	1,281,378	1,714,610
	<u>\$1,429,342</u>	<u>\$1,758,700</u>

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

Statement 5 Page 1 of 3

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

		2001		2000
REVENUES	_Budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)	Actual
Ad valorem taxes Taxes Penalties and interest	\$ 377,500	\$ 372,805 1,360 374,165	\$ (3,335)	\$ 399,399 <u>1,737</u> 401,136
Other taxes and licenses ABC mixed beverage Local option sales tax Cablevision franchise tax Other taxes	157,500	4,374 204,200 4,142 330 213,046	55,546	3,645 177,992 3,964 ————————————————————————————————————
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues Inventory tax reimbursement Intangibles tax reimbursement Senior citizens exemption reimbursement Franchise tax Beer and wine Grant funds Tax refunds	260,170	31,992 9,968 1,171 195,261 7,284 7,979 8,255 261,910	1,740	32,236 10,597 1,171 221,772 7,130 - 8,735 281,641
Restricted intergovernmental revenues FEMA Grant "State Street-Aid" allocation On-behalf of payments-fire	59,000	61,695 10,440 72,135	13,135	49,969 59,171 13,654 122,794
Sales and service Cemetery lots Park fees and concessions Tennis courts and softball field	13,600	7,973 19,078 1,590 28,641	15,041	7,520 19,416 5,771 32,707
Investment earnings	60,500	70,245	9,745	71,529
Miscellaneous Sale of fixed assets Other	6,500	1,400 <u>27,373</u> 28,773	22,273	4,000 16,978 20,978
TOTAL REVENUES	934,770	1,048,915	114,145	1,116,386

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA **GENERAL FUND**

Statement 5 Page 2 of 3

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE **BUDGET AND ACTUAL**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

	-	2001		2000
EXPENDITURES General government	Budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)	Actual
Governing body Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures	\$ 15,100	\$ 12,600 <u>256</u> 12,856	\$ 2,244	\$ 12,600 1,876 14,476
Administration Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay	283,025	112,242 136,446 32,020 280,708	2,317	94,117 86,024 335,384 515,525
Legal and professional services Operating expenditures	48,500	20,179	28,321	39,412
Public buildings and grounds Operating expenditures Capital outlay	357,500	96,676 214,512 311,188	46,312	43,608 3,100 46,708
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	704,125	624,931	79,194	616,121
Public safety Police department Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay	400,350	291,268 37,611 <u>33,630</u> 362,509	37,841	231,447 33,739 25,205 290,391
Fire department Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay	79,500	25,763 31,846 10,199 67,808	11,692	4 35,181 43,332 78,517
On behalf of payments		10,440	(10,440)	13,654
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	479,850	440,757	39,093	382,562

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

Statement 5 Page 3 of 3

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

		2001		2000
	_Budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)	Actual
EXPENDITURES (Continued) Transportation Street repair and maintenance		_		
Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay		\$ 82,867 126,840 1,225		\$ 83,455 144,892 26,343
*	\$ 227,400	210,932	\$ 16,468	254,690
Powell Bill Operating expenditures		54,107	ži	15,263
Sidewalk construction	88,000	5,472 59,579	28,421	2,341 17,604
TOTAL TRANSPORTATION	315,400	270,511	44,889	272,294
Cultural and recreational Recreation				
Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures		32,795 113,153		26,832 60,645
TOTAL CULTURAL AND RECREATIONAL	169,100	145,948	23,152	87,477
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,668,475	1,482,147	186,328	1,358,454
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(733,705)	(433,232)	300,473	(242,068)
Appropriated fund balance	733,705		(733,705)	
REVENUES AND APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ -	(433,232)	<u>\$ (433,232)</u>	(242,068)
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year, July 1, as restated		1,714,610		1,956,678
END OF YEAR, June 30		\$ 1,281,378	B	\$ 1,714,610

Statement 6

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA CAPITAL RESERVE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

