TOWN OF BISCOE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA

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Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners Town of Biscoe Biscoe, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Town of Biscoe, North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of Town of Biscoe's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Town of Biscoe, North Carolina as of June 30, 2002 and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund type for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements, taken as a whole. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

October 3, 2002

Discon Com Perc

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TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINED BALANCE SHEET - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS June 30, 2002 With Comparative Totals June 30, 2001

s um Only) June 30 2001	\$ 4,103,496 38,406 140,682 62,032 30,842 9,809 4,753,663	\$ 9,138,930	\$ 142,609 9,809 39,728	192,146	1,196,241 2,714,800 2,141,458	90,581 61,097 39,520	734,925 1,573,387 394,775	8,946,784	\$ 9,138,930
Totals (Memorandum Only) June 30 2002	\$ 3,352,227 38,559 167,269 37,141 33,181 9,517 5,327,041	\$ 8,964,935	\$ 66,904 9,517 40,009	116,430	1,160,016 3,259,447 2,069,130	122,279 92,106 43,183	58,500 1,322,558 721,286	8,848,505	\$ 8,964,935
Account Group General Fixed Assets	\$ - 3,259,447	\$3,259,447	₩		3,259,447	ř ř ř	1 1 1	3,259,447	\$3,259,447
Fiduciary Fund Types Trust	\$ 42,799	\$ 43,183	υ υ υ 69		T 1 T	43,183	1 1 1	43,183	\$ 43,183
Proprietary Fund Types Enterprise	\$1,116,108 - 52,562 9,786 33,181 9,517 2,067,594	\$3,288,748	\$ 50,085	59,602	1,160,016	111		3,229,146	\$3,288,748
Governmental Fund Types Special General Revenue	\$1,303,159	\$1,322,558	φ	1	1 1 1) ()	1,322,558	1,322,558	\$1,322,558
Governmenta	\$ 890,161 38,559 114,707 7,572	\$1,050,999	\$ 16,819	56,828		122,279 92,106	58,500	994,171	\$1,050,999
	ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS Cash and investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Accured interest receivable Inventories Restricted cash and investments Fixed assets, net	TOTAL ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS	LIABILITIES EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deposits Deferred revenues	TOTAL LIABILITIES	EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS Contributed capital (net) Investment in general fixed assets Retained earnings Fund balances	Reserved by State statute Reserved for streets - Powell Bill Reserved for employees' pension benefits Unreserved:	Designated for subsequent years' expenditures Designated for capital projects Undesignated	TOTAL EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS	TOTAL LIABILITIES, EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

OWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA
OMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

Exhibit B

or the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

Vith Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2001

	Government	al Fund Types	Tot (Memoran	als dum Only)
	_General	Special Revenue	June 30 2002	June 30 2001
₹EVENUES		- NOVOITAGE		
Ad valorem taxes Other taxes and licenses	\$ 426,884 204,285	\$ -	\$ 426,884 204,285	\$ 374,165 213,046
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	207,716	-	207,716	261,910
Restricted intergovernmental revenues Sales and services	73,271	-	73,271	72,135
Investment earnings Miscellaneous	73,770 28,038 15,912	59,193	73,770 87,231	28,641 150,657
		S-	<u>15,912</u>	28,773
TOTAL REVENUES	_1,029,876	59,193	1,089,069	1,129,327
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government Public safety	700,680 530,859	-	700,680 530,859	624,931 440,757
Transportation Cultural and recreational	317,783 77,783	-	317,783	270,511
		<u>-</u>	77,783	145,948
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>1,627,105</u>		1,627,105	1,482,147
EVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(597,229)	59,193	(538,036)	(352,820)
Operating transfers (to) from other funds	2			
Capital Reserve Fund Total other financing sources (uses)	310,022 310,022	(310,022) (310,022)	-	
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	(287,207)	(250,829)	(538,036)	(352,820)
UND BALANCE Beginning of year, July 1	1,281,378	1,573,387	2,854,765	3,207,585
END OF YEAR, JUNE 30	<u>\$ 994,171</u>	<u>\$1,322,558</u>	\$2,316,729	\$2,854,765

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2002

S	Variance	(Unfavorable)	\$ 30.384		(70,334)	10,271	59,770	(33,269)	9,412	2,219			243,904	79,404	95,742	21,717	440,767	442,986		
Totals (Memorandum Only)		Actual (U	\$ 426,884	204,285	207,716	73,271	73,770	87,231	15,912	1,089,069			700,680	530,859	317,783	77,783	1,627,105	(538,036)		(310,022)
(Me		Budget	\$ 396,500		278,050	63,000	14,000	120,500	6,500	1,086,850			944,584	610,263	413,525	99,500	2,067,872	(981,022)	0.00	(310,022)
Fund	Variance	(Unfavorable)	Ю		1	ŗ	3	(5,807)	1	(5,807)			t	1	•			(5,807)		
Special Revenue Fund		Actual	υ •	1	1	T	1	59,193	1	59,193			1	I	ı	1	1	59,193		(310,022)
S		Budget	ı У	1	ı	1	ī	65,000	1	65,000			1	ı	1		1	65,000		(310,022) (310,022)
	Variance favorable	(Unfavorable)	\$ 30,384	(4,015)	(70,334)	10,271	59,770	(27,462)	9,412	8,026			243,904	79,404	95,742	21,717	440,767	448,793	1	
General Fund		Actual	\$ 426,884	204,285	207,716	73,271	73,770	28,038	15,912	1,029,876			700,680	530,859	317,783	77,783	1,627,105	(597,229)	340.022	310,022
		Budget	\$ 396,500	208,300	278,050	63,000	14,000	55,500	6,500	1,021,850			944,584	610,263	413,525	99,500	2,067,872	(1,046,022)	310 022	310,022
		REVENUES	Ad valorem taxes	Other taxes and licenses	Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	Restricted intergovernmental revenues	Sales and services	Investment earnings	Miscellaneous	TOTAL REVENUES	EXPENDITURES	Current:	General government	Public safety	Transportation	Cultural and recreational	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	Revenues over (under) expenditures	Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers (to) from other funds General Fund	Capital Reserve Fund Total other financing sources (uses)

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA
COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2002

5	Variance favorable (Unfavorable)	\$ 442,986	(981,022)	\$ (538,036)		
Totals Memorandum Only)	Actual (L	\$(245,022) \$ (250,829) \$ (5,807) \$ (981,022) \$ (538,036) \$ 442,986	1	(538,036)	2,854,765	\$2,316,729
(Me	1 1	\$ (981,022)	981,022	9		
Fund	Variance favorable (Unfavorable) Budget	\$ (5,807)	(245,022)	\$(250.829)		
Special Revenue Fund	Actual	\$ (250,829)	1	(250,829)	1,573,387	\$1,322,558
S	Budget	\$(245,022)	245,022	€		
	Variance favorable (Unfavorable)	\$ 448,793	(736,000)	\$(287,207)		
General Fund	Actual	\$ (287,207)		(287,207)	1,281,378	\$ 994,171
	Budget	\$ (736,000) \$ (287,207)	736,000	9		
		REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	FUND BALANCE APPROPRIATED	REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	FUND BALANCE Beginning of year, July 1	END OF YEAR, JUNE 30

FOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS - PROPRIETARY FUND WATER AND SEWER FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 With Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2001

Exhibit D

*	June 30, 2002	June 30, 2001
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	<u>\$ 512,844</u>	\$ 517,188
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	512,844	517,188
DPERATING EXPENSES Water and sewer department Depreciation	553,453 110,411	498,444 97,750
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	663,864	596,194
OPERATING LOSS	(151,020)	(79,006)
NONOPERATING REVENUES Interest earned on investments Tax refunds Miscellaneous revenue	36,365 2,401 3,701	63,174 10,286 1,723
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES	42,467	75,183
NET LOSS	(108,553)	(3,823)
ADD DEPRECIATION ON CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL	36,225	36,225
DECREASE) INCREASE IN RETAINED EARNINGS	(72,328)	32,402
RETAINED EARNINGS, JULY 1	2,141,458	2,109,056
RETAINED EARNINGS, JUNE 30	\$ 2,069,130	\$ 2,141,458

FOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND NATER AND SEWER FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

Exhibit E

Vith Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2001

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACT	TIVITIES .	June 30, 2002	June 30, 2001
Cash received from customers/contribution Cash paid for goods and services Cash paid to employees Net (decrease) customer deposits		\$ 515,399 (445,663) (94,417) (292)	\$ 647,411 (422,151) (94,208) (635)
×	BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(24,973)	130,417
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of capital assets Miscellaneous non-operating revenue Tax refunds		(139,142) 3,701 2,401	(213,408) 1,723 10,286
	NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(133,040)	(201,399)
ASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTI	VITIES		
Interest on investments		36,554	66,853
	NET DECREASE IN CASH	(121,459)	(4,129)
ASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,247,084	1,251,213
	CASH AT END OF YEAR	\$ 1,125,625	\$ 1,247,084
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOST IET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPE Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		\$ (151,020)	\$ (79,006)
Depreciation Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in:		110,411	97,750
Accounts receivable Inventory Increase (decrease) in:		2,555 (2,339)	130,223 (12,499)
Accounts payable Customer deposits Total adjustments		15,712 (292) 126,047	(5,416) (635) 209,423
IET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		\$ (24,973)	\$ 130,417

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS PENSION TRUST FUND

Exhibit F

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2002 and 2001

		V
	June 30, 2002	June 30, 2001
ADDITIONS Employer contributions Interest income	\$ 2,500 1,163	\$ 2,500 2,149
TOTAL ADDITIONS	3,663	4,649
DEDUCTIONS		
NET INCREASE	3,663	4,649
FUND BALANCE RESERVED FOR		
Beginning of year	39,520	34,871
End of year	\$ 43,183	\$ 39,520

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Biscoe conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Biscoe is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the Town includes any component unit for which it is financially accountable. For the year ended June 30, 2002, no component units were included in the financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Town are organized and operated on the basis of funds and account groups. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts comprised of assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses as appropriate. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The account groups are not funds but are a reporting device used to account for certain assets and liabilities of the governmental funds that are not recorded directly in those funds.