		-	2001	Variance	2000
		Budget	Actual	favorable (<u>unfavorable</u>)	Actual
REVENUES Investment earnings		\$ 75,000	\$ 80,412	\$ 5,41 <u>2</u>	\$ 77,232
	TOTAL REVENUES	75,000	80,412	5,412	77,232
EXPENDITURES Water/sewer projects Building and equipme		50,000 		50,000 _25,000	-
	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	75,000		75,000	
Revenues over expendit	rures	<u>\$</u>	80,412	\$80,412	77,232
Fund balance Beginning of year, as	restated		1,492,975		1,415,743
END OF YEAR			\$ 1,573,387		<u>\$ 1,492,975</u>

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

		2000		
	Budget	_Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)	Actual
REVENUES Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$ 405,000	<u>\$ 517,188</u>	\$ 112,188	\$ 562,360
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	405,000	517,188	112,188	562,360
Nonoperating revenues: Investment earnings Tax refunds Local option sales tax Miscellaneous non-operating		63,174 10,286 -		64,544 5,105 19,708
revenue		1,723	-	<u>6,141</u>
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES	<u>88,500</u>	<u>75,183</u>	(13,317)	95,498
TOTAL REVENUES	493,500	592,371	98,871	657,858
EXPENDITURES Water and sewer department Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures Water purchased Capital outlay		94,315 171,523 232,606 213,408		83,888 161,370 238,248 149,486
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENDITURES	<u>773,100</u>	711,852	61,248	632,992
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	773,100	711,852	61,248	632,992
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(279,600)	(119,481)	160,119	24,866
Appropriated retained earnings	279,600		279,600	
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ <u>-</u>	<u>\$(119,481</u>)	<u>\$(119,481)</u>	<u>\$ 24,866</u>

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TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

*		2001 Actual	2000 Actual
Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrual basis:			
Excess of revenues, other financing and appropriated retained earnings over expenditures (Continued)		\$(119,481)	\$ 24,866
Depreciation		(97,750)	(92,179)
Capital outlay		213,408	_149,486
	NET INCOME (LOSS) - EXHIBIT D	\$ (3,823)	\$ 82,173



TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE June 30, 2001

Fiscal year	Uncollected balance June 30, 2000	Additions	Collections and credits	Uncollected balance June 30, 2001
2000-2001	\$ -	\$ 390,361	\$ (364,702)	\$ 25,659
1999-2000	10,936	-	(7,274)	3,662
1998-1999	3,246	-	(408)	2,838
1997-1998	1,345	-	(188)	1,157
1996-1997	849	-	(32)	817
1995-1996	1,350	-	(53)	1,297
1994-1995	1,060	-	=	1,060
1993-1994	706	-	(32)	674
1992-1993	417	-	-	417
1991-1992	825	-	-	825
1990-1991	445		(445)	
	\$ 21,179	\$ 390,361	<u>\$ (373,134</u>)	\$38,406
Reconciliation with revenues:				
Taxes - ad valorem - General Fund		\$ 374,165		
Reconciling items: Interest collected Taxes written off Discounts allowed Other adjustments Total collections and credits		(1,360) 445 1,225 (1,341)	gi.	
rotal collections and credits		\$ 373,134		

				Total levy	
	Total property valuation	Rate	Amount of levy	Property excluding registered motor vehicles	Registered motor vehicles
Original Levy: Property taxed at current year's rate Property taxed at prior year's rate	\$82,110,891 3,041,802	\$.46 .46	\$ 377,710 13,992	\$ 345,212 	\$ 32,498 13,992
TOTAL	85,152,693		391,702	345,212	46,490
Discoveries: Current year taxes	20,300	.46	93	93	-
Abatements	(311,717)	.46	(1,434)	(345)	(1,089)
Total property valuation	\$84,861,276				
Net levy	12		390,361	344,960	45,401
Uncollected taxes			25,659	18,050	7,609
Current years taxes collected			\$ 364,702	<u>\$ 326,910</u>	\$ 37,792
Current levy collection percentage			93.43%	94.77%	83.24%