The Town uses the following fund categories (further divided by fund type) and account groups:

 $\underline{\text{GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS}}$ are used to account for the Town's governmental functions. Governmental Funds include the following fund types:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes and State-shared revenues. The primary expenditures are for public safety, streets and highways, and general government services.

Special Revenue Fund - Special Revenue Funds account for specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Town maintains one Special Revenue Fund, the Capital Reserve Fund.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS include the following fund type:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Town of Biscoe has one Enterprise Fund - the Water and Sewer Fund.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary Funds account for the assets held by the Town in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. Fiduciary funds include the following fund:

Pension Trust Fund - The Town has a Pension Trust Fund, the Special Separation Allowance Fund, that accounts for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance, a single-employer, public employee retirement system.

ACCOUNT GROUPS

General Fixed Assets Account Group - This group of accounts is used to account for all fixed assets of the Town, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing uses) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The proprietary funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund type equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Operating statements for these funds present increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in net total assets. As required for periods beginning after June 15, 2000 by Statement 33 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions, the Board has begun recognizing capital contributions as revenue in the current year rather than contributed capital. There were no additions for the year ended June 30, 2002.

The basis of accounting determines when the revenues and expenditures or expenses and the related assets and liabilities are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental fund types are presented in the financial statements on this same basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable" and "available") to pay the liabilities of the current period. In addition, expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgements, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

The Town recognizes assets of nonexchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized on the modified accrual basis of accounting when they are measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions occur when one government provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the subsequent year. Also, as of January 1, 1993, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, Montgomery County is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts in the County, including the Town of Biscoe. For motor vehicles registered under the staggered system, property taxes are due the first day of the fourth month after the vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they become due. Therefore, the Town's vehicle taxes for vehicles registered in Montgomery County from March 2001 through February 2002 apply to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. Uncollected taxes which were billed during this period are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred revenues. Those taxes for vehicles registered from March 1 through the fiscal year-end apply to the 2002-2003 fiscal year and are not shown as receivables at June 30, 2002. For vehicles registered under the annual system, taxes are due on May 1 of each year. For those vehicles registered and billed under the annual system, uncollected taxes are reported as a receivable on the financial statements and are offset by deferred revenues because the due date and the date upon which interest begins to accrue passed prior to June 30. The taxes for vehicles registered annually that have already been collected as of year-end are also reflected as deferred revenues at June 30, 2002 because they are intended to finance the Town's operations during the 2002-2003 fiscal year.

Sales taxes collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as deferred revenues. On-behalf of payments made by the State to the Firemen's and Rescue Squad Worker's Pension Plan for volunteer firemen, as well as employees of the Town, are recognized as revenues and expenditures during the period in which the State makes the contributions to the plan. Also, the State's contributions to the Firemen's Relief Fund, which have been spent by the local board of trustees for various salary supplements and stipends for employees and volunteers, have been recognized as revenues and expenditures during the period in which those payments were received.

Proprietary funds and the Pension Trust Fund are presented in the financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when earned and expenses are recognized in the period when incurred. As permitted by generally accepted accounting principles, the Town has elected to apply only applicable FASB Statements and Interpretations issued before November 30, 1989 in its accounting and reporting practices for its proprietary operations and Pension Trust Fund.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, Capital Reserve Fund, and the Enterprise Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. The Town Finance Officer is authorized to transfer appropriations between functional areas within a fund up to \$1,000; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund or that changes functional appropriations by more than \$1,000 must be approved by the governing board. During the year several amendments to the original budget were necessary, the effects of which were not material.

A budget calendar is included in the North Carolina General Statutes which prescribes the last day on which certain steps of that budget procedure are to be performed. The following schedule lists the tasks to be performed and the date by which each is required to be completed.

- April 30 Each department head will transmit to the budget officer the budget requests and the revenue estimates for their department for the budget year.
- June 1 The budget and the budget message shall be submitted to the governing board. The public hearing on the budget shall be scheduled at this time.
- July 1 The budget ordinance shall be adopted by the governing board.

F. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

Deposits and Investments

1. Deposits

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law (G.S. 159-31). The Town may designate as an official depository any bank or savings and loan association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law (G.S. 159-30(c)) authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and banker's acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust, (NCCMT).

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected.

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a), ad valorem taxes are levied on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year and are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. The taxes levied are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2001. As allowed by state law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes which are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. Inventories

Inventories are maintained for all enterprise fund supplies. They are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The inventory of the enterprise fund consists of expendable supplies and is recorded as an expenditure as it is consumed.

7. Fixed Assets

General fixed assets are recorded at original cost. Donated assets are listed at the market value at the time of donation. The original cost of certain items acquired before July 1, 1970, are recorded at an estimated original cost. The total of such estimates is not considered large enough that errors would be material when the fixed assets are considered as a whole. Assets in the General Fixed Assets Account Group are not depreciated.

It is the Town's policy not to capitalize infrastructure type assets. Infrastructure, or public domain assets include roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, street and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems. Such assets are immovable and of value only to the Town.

Enterprise fixed assets are recorded at original cost at the time of acquisition. Property, plant and equipment donated to the enterprise fund are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Plant assets are depreciated on a composite straight-line basis for the entire plant regardless of year of acquisition, at a 2.5% annual rate. In the composite rate, gain or loss on dispositions is not calculated except in extraordinary circumstances. Other assets in the Enterprise Fund of the Town are depreciated by the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful lives as follows:

Furniture and office equipment 7-10 years
Maintenance and construction equipment 5-7 years
Medium and heavy motor vehicles 5-7 years
Automobiles and light trucks 3-5 years

8. Fund Equity

Reservations or restrictions of equity represent amounts that cannot be appropriated or are legally segregated for a specific purpose. Designations of equity represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

State law (G.S. 159-13(b)(16)) restricts appropriation of fund balance or fund equity for the subsequent year's budget to an amount not to exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts as these amounts stand at the close of the fiscal year preceding the budget year.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Reserved

Reserved by State statute - portion of fund balance <u>not</u> available for appropriation under State law (G.S. 159-8(a)). This amount is usually comprised of receivables and interfund receivables which have not been offset by deferred revenues.

Reserved for streets - Powell Bill - portion of fund balance available for appropriation but legally segregated for street construction and maintenance expenditures. It represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Unreserved

Designated for subsequent year's expenditures - portion of total fund balance available for appropriation which has been designated for the adopted 2002-2003 budget ordinance.

Designated for Capital Projects - portion of fund balance available for appropriation which has been designated for Capital Projects.

Undesignated - portion of total fund balance available for appropriation which is uncommitted at year-end.

G. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

1. Other Resources

The General Fund provides the basis of local resources for other governmental funds. These transactions are recorded as "Operating transfers-out" in the General Fund and "Operating transfers-in" to the receiving fund.

2. Compensated Absences

The policies of the Town provide for no accumulation of earned vacation as of June 30, 2002.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for a maximum of 90 days of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

H. Total (Memorandum Only) Columns

The total columns on the accompanying financial statements are captioned as "Total (Memorandum Only)" because they do not represent consolidated financial information and are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. The columns do not present information that reflects financial position, results of operations, or cash flows in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

I. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. <u>Material Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions</u>

1. Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

Expenditures of on-behalf payments are not considered to be violations of state statute budget requirements (see Note III, D).

II. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

At June 30, 2002, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$3,360,063 and a bank balance of \$3,383,431. Of the bank balance, \$200,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$3,183,431 was covered by collateral held by authorized escrow agents in the name of the Town.

II. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

2. Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in Exhibit A, the Combined Balance Sheet, are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

Fund

June 30, 2002

Proprietary Funds Accounts receivable

\$ 16,000

3. Fixed Assets

Changes in General Fixed Assets

A summary of changes in the Town's general fixed assets is as follows:

	General fixed assets 7-1-01	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	General fixed assets 6-30-02
By asset type:					
Land and buildings Equipment	\$1,953,002 341,523	\$452,222 70,324	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ 2,405,224 411,847
Vehicles and motorized	100.075	00.404			
equipment	420,275	22,101			442,376
	<u>\$2,714,800</u>	<u>\$544,647</u>	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,259,447
By function:					
General government	\$2,001,456	\$446,410	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,447,866
Public safety Street and sanitation	537,523 92,448	93,110 -	-	-	630,633 92,448
Cultural and					•
recreational	83,373	5,127			88,500
	\$2,714,800	<u>\$544,647</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$	\$ 3,259,447
Reconciliation of additions:					
Capital outlay expenditures		\$544,859			
Items under capitalization thresho	old	(212)			
		\$544,647			

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

Proprietary Fund Fixed Assets

The fixed assets of the Enterprise Fund at June 30, 2002 are composed as follows:

Water and Sewer Fund	Fixed assets	Accumulated depreciation	Net
Plant and distribution systems Furniture and maintenance equipment Vehicles	\$ 3,090,112 308,016 93,709	\$ 1,267,338 82,383 74,522	\$ 1,822,774 225,633 19,187
	\$ 3,491,837	\$ 1,424,243	\$ 2,067,594

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town of Biscoe contributes to the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina LGERS provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 3512 Bush Street, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute six percent of their covered salary. The Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. For the Town, the rate for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers is 10.29% and 10.27%, respectively, of annual covered payroll for the year ending June 30, 2002. The contribution requirements of member of the Town of Biscoe is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town's contributions to LGERS for years ended June 30, 2002, 2001, and 2000 were \$47,210, \$43,325, and \$36,159, respectively. The contributions made by the Town equaled the required contributions for each year.

II. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

b. <u>Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance</u>

Plan Description

The Town of Biscoe administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer retirement defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Separation Allowance is reported in the Town's report as a pension trust fund.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation allowance. At December 31, 2001, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	0
Terminated plan members entitled	
to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active plan members	8
Total	8

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. Financial statements for the Separation Allowance are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and when the Town has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments. Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term debt, deposits, repurchase agreements, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust investments are reported at cost or amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Certain longer term United States Government and United States Agency securities are valued at the last reported sales price.

Contributions

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned by making contributions based on actuarial valuations. For the current year, the Town contributed \$2,500, or 1.06% of annual covered payroll. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administrative costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings.

II. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

b. <u>Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance</u> (Continued)

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the December 31, 2000 actuarial valuation using the aggregate method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.25% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and (b) projected salary increases of 5.9% – 9.8% per year. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.75%. The assumptions did not include postretirement benefit increases.

<u>Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation</u> - The Town's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to the Separation Allowance for the current year were as follows:

Annual required contribution Interest on net pension obligation Adjustment to annual required contrib Annual pension cost Contributions made Increase (decrease) in net pension of Net pension obligation beginning of fis	oligation scal year		\$ 4,891 - - 4,891 2,500 2,391 - - \$ 2,391
Fiscal Year Ended	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
6-30-02	\$ 4,891	51.11%	\$ 2,391

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

<u>Plan Description</u> The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

<u>Funding Policy</u> Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2002 were \$24,322, which consisted of \$16,469 from the Town and \$7,853 from the law enforcement officers.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

d. Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund

<u>Plan Description</u>. The State of North Carolina contributes, on behalf of the Town of Biscoe, to the Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund (Fund), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation administered by the State of North Carolina. The Fund provides pension benefits for eligible fire and rescue squad workers that have elected to become members of the fund. Article 86 of G.S. Chapter 58 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 3512 Bush Street, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

<u>Funding Policy</u>. Plan members are required to contribute \$10 per month to the Fund which is paid by the Town. The State, a nonemployer contributor, funds the plan through appropriations. Contribution requirements of plan members and the State of North Carolina are established and may be amended by North Carolina General Assembly.

e. <u>Postemployment Benefits</u>

At retirement, all employees have the option to purchase basic medical insurance at the Town's group rate. The entire cost of this insurance is borne by the employees.

The Town has also elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multipleemployer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$20,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll, based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. Because the benefit payments are made by the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, the Town made contributions to the State for death benefits of \$313. The Town's required contributions for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers represented -0-% and .14% of covered payroll, respectively. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the postemployment benefit amount and the other benefit amount.

II. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

2. Deferred Revenues

The balance in deferred revenues at year-end is composed of the following elements:

	General Fund
Prepaid taxes not yet earned Taxes receivable	\$ 1,450 <u>38,559</u>
Total deferred revenues	\$ 40,009

3. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, worker's compensation coverage up to the statutory limits, and employee health coverage up to \$1 million lifetime limit. The pools are reinsured through commercial companies for single occurrence claims against general liability, auto liability and property liability in excess of \$500,000, and \$300,000 statutory limits for workers' compensation. The pools are reinsured for annual employee health claims in excess of \$150,000. The property liability pool has an aggregate limit for the total property losses in a single year, with the reinsurance limit based upon a percentage of the total insurance values.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

4. Long-term Debt

At June 30, 2002, the Town had a legal debt margin of approximately \$7,404,387.

C. Fund Equity

Enterprise Fund - Contributed Capital

Grants, entitlements, and shared revenues restricted for the acquisition or construction of capital assets were recorded as contributed capital prior to the implementation of GASB Statement 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions. As required by GASB Statement 33, the Town has begun recognizing capital contributions as revenue in the current year rather than as contributed capital. The Town utilizes an option allowed under NCGA Statement 2 for the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Retained Earnings (Exhibit 4) whereby it closes depreciation expense on assets acquired or constructed through grants, entitlements, or shared revenues to the contributed capital account rather than to retained earnings.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

C. Fund Equity (Continued)

The following is a summary of the changes in contributed capital of the Town of Biscoe for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002:

	State_	_Local_	Total
Contributed capital, 7/1/01	\$418,339	\$777,902	\$ 1,196,241
Less: amortization	_(13,345)	_(22,880)	(36,225)
Contributed capital, 6/30/02	\$404,994	\$755,022	\$ 1,160,016

D. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

On-behalf of payments for Fringe Benefits and Salaries

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, the Town of Biscoe recognized on-behalf of payments for pension contributions made by the State as a revenue and an expenditure of \$10,890 for the 33 volunteer firemen who perform firefighting duties for the Town's fire department. The volunteers elected to be members of the Firemen and Rescue Squad Worker's Pension Fund, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system established and administered by the State of North Carolina. The plan is funded by a \$10 monthly contribution paid by each member, investment income, and a State appropriation.

V. JOINT VENTURE

The Town participates in a joint venture to operate the Montgomery Municipal Board of Alcoholic Beverage Control with our other local governments. Each participating government appoints one board member to the five-member ABC roard. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the Montgomery municipal Board of Alcoholic Beverage Control, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2002. Complete inancial statements for the Montgomery Municipal Board of Alcoholic Beverage can be obtained at the ABC's offices at 3. O. Box 279, Biscoe, NC 27209.

1. SIGNIFICANT TAXPAYER

he Town, a political subdivision of Montgomery County, North Carolina, is located near the center of the State. It has ne taxpayer that comprises approximately 13.86% of its total tax levy. If this taxpayer were to leave its present ocation, it would materially affect the financial situation of the Town. As of June 30, 2002, this significant taxpayer has eased operations and is in the process of removing personal property from its location. The taxes paid on their ersonal property comprises approximately 54% of total tax paid by this one taxpayer.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial valuation date	Actuarial value of assets (a)	Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) projected unit credit (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) _(b – a)	Funded ratio _(a/b)	Covered payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of covered payroll _((b – a)/c)
12-31-98*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
12-31-99*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
12-31-00	\$ 37,616	\$ 54,666	\$17,050	68.81%	\$ 203,443	8.38%
12-31-01	42,045	62,708	20,663	67.05%	187,336	11.03%

^{&#}x27;N/A denotes a year in which no actuarial study was performed.

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Year ended June 30		4	Annual required contribution	Percentage contributed
1999			\$ 2,044	122%
2000*	*		N/A	N/A
2001*			N/A	N/A
2002			4,891	51%

'N/A denotes a year in which no actuarial study was performed.

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7.25%

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SCHEDULES

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation date 12-31-01

Actuarial cost method Projected unit credit

Amortization method Level percent of pay closed

Remaining amortization period 29 years

Asset valuation method Market value

Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return

Projected salary increases 5.9 - 9.8%

Includes inflation at 3.75%

Cost of living adjustments N/A

INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

\SSETS	June 30, 2002	June 30, 2001
Cash and investments Faxes receivable Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable	\$ 890,161 38,559 114,707 7,572	\$1,284,359 38,406 85,565 21,012
JABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	<u>\$1,050,999</u>	<u>\$1,429,342</u>
.IABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenues Total liabilities	\$ 16,819 40,009 56,828	\$ 108,236 39,728 147,964
Reserved by State statute Reserved for streets - Powell Bill Unreserved Designated for subsequent year's expanditures	122,279 92,106	90,581 61,097
Designated for subsequent year's expenditures Undesignated, as restated Total fund balance	58,500 721,286 994,171	734,925 <u>394,775</u> <u>1,281,378</u>
	\$1,050,999	\$1,429,342

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE SUDGET AND ACTUAL

or the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

Vith Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

		2002		2001
	Pudast		Variance favorable	2 = 2
REVENUES	Budget	Actual	(unfavorable)	Actual
Ad valorem taxes				
Taxes		\$ 424,671		\$ 372,805
Penalties and interest		2,213		1,360
	\$ 396,500	426,884	\$ 30,384	374,165
Other taxes and licenses				
ABC mixed beverage		3,086		4,374
Local option sales tax		196,320		204,200
Cablevision franchise tax		4,496		4,142
Other taxes		383		330
	208,300	204,285	(4,015)	213,046
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues				
Inventory tax reimbursement		15,854		31,992
Intangibles tax reimbursement		9,511		9,968
Senior citizens exemption reimbursement		-		1,171
Franchise tax		95,633		195,261
Beer and wine Telecomm sales tax				7,284
Grant funds		1,824		
Tax refunds		81,820 3,074		7,979
	278,050	207,716	(70,334)	8,255 261,910
			1.0,001)	
Restricted intergovernmental revenues				
"State Street-Aid" allocation		62,381		61,695
On-behalf of payments-fire	63,000	10,890	10,271	10,440
	03,000	73,271	10,271	72,135
Sales and service				
Cemetery lots		10,850		7,973
Park fees and concessions		60,351		19,078
Tennis courts and softball field	44.000	2,569		1,590
	14,000	73,770	59,770	28,641
Investment earnings	55,500	28,038	(27,462)	70,245
				10,210
Miscellaneous				
Sale of fixed assets Other		-		1,400
Outer	6,500	<u>15,912</u>	0.440	27,373
	0,500	15,912	9,412	28,773
TOTAL REVENUES	1,021,850	1,029,876	8,026	1,048,915

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

Statement 5 Page 2 of 3

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

	11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-	2002			
			Variance favorable	2001	
EXPENDITURES General government Governing body	<u>Budget</u>	Actual	(<u>unfavorable</u>)	Actual	
Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures	\$ 16,900	\$ 14,400 <u>59</u> 14,459	\$ 2,441	\$ 12,600 256 12,856	
Administration Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay	220,000	111,378 92,829 1,453	-	112,242 136,446 32,020	
Legal and professional services	236,800	205,660	31,140	280,708	
Operating expenditures	35,000	13,407	21,593	20,179	
Public buildings and grounds Operating expenditures Capital outlay	655,884	21,984 <u>445,170</u> 467,154	188,730	96,676 314,512 311,188	
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	944,584	700,680	243,904	624,931	
Public safety Police department Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay	502,100	327,298 46,889 71,366 445,553	56,547	291,268 37,611 33,630 362,509	
Fire department Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay	108,163	25,425 27,247 21,744 74,416	33,747	25,763 31,846 10,199 67,808	
On behalf of payments		10,890	(10,890)	10,440	
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	610,263	530,859	79,404	440,757	

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

Statement 5 Page 3 of 3

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

	2.00	2002		
	Budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)	2001 Actual
EXPENDITURES (Continued) Transportation Street repair and maintenance			(dillavorable)	Actual
Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures	g e	\$ 94,177 124,520		\$ 82,867 126,840
Capital outlay	\$ 317,025	67,605 286,302	\$ 30,723	1,225 210,932
Powell Bill Operating expenditures Sidewalk construction		29,100		54,107
Sidewalk correct delign	96,500	2,381 31,481	65,019	5,472 59,579
TOTAL TRANSPORTATION	413,525	317,783	95,742	270,511
Cultural and recreational Recreation				
Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay	<u></u>	23,461 49,195 5,127		32,795 113,153
TOTAL CULTURAL AND RECREATIONAL	99,500	77,783	21,717	145,948
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,067,872	1,627,105	440,767	1,482,147
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,046,022)	(597,229)	448,793	(433,232)
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers (to) from other funds Capital Reserve Fund Total other financing sources (uses)	310,022 310,022	310,022 310,022		<u>-</u>
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	(736,000)	(287,207)	448,793	(433,231)
FUND BALANCE APPROPRIATED	736,000		(736,000)	
REVENUES AND APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>\$</u>	(287,207)	<u>\$ (287,207)</u>	(433,232)
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year, July 1		1,281,378		1,714,610
END OF YEAR, June 30		\$ 994,171		\$ 1,281,378

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA CAPITAL RESERVE FUND

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

Nith Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

		2002 Variance		
	Budget_	Actual	favorable (unfavorable)	Actual
REVENUES Investment earnings	\$ 65,000	\$ 59,193	\$ (5,807)	\$ 80,412
TOTAL REVENUES	65,000	59,193	(5,807)	80,412
EXPENDITURES				
Revenues over expenditures	65,000	59,193	(5,807)	80,412
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers (to) from other funds Capital Reserve Fund Total other financing sources (uses) REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING	_(310,022) _(310,022)	(310,022) (310,022)		<u>-</u>
SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	(245,022)	(250,829)	(5,807)	
UND BALANCE APPROPRIATED	_245,022		(245,022)	
REVENUES AND APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE OVER EXPENDITURES	<u> </u>	(250,829)	<u>\$(250,829</u>)	80,412
und balance Beginning of year		1,573,387		1,492,975
END OF YEAR		\$ 1,322,558		\$ 1,573,387

FOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)

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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

Nith Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

		2002		2001
	Budget	_Actual_	Variance favorable (unfavorable)	Actual
REVENUES Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$ 435,000	¢ 512 944	Ф 77 0 <i>44</i>	0.547.400
Changes for services	φ 433,000	<u>\$ 512,844</u>	\$ 77,844	\$ 517,188
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	435,000	512,844	77,844	_517,188
Nonoperating revenues: Investment earnings Tax refunds Miscellaneous non-operating revenue		36,365 2,401		63,174 10,286
revenue		3,701		1,723
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES	62,000	42,467	(19,533)	75,183
TOTAL REVENUES	497,000	_555,311	58,311	592,371
EXPENDITURES Water and sewer department Salaries and employee				
benefits Operating expenditures Water purchased Capital outlay		95,659 239,374 218,420 139,142	×:	94,315 171,523 232,606 213,408
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENDITURES	744,300	692,595	51,705	711,852
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	744,300	692,595	51,705	_711,852
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(247,300)	(137,284)	110,016	(119,481)
Appropriated retained earnings	247,300		247,300	
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS UNDER EXPENDITURES	\$ <u> </u>	<u>\$(137,284</u>)	<u>\$(137,284)</u>	<u>\$(119,481</u>)

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

expenditures

Statement 7 Page 2 of 2

\$(119,481)

Reconciliation of modified accrual basis
to full accrual basis:

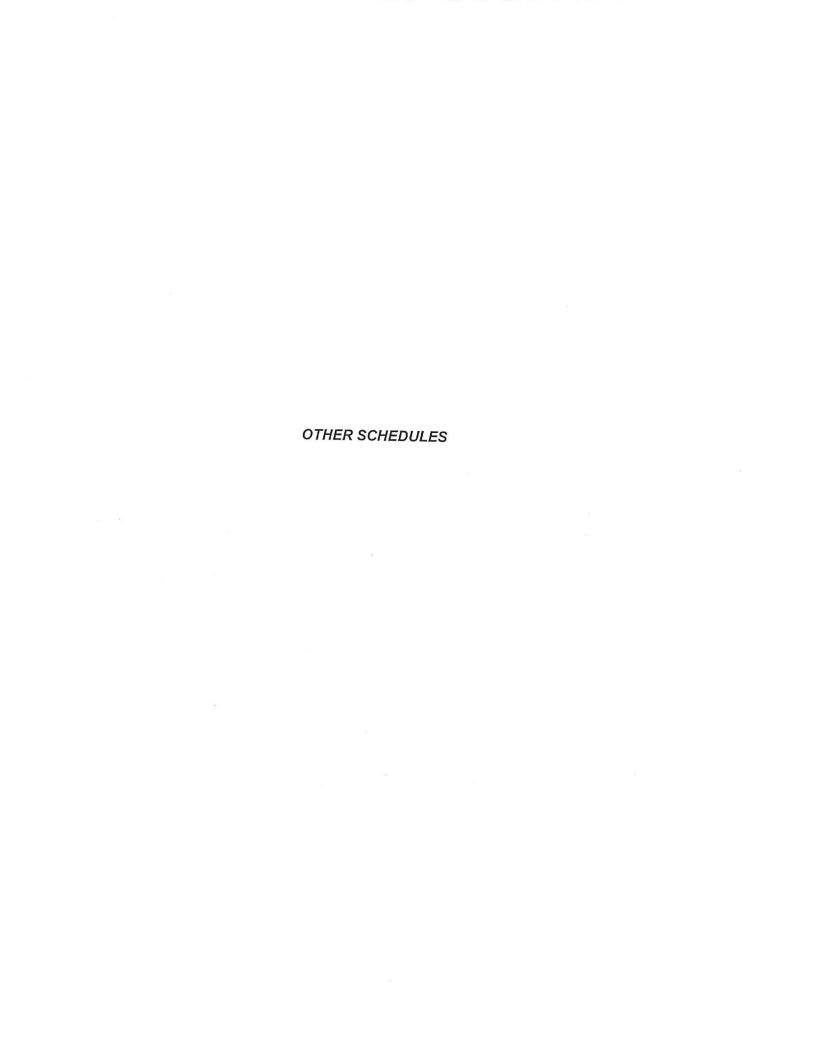
Excess of revenues and appropriated retained earnings under

 Depreciation
 (110,411)
 (97,750)

 Capital outlay
 139,142
 213,408

NET LOSS - EXHIBIT D \$(108,553) \$ (3,823)

\$(137,284)



TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE June 30, 2002

Fiscal year	Uncollected balance June 30, 2001	Additions	Collections and credits	Uncollected balance June 30, 2002
2001-2002	\$ -	\$ 425,752	\$ (412,938)	\$12,814
2000-2001	\$ 25,659	:: ⊗ =	(9,636)	16,023
1999-2000	3,662	2. -	(1,684)	1,978
1998-1999	2,838	y .,	(239)	2,599
1997-1998	1,157	-	(84)	1,073
1996-1997	817	-	(29)	788
1995-1996	1,297	H	(119)	1,178
1994-1995	1,060	-	(42)	1,018
1993-1994	674	-	(3)	671
992-1993	417	~	5	417
991-1992	<u>825</u>		(825)	
	\$ 38,406	\$ 425,752	<u>\$ (425,599</u>)	<u>\$38,559</u>
Reconciliation with revenues:				
Taxes - ad valorem - General Fund		\$ 426,884		
Reconciling items: Interest collected Taxes written off Other adjustments		(2,213) 825 103		
otal collections and credits		\$ 425,599		

				Total lo	evy
	Total property valuation	Rate	Amount of levy	excluding registered motor vehicles	Registered motor vehicles
Original Levy:	# 00 540 007	.	4		
Property taxed at current year's rate Property taxed at prior year's rate	\$89,513,937 3,316,078	\$.46 .46	\$ 411,764 <u>15,254</u>	\$ 378,120 	\$ 33,644 15,254
TOTAL	92,830,015		427,018	378,120	48,898
Discoveries:					
Current year taxes	58,802	.46	270	270	-
Abatements	(333,985)	.46	(1,536)	(1,097)	(439)
Total property valuation	\$92,554,832				
Net levy			425,752	377,293	48,459
Jncollected taxes			12,814	4,340	8,474
Current years taxes collected			\$ 412,938	\$ 372,953	<u>\$ 39,985</u>
Current levy collection percentage			96.99%	98.85%	<u>82.51%</u>

TOWN OF BISCOE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA

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Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners Town of Biscoe Biscoe, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Town of Biscoe, North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of Town of Biscoe's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Town of Biscoe, North Carolina as of June 30, 2002 and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund type for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements, taken as a whole. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

October 3, 2002

Dixon Com Pecc

A member of Moores Rowland International



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TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINED BALANCE SHEET - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS June 30, 2002 With Comparative Totals June 30, 2001

ls lum Only) June 30 2001	\$ 4,103,496 38,406 140,682 62,032 30,842 9,809 4,753,663	\$ 9,138,930	\$ 142,609 9,809 39,728	192,146	1,196,241 2,714,800 2,141,458	90,581 61,097 39,520	734,925 1,573,387 394,775	8,946,784	\$ 9,138,930
Totals (Memorandum Only) June 30 June 30 2001	\$ 3,352,227 38,559 167,269 37,141 33,181 9,517 5,327,041	\$ 8,964,935	\$ 66,904 9,517 40,009	116,430	1,160,016 3,259,447 2,069,130	122,279 92,106 43,183	58,500 1,322,558 721,286	8,848,505	\$ 8,964,935
Account Group General Fixed Assets	\$	\$3,259,447	€	1	3,259,447		F 1 1	3,259,447	\$3,259,447
Fiduciary Fund Types Trust	\$ 42,799	\$ 43,183	↔		1 1 1	43,183	1 1 1	43,183	\$ 43,183
Proprietary Fund Types Enterprise	\$1,116,108 - 52,562 9,786 33,181 9,517 2,067,594	\$3,288,748	\$ 50,085	59,602	1,160,016	1 1 1	1 1 1	3,229,146	\$3,288,748
Governmental Fund Types Special General Revenue	\$1,303,159 - 19,399	\$1,322,558	€	1	111	7 1 1	1,322,558	1,322,558	\$1,322,558
Governmenta	\$ 890,161 38,559 114,707 7,572	\$1,050,999	\$ 16,819 -	56,828	ιĊι	122,279 92,106	58,500 - 721,286	994,171	\$1,050,999
	ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS Cash and investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable Inventories Restricted cash and investments Fixed assets, net	TOTAL ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS	LIABILITIES EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deposits Deferred revenues	TOTAL LIABILITIES	EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS Contributed capital (net) Investment in general fixed assets Retained earnings Fund balances	Reserved by State statute Reserved for streets - Powell Bill Reserved for employees' pension benefits Unreserved:	Designated for subsequent years' expenditures Designated for capital projects Undesignated	TOTAL EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS	TOTAL LIABILITIES, EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

Exhibit B

With Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2001

	Governmenta	l Fund Types	Tota (Memorana	
	General	Special Revenue	June 30 2002	June 30 2001
REVENUES			nar oceanos	***
Ad valorem taxes Other taxes and licenses Unrestricted intergovernmental	\$ 426,884 204,285	\$ -	\$ 426,884 204,285	\$ 374,165 213,046
revenues Restricted intergovernmental	207,716	-	207,716	261,910
revenues Sales and services	73,271 73,770	-	73,271 73,770	72,135 28,641
Investment earnings Miscellaneous	28,038 15,912	59,193 	87,231 15,912	150,657 28,773
TOTAL REVENUES	1,029,876	59,193	1,089,069	1,129,327
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government Public safety Transportation	700,680 530,859 317,783	-	700,680 530,859 317,783	624,931 440,757 270,511
Cultural and recreational	77,783		77,783	145,948
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,627,105		1,627,105	1,482,147
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(597,229)	59,193	(538,036)	(352,820)
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers (to) from other funds Capital Reserve Fund Total other financing sources (uses)	310,022 310,022	<u>(310,022)</u> <u>(310,022)</u>		
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	(287,207)	(250,829)	(538,036)	(352,820)
FUND BALANCE Beginning of year, July 1	1,281,378	1,573,387	2,854,765	3,207,585
END OF YEAR, JUNE 30	<u>\$ 994,171</u>	\$1,322,558	\$2,316,729	<u>\$2,854,765</u>

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2002

	Variance	able	(Uniavorable)	30,384	4,015)	(70,334)	10.271	59,770	(33,269)	9,412	2,219			243,904	79,404	95,742	21,717	440,767	442,986	1.11	1
(Vluc	Vari	favorable	Oniav	с 6		É	`_	IJ	8					24	7	6	2	44	44		
Totals (Memorandum Only)		0.40	Actual	\$ 426,884	204,285	207,716	73,271	73,770	87,231	15,912	1,089,069			700,680	530,859	317,783	77,783	1,627,105	(538,036)	310,022 (310,022)	
Š		+0201G	1	\$ 396,500	208,300	278,050	63,000	14,000	120,500	6,500	1,086,850		а	944,584	610,263	413,525	99,500	2,067,872	(981,022)	310,022 (310,022)	1
Fund	Variance	favorable	(Ullavolable)	, \$	i	1	1	1	(5,807)		(5,807)			ī	1	ī	1	1	(5,807)	1 1	1
Special Revenue Fund		Ic. 100	Actual	ı У	t	J	ı	1	59,193		59,193			ť	•	i	1		59,193	(310,022)	(310,022)
S		Rudget		· \$	1	,	ı	ı	65,000		65,000			ı	1	ľ		1	65,000	(310,022)	(310,022)
	Variance	favorable (1 Infavorable)	OIIIavoiable	\$ 30,384	(4,015)	(70,334)	10,271	59,770	(27,462)	9,412	8,026			243,904	79,404	95,742	21,717	440,767	448,793	1 1	
General Fund		Actual	שחסכ	\$ 426,884	204,285	207,716	73,271	73,770	28,038	15,912	1,029,876			700,680	530,859	317,783	77,783	1,627,105	(597,229)	310,022	310,022
		Rudaet	19Rpp	\$ 396,500	208,300	278,050	63,000	14,000	55,500	6,500	1,021,850			944,584	610,263	413,525	99,500	2,067,872	(1,046,022)	310,022	310,022
			REVENUES	Ad valorem taxes	Other taxes and licenses	Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	Restricted intergovernmental revenues	Sales and services	Investment earnings	Miscellaneous	TOTAL REVENUES	EXPENDITURES	Current:	General government	Public safety	Iransportation	Cultural and recreational	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	Revenues over (under) expenditures	Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers (to) from other funds General Fund Capital Reserve Fund	iotal ottler ilitationily sources (uses)

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2002

	Ф	e Sle)	98	22)	<u>(9</u>		
(yluty)	Variance	favorable (Unfavorable)	\$ 442,98	(981,022)	\$ (538,036)		
Totals (Memorandum Only)		Actual	\$ (538,036)		(538,036)	2,854,765	\$2,316,729
Ď		Budget	\$ (981,022)	981,022	\$		
e Fund	Variance	favorable (Unfavorable)	\$ (5,807)	(245,022)	\$(250,829)		
Special Revenue Fund		Actual	\$ (250,829)	1	(250,829)	1,573,387	\$1,322,558
Sp		Budget	\$(245,022)	245,022	С		
	Variance	favorable (Unfavorable)	\$ 448,793 \$(245,022) \$ (250,829) \$ (5,807) \$ (981,022) \$ (538,036) \$ 442,986	(736,000)	\$(287,207)		×
General Fund		Actual	\$ (736,000) \$ (287,207)		(287,207)	1,281,378	\$ 994,171
57		Budget	\$ (736,000)	736,000	Ф		
			REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	FUND BALANCE APPROPRIATED	REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	FUND BALANCE Beginning of year, July 1	END OF YEAR, JUNE 30

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS - PROPRIETARY FUND WATER AND SEWER FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 With Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2001

Exhibit D

		June 30, 2002	June 30, 2001	
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services		\$ 512,844	\$ 517,18	38
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		512,844	517,18	38
OPERATING EXPENSES Water and sewer department Depreciation		553,453 110,411	498,44 97,75	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		663,864	596,19	<u>)4</u>
OPERATING LOSS		(151,020)	(79,006	<u>6</u>)
NONOPERATING REVENUES Interest earned on investments Tax refunds Miscellaneous revenue		36,365 2,401 3,701	63,17 10,28 1,72	36
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES		42,467	75,18	33
	NET LOSS	(108,553)	(3,823	3)
ADD DEPRECIATION ON CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL		36,225	36,22	<u>25</u>
(DECREASE) INCREASE IN RETAINED EARNINGS		(72,328)	32,40)2
RETAINED EARNINGS, JULY 1		2,141,458	2,109,05	<u>6</u>
RETAINED EA	RNINGS, JUNE 30	\$ 2,069,130	\$ 2,141,45	i8

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND WATER AND SEWER FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

Exhibit E

With Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2001

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACT Cash received from customers/contribu Cash paid for goods and services Cash paid to employees Net (decrease) customer deposits		June 30, 2002 \$ 515,399 (445,663) (94,417) (292)	June 30, 2001 \$ 647,411 (422,151) (94,208) (635)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets Miscellaneous non-operating revenue Tax refunds	NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(139,142) 3,701 2,401 (133,040)	(213,408) 1,723 10,286 (201,399)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITY Interest on investments	/ITIES NET DECREASE IN CASH	<u>36,554</u> (121,459)	66,853
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	CASH AT END OF YEAR		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOS NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPER Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Change in assets and liabilities:		\$ (151,020) 110,411	\$ (79,006) 97,750
(Increase) decrease in: Accounts receivable Inventory Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable Customer deposits Total adjustments NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY		2,555 (2,339) 15,712 (292) 126,047	130,223 (12,499) (5,416) (635) 209,423
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		<u>\$ (24,973)</u>	<u>\$ 130,417</u>

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS PENSION TRUST FUND

Exhibit F

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2002 and 2001

		June 30, 2002	June 30, 2001
ADDITIONS Employer contributions Interest income		\$ 2,500 	\$ 2,500 <u>2,149</u>
	TOTAL ADDITIONS	3,663	4,649
DEDUCTIONS			
	NET INCREASE	3,663	4,649
FUND BALANCE RESERVED FOR EMPLOYEE'S PENSION BENEFITS			
Beginning of year		39,520	34,871
End of year		<u>\$ 43,183</u>	\$ 39,520

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Biscoe conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Biscoe is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the Town includes any component unit for which it is financially accountable. For the year ended June 30, 2002, no component units were included in the financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Town are organized and operated on the basis of funds and account groups. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts comprised of assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses as appropriate. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The account groups are not funds but are a reporting device used to account for certain assets and liabilities of the governmental funds that are not recorded directly in those funds.

The Town uses the following fund categories (further divided by fund type) and account groups:

<u>GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</u> are used to account for the Town's governmental functions. Governmental Funds include the following fund types:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes and State-shared revenues. The primary expenditures are for public safety, streets and highways, and general government services.

Special Revenue Fund - Special Revenue Funds account for specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Town maintains one Special Revenue Fund, the Capital Reserve Fund.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS include the following fund type:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Town of Biscoe has one Enterprise Fund - the Water and Sewer Fund.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary Funds account for the assets held by the Town in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. Fiduciary funds include the following fund:

Pension Trust Fund - The Town has a Pension Trust Fund, the Special Separation Allowance Fund, that accounts for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance, a single-employer, public employee retirement system.

ACCOUNT GROUPS

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This group of accounts is used to account for all fixed assets of the Town, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing uses) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The proprietary funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund type equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Operating statements for these funds present increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in net total assets. As required for periods beginning after June 15, 2000 by Statement 33 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions, the Board has begun recognizing capital contributions as revenue in the current year rather than contributed capital. There were no additions for the year ended June 30, 2002.

The basis of accounting determines when the revenues and expenditures or expenses and the related assets and liabilities are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental fund types are presented in the financial statements on this same basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable" and "available") to pay the liabilities of the current period. In addition, expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgements, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

The Town recognizes assets of nonexchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs. when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized on the modified accrual basis of accounting when they are measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions occur when one government provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the subsequent year. Also, as of January 1, 1993, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, Montgomery County is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts in the County, including the Town of Biscoe. For motor vehicles registered under the staggered system, property taxes are due the first day of the fourth month after the vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they become due. Therefore, the Town's vehicle taxes for vehicles registered in Montgomery County from March 2001 through February 2002 apply to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. Uncollected taxes which were billed during this period are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred revenues. Those taxes for vehicles registered from March 1 through the fiscal year-end apply to the 2002-2003 fiscal year and are not shown as receivables at June 30, 2002. For vehicles registered under the annual system, taxes are due on May 1 of each year. For those vehicles registered and billed under the annual system, uncollected taxes are reported as a receivable on the financial statements and are offset by deferred revenues because the due date and the date upon which interest begins to accrue passed prior to June 30. The taxes for vehicles registered annually that have already been collected as of year-end are also reflected as deferred revenues at June 30, 2002 because they are intended to finance the Town's operations during the 2002-2003 fiscal year.

Sales taxes collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as deferred revenues. On-behalf of payments made by the State to the Firemen's and Rescue Squad Worker's Pension Plan for volunteer firemen, as well as employees of the Town, are recognized as revenues and expenditures during the period in which the State makes the contributions to the plan. Also, the State's contributions to the Firemen's Relief Fund, which have been spent by the local board of trustees for various salary supplements and stipends for employees and volunteers, have been recognized as revenues and expenditures during the period in which those payments were received.

Proprietary funds and the Pension Trust Fund are presented in the financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when earned and expenses are recognized in the period when incurred. As permitted by generally accepted accounting principles, the Town has elected to apply only applicable FASB Statements and Interpretations issued before November 30, 1989 in its accounting and reporting practices for its proprietary operations and Pension Trust Fund.

D. <u>Budgetary Data</u>

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, Capital Reserve Fund, and the Enterprise Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. The Town Finance Officer is authorized to transfer appropriations between functional areas within a fund up to \$1,000; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund or that changes functional appropriations by more than \$1,000 must be approved by the governing board. During the year several amendments to the original budget were necessary, the effects of which were not material.

A budget calendar is included in the North Carolina General Statutes which prescribes the last day on which certain steps of that budget procedure are to be performed. The following schedule lists the tasks to be performed and the date by which each is required to be completed.

- April 30 Each department head will transmit to the budget officer the budget requests and the revenue estimates for their department for the budget year.
- June 1 The budget and the budget message shall be submitted to the governing board. The public hearing on the budget shall be scheduled at this time.
- July 1 The budget ordinance shall be adopted by the governing board.

F. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

Deposits and Investments

1. Deposits

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law (G.S. 159-31). The Town may designate as an official depository any bank or savings and loan association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law (G.S. 159-30(c)) authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and banker's acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust, (NCCMT).

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected.

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a), ad valorem taxes are levied on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year and are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. The taxes levied are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2001. As allowed by state law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes which are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. Inventories

Inventories are maintained for all enterprise fund supplies. They are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The inventory of the enterprise fund consists of expendable supplies and is recorded as an expenditure as it is consumed.

7. Fixed Assets

General fixed assets are recorded at original cost. Donated assets are listed at the market value at the time of donation. The original cost of certain items acquired before July 1, 1970, are recorded at an estimated original cost. The total of such estimates is not considered large enough that errors would be material when the fixed assets are considered as a whole. Assets in the General Fixed Assets Account Group are not depreciated.

It is the Town's policy not to capitalize infrastructure type assets. Infrastructure, or public domain assets include roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, street and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems. Such assets are immovable and of value only to the Town.

Enterprise fixed assets are recorded at original cost at the time of acquisition. Property, plant and equipment donated to the enterprise fund are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Plant assets are depreciated on a composite straight-line basis for the entire plant regardless of year of acquisition, at a 2.5% annual rate. In the composite rate, gain or loss on dispositions is not calculated except in extraordinary circumstances. Other assets in the Enterprise Fund of the Town are depreciated by the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful lives as follows:

Furniture and office equipment 7-10 years
Maintenance and construction equipment 5-7 years
Medium and heavy motor vehicles 5-7 years
Automobiles and light trucks 3-5 years

8. Fund Equity

Reservations or restrictions of equity represent amounts that cannot be appropriated or are legally segregated for a specific purpose. Designations of equity represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

State law (G.S. 159-13(b)(16)) restricts appropriation of fund balance or fund equity for the subsequent year's budget to an amount not to exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts as these amounts stand at the close of the fiscal year preceding the budget year.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Reserved

Reserved by State statute - portion of fund balance <u>not</u> available for appropriation under State law (G.S. 159-8(a)). This amount is usually comprised of receivables and interfund receivables which have not been offset by deferred revenues.

Reserved for streets - Powell Bill - portion of fund balance available for appropriation but legally segregated for street construction and maintenance expenditures. It represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Unreserved

Designated for subsequent year's expenditures - portion of total fund balance available for appropriation which has been designated for the adopted 2002-2003 budget ordinance.

Designated for Capital Projects - portion of fund balance available for appropriation which has been designated for Capital Projects.

Undesignated - portion of total fund balance available for appropriation which is uncommitted at year-end.

G. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

1. Other Resources

The General Fund provides the basis of local resources for other governmental funds. These transactions are recorded as "Operating transfers-out" in the General Fund and "Operating transfers-in" to the receiving fund.

2. Compensated Absences

The policies of the Town provide for no accumulation of earned vacation as of June 30, 2002.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for a maximum of 90 days of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

H. Total (Memorandum Only) Columns

The total columns on the accompanying financial statements are captioned as "Total (Memorandum Only)" because they do not represent consolidated financial information and are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. The columns do not present information that reflects financial position, results of operations, or cash flows in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

- A. <u>Material Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions</u>
- 1. Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

Expenditures of on-behalf payments are not considered to be violations of state statute budget requirements (see Note III, D).

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. Assets

Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

At June 30, 2002, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$3,360,063 and a bank balance of \$3,383,431. Of the bank balance, \$200,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$3,183,431 was covered by collateral held by authorized escrow agents in the name of the Town.

2. Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in Exhibit A, the Combined Balance Sheet, are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

Fund

June 30, 2002

Proprietary Funds Accounts receivable

\$ 16,000

3. Fixed Assets

Changes in General Fixed Assets

A summary of changes in the Town's general fixed assets is as follows:

	General fixed assets 7-1-01	Additions	Retirements	<u>Transfers</u>	General fixed assets 6-30-02
By asset type: Land and buildings Equipment Vehicles and motorized	\$1,953,002 341,523	\$452,222 70,324	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,405,224 411,847
equipment	420,275	22,101		=	442,376
	\$2,714,800	\$544,647	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,259,447
By function: General government Public safety Street and sanitation Cultural and	\$2,001,456 537,523 92,448	\$446,410 93,110	\$ - - -	\$ -	\$ 2,447,866 630,633 92,448
recreational	83,373	5,127			88,500
	\$2,714,800	\$544,647	<u> </u>	\$	\$ 3,259,447
Reconciliation of additions: Capital outlay expenditures Items under capitalization thresh	nold	\$544,859 (212) \$544,647			

4. Proprietary Fund Fixed Assets

The fixed assets of the Enterprise Fund at June 30, 2002 are composed as follows:

Water and Sewer Fund	Fixed assets	Accumulated depreciation	Net
Plant and distribution systems Furniture and maintenance equipment Vehicles	\$ 3,090,112 308,016 <u>93,709</u>	\$ 1,267,338 82,383 74,522	\$ 1,822,774 225,633 19,187
*	\$ 3,491,837	\$ 1,424,243	\$ 2,067,594

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town of Biscoe contributes to the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina LGERS provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 3512 Bush Street, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute six percent of their covered salary. The Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. For the Town, the rate for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers is 10.29% and 10.27%, respectively, of annual covered payroll for the year ending June 30, 2002. The contribution requirements of member of the Town of Biscoe is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town's contributions to LGERS for years ended June 30, 2002, 2001, and 2000 were \$47,210, \$43,325, and \$36,159, respectively. The contributions made by the Town equaled the required contributions for each year.

b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description.

The Town of Biscoe administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer retirement defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Separation Allowance is reported in the Town's report as a pension trust fund.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation allowance. At December 31, 2001, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	10	0
Terminated plan members entitled		
to but not yet receiving benefits		0
Active plan members		8
		_
Total		8

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Basis of Accounting.</u> Financial statements for the Separation Allowance are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and when the Town has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments. Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term debt, deposits, repurchase agreements, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust investments are reported at cost or amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Certain longer term United States Government and United States Agency securities are valued at the last reported sales price.

Contributions

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned by making contributions based on actuarial valuations. For the current year, the Town contributed \$2,500, or 1.06% of annual covered payroll. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administrative costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings.

b. <u>Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance (Continued)</u>

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the December 31, 2000 actuarial valuation using the aggregate method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.25% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and (b) projected salary increases of 5.9% – 9.8% per year. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.75%. The assumptions did not include postretirement benefit increases.

<u>Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation</u> - The Town's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to the Separation Allowance for the current year were as follows:

Annual required contribution Interest on net pension obligation Adjustment to annual required contrib Annual pension cost Contributions made Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation beginning of fis Net pension obligation end of fiscal years	oligation scal year		\$	4,891 4,891 2,500 2,391
Fiscal Year Ended	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net P Oblig	ension ation
6-30-02	\$ 4,891	51.11%	\$	2,391

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

<u>Plan Description</u> The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

<u>Funding Policy</u> Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2002 were \$24,322, which consisted of \$16,469 from the Town and \$7,853 from the law enforcement officers.

d. Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund

<u>Plan Description</u>. The State of North Carolina contributes, on behalf of the Town of Biscoe, to the Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund (Fund), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation administered by the State of North Carolina. The Fund provides pension benefits for eligible fire and rescue squad workers that have elected to become members of the fund. Article 86 of G.S. Chapter 58 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 3512 Bush Street, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

<u>Funding Policy</u>. Plan members are required to contribute \$10 per month to the Fund which is paid by the Town. The State, a nonemployer contributor, funds the plan through appropriations. Contribution requirements of plan members and the State of North Carolina are established and may be amended by North Carolina General Assembly.

e. Postemployment Benefits

At retirement, all employees have the option to purchase basic medical insurance at the Town's group rate. The entire cost of this insurance is borne by the employees.

The Town has also elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multipleemployer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$20,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll, based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. Because the benefit payments are made by the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, the Town made contributions to the State for death benefits of \$313. The Town's required contributions for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers represented -0-% and .14% of covered payroll, respectively. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the postemployment benefit amount and the other benefit amount.

2. Deferred Revenues

The balance in deferred revenues at year-end is composed of the following elements:

	General Fund
Prepaid taxes not yet earned Taxes receivable	\$ 1,450 <u>38,559</u>
Total deferred revenues	\$ 40,009

3. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, worker's compensation coverage up to the statutory limits, and employee health coverage up to \$1 million lifetime limit. The pools are reinsured through commercial companies for single occurrence claims against general liability, auto liability and property liability in excess of \$500,000, and \$300,000 statutory limits for workers' compensation. The pools are reinsured for annual employee health claims in excess of \$150,000. The property liability pool has an aggregate limit for the total property losses in a single year, with the reinsurance limit based upon a percentage of the total insurance values.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Long-term Debt

At June 30, 2002, the Town had a legal debt margin of approximately \$7,404,387.

C. Fund Equity

Enterprise Fund - Contributed Capital

Grants, entitlements, and shared revenues restricted for the acquisition or construction of capital assets were recorded as contributed capital prior to the implementation of GASB Statement 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions. As required by GASB Statement 33, the Town has begun recognizing capital contributions as revenue in the current year rather than as contributed capital. The Town utilizes an option allowed under NCGA Statement 2 for the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Retained Earnings (Exhibit 4) whereby it closes depreciation expense on assets acquired or constructed through grants, entitlements, or shared revenues to the contributed capital account rather than to retained earnings.

C. Fund Equity (Continued)

The following is a summary of the changes in contributed capital of the Town of Biscoe for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002:

	State	Local	Total
Contributed capital, 7/1/01	\$418,339	\$777,902	\$ 1,196,241
Less: amortization	_(13,345)	_(22,880)	(36,225)
Contributed capital, 6/30/02	\$404,994	\$755,022	\$ 1,160,016

D. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

On-behalf of payments for Fringe Benefits and Salaries

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, the Town of Biscoe recognized on-behalf of payments for pension contributions made by the State as a revenue and an expenditure of \$10,890 for the 33 volunteer firemen who perform firefighting duties for the Town's fire department. The volunteers elected to be members of the Firemen and Rescue Squad Worker's Pension Fund, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system established and administered by the State of North Carolina. The plan is funded by a \$10 monthly contribution paid by each member, investment income, and a State appropriation.

IV. JOINT VENTURE

The Town participates in a joint venture to operate the Montgomery Municipal Board of Alcoholic Beverage Control with four other local governments. Each participating government appoints one board member to the five-member ABC board. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the Montgomery municipal Board of Alcoholic Beverage Control, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2002. Complete financial statements for the Montgomery Municipal Board of Alcoholic Beverage can be obtained at the ABC's offices at P. O. Box 279, Biscoe, NC 27209.

V. SIGNIFICANT TAXPAYER

The Town, a political subdivision of Montgomery County, North Carolina, is located near the center of the State. It has one taxpayer that comprises approximately 13.86% of its total tax levy. If this taxpayer were to leave its present location, it would materially affect the financial situation of the Town. As of June 30, 2002, this significant taxpayer has ceased operations and is in the process of removing personal property from its location. The taxes paid on their personal property comprises approximately 54% of total tax paid by this one taxpayer.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial valuation date	Actuarial value of assets	Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) projected unit credit (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b – a)	Funded ratio _(a/b)	Covered payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of covered payroll ((b – a)/c)
12-31-98*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
12-31-99*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
12-31-00	\$ 37,616	\$ 54,666	\$17,050	68.81%	\$ 203,443	8.38%
12-31-01	42,045	62,708	20,663	67.05%	187,336	11.03%

^{*}N/A denotes a year in which no actuarial study was performed.

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Year ended _June 30		Annual requiredcontribution	Percentage contributed
1999		\$ 2,044	122%
2000*	•	N/A	N/A
2001*		N/A	N/A
2002		4,891	51%

^{*}N/A denotes a year in which no actuarial study was performed.

Statement 3

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SCHEDULES

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation date 12-31-01

Actuarial cost method Projected unit credit

Amortization method Level percent of pay closed

Remaining amortization period 29 years

Asset valuation method Market value

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.25%

Projected salary increases 5.9 – 9.8%

Includes inflation at 3.75%

Cost of living adjustments N/A

INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2002 and June 30, 2001

ASSETS	June 30, 2002	June 30, 2001
Cash and investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable	\$ 890,161 38,559 114,707 7,572 \$1,050,999	\$1,284,359 38,406 85,565 21,012 \$1,429,342
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenues Total liabilities	\$ 16,819 40,009 56,828	\$ 108,236 39,728 147,964
FUND BALANCE Reserved by State statute Reserved for streets - Powell Bill Unreserved Designated for subsequent year's expenditures Undesignated, as restated Total fund balance	122,279 92,106 58,500 721,286 994,171	90,581 61,097 734,925 394,775 1,281,378
	\$1,050,999	\$1,429,342

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

Statement 5 Page 1 of 3

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

	9	2002		2001
REVENUES	Budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)	Actual
Ad valorem taxes Taxes Penalties and interest	\$ 396,500	\$ 424,671 2,213 426,884	\$ 30,384	\$ 372,805 1,360 374,165
Other taxes and licenses ABC mixed beverage Local option sales tax Cablevision franchise tax Other taxes	208,300	3,086 196,320 4,496 383 204,285	(4,015)	4,374 204,200 4,142 330 213,046
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues Inventory tax reimbursement Intangibles tax reimbursement Senior citizens exemption reimbursement Franchise tax Beer and wine Telecomm sales tax		15,854 9,511 - 95,633 - 1,824		31,992 9,968 1,171 195,261 7,284
Grant funds Tax refunds	278,050	81,820 3,074 207,716	(70,334)	7,979 8,255 261,910
Restricted intergovernmental revenues "State Street-Aid" allocation On-behalf of payments-fire	63,000	62,381 10,890 73,271	10,271	61,695 10,440 72,135
Sales and service Cemetery lots Park fees and concessions Tennis courts and softball field	14,000	10,850 60,351 2,569 73,770	59,770	7,973 19,078 1,590 28,641
Investment earnings	55,500	28,038	(27,462)	70,245
Miscellaneous Sale of fixed assets Other	6,500	15,912 15,912	9,412	1,400 <u>27,373</u> 28,773
TOTAL REVENUES	1,021,850	1,029,876	8,026	1,048,915

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

Statement 5 Page 2 of 3

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

		2002			
EXPENDITURES General government	Budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)	2001 Actual	
Governing body Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures	\$ 16,900	\$ 14,400 <u>59</u> 14,459	\$ 2,441	\$ 12,600 256 12,856	
Administration Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay	236,800	111,378 92,829 1,453 205,660	31,140	112,242 136,446 32,020 280,708	
Legal and professional services Operating expenditures	35,000	13,407	21,593	20,179	
Public buildings and grounds Operating expenditures Capital outlay	655,884	21,984 445,170 467,154	188,730	96,676 214,512 311,188	
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	944,584	700,680	243,904	624,931	
Public safety Police department Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay	502,100	327,298 46,889 71,366 445,553	56,547	291,268 37,611 33,630 362,509	
Fire department Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay	108,163	25,425 27,247 21,744 74,416	33,747	25,763 31,846 10,199 67,808	
On behalf of payments	-	10,890	(10,890)	10,440	
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	610,263	530,859	79,404	440,757	

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

		2002		2001
EXPENDITURES (Continued)	_Budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)	Actual
Transportation Street repair and maintenance Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay	\$ 317,025	\$ 94,177 124,520 67,605 286,302	\$ 30,723	\$ 82,867 126,840 1,225 210,932
Powell Bill Operating expenditures Sidewalk construction	96,500	29,100 381 31,481	65,019	54,107 5,472 59,579
TOTAL TRANSPORTATION	413,525	317,783	95,742	270,511
Cultural and recreational Recreation Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay		23,461 49,195 5,127		32,795 113,153
TOTAL CULTURAL AND RECREATIONAL	99,500	77,783	21,717	145,948
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,067,872	1,627,105	440,767	1,482,147
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,046,022)	(597,229)	448,793	(433,232)
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers (to) from other funds Capital Reserve Fund Total other financing sources (uses)	310,022 310,022	310,022 310,022		
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	(736,000)	(287,207)	448,793	(433,231)
FUND BALANCE APPROPRIATED	736,000		(736,000)	
REVENUES AND APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>\$</u>	(287,207)	<u>\$ (287,207)</u>	(433,232)
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year, July 1		1,281,378		1,714,610
END OF YEAR, June 30		<u>\$ 994,171</u>		\$ 1,281,378

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA CAPITAL RESERVE FUND

Statement 6

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

			2002	Variance	2001
		_Budget	Actual	favorable (unfavorable)	Actual
REVENUES Investment earnings		\$ 65,000	\$ 59,1 <u>93</u>	\$ (5,807)	\$ 80,412
	TOTAL REVENUES	65,000	59,193	(5,807)	80,412
EXPENDITURES					
Revenues over expenditures		65,000	59,193	(5,807)	80,412
Other financing sources (use Operating transfers (to) fro Capital Reserve Fund Total other financing sour	om other funds	<u>(310,022)</u> <u>(310,022)</u>	(310,022) (310,022)	-	
SOURCES OVER (UND	D OTHER FINANCING DER) EXPENDITURES ER FINANCING USES	(245,022)	(250,829)	(5,807)	
FUND BALANCE APPROPE	RIATED	245,022		(245,022)	
REVENUES AND APPROPE BALANCE OVER EXPEN		<u>\$</u>	(250,829)	<u>\$(250,829</u>)	80,412
Fund balance Beginning of year			1,573,387		1,492,975
END OF YEAR			\$ 1,322,558		\$ 1,573,387

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TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES **BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)** For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

		2001		
	Budget	Actual	Variance favorable (<u>unfavorable</u>)	Actual
REVENUES Operating revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 435,000	\$ 512,844	\$ 77,844	\$ 517,188
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	435,000	512,844	77,844	517,188
Nonoperating revenues: Investment earnings Tax refunds Miscellaneous non-operating revenue		36,365 2,401 3,701		63,174 10,286 1,723
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES	62,000		(40,500)	
	62,000	42,467	(19,533)	<u>75,183</u>
TOTAL REVENUES	497,000	555,311	<u>58,311</u>	592,371
EXPENDITURES Water and sewer department Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures Water purchased Capital outlay		95,659 239,374 218,420 139,142		94,315 171,523 232,606 213,408
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENDITURES	744,300	692,595	51,705	711,852
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	744,300	692,595	51,705	711,852
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(247,300)	(137,284)	110,016	(119,481)
Appropriated retained earnings	247,300		_247,300	
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS UNDER EXPENDITURES	<u> </u>	<u>\$(137,284</u>)	<u>\$(137,284</u>)	<u>\$(119,481</u>)

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

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Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrual basis:		2002 Actual	2001 Actual
Excess of revenues and appropriated retained earnings under expenditures		\$(137,284)	\$(119,481)
Depreciation		(110,411)	(97,750)·
Capital outlay		_139,142	213,408
	NET LOSS - EXHIBIT D	\$(108.553)	\$ (3.823)



TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE June 30, 2002

Fiscal year	Uncollected balance June 30, 2001	Additions	Collections and credits	Uncollected balance June 30, 2002
2001-2002	\$ -	\$ 425,752	\$ (412,938)	\$12,814
2000-2001	\$ 25,659	-	(9,636)	16,023
1999-2000	3,662	-	(1,684)	1,978
1998-1999	2,838	-	(239)	2,599
1997-1998	1,157	-	(84)	1,073
1996-1997	817	-	(29)	788
1995-1996	1,297	- 1	(119)	1,178
1994-1995	1,060	-	(42)	1,018
1993-1994	674	=	(3)	671
1992-1993	417	*	ei (417
1991-1992	825		(825)	
	\$ 38,406	\$ 425,752	<u>\$ (425,599</u>)	\$38,559
Reconciliation with revenues:				
Taxes - ad valorem - General Fund	*	\$ 426,884		
Reconciling items: Interest collected Taxes written off Other adjustments Total collections and credits		(2,213) 825 103 \$ 425,599		
and the second s				

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY June 30, 2002

				Total levy	
	Total property valuation	Rate	Amount of levy	*Property excluding registered motor vehicles	Registered motor vehicles
Original Levy: Property taxed at current year's rate Property taxed at prior year's rate	\$89,513,937 3,316,078	\$.46 .46	\$ 411,764 15,254	\$ 378,120 	\$ 33,644 15,254
TOTAL	92,830,015		427,018	378,120	48,898
Discoveries:			HD.		
Current year taxes	58,802	.46	270	270	
Abatements	(333,985)	.46	(1,536)	(1,097)	(439)
Total property valuation	\$92,554,832	9		3	
Net levy			425,752	377,293	48,459
Uncollected taxes			12,814	4,340	8,474
Current years taxes collected			<u>\$ 412,938</u>	\$ 372,953	\$ 39,985
Current levy collection percentage			96.99%	98.85%	82.51%