## TOWN OF BISCOE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

#### TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners Town of Biscoe Biscoe, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Town of Biscoe, North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of Town of Biscoe's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Town of Biscoe, North Carolina as of June 30, 2003 and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund type for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements, taken as a whole. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

October 10, 2003

Dixon Olam Puc

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TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINED BALANCE SHEET - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS June 30, 2003 With Comparative Totals June 30, 2002

Totals (Memorandum Only) ne 30 June 30 003 2002	\$ 3,352,227 38,559 167,269 37,141 33,181 9,517 5,327,041	\$ 8,964,935	\$ 66,904 9,517 40,009	116,430	1,160,016 3,259,447 2,069,130	122,279 92,106 43,183	58,500 1,322,558 721,28 <u>6</u>	8,848,505	\$ 8,964,935
Totals (Memorandu June 30 2003	\$ 3,700,712 46,169 58,689 28,813 34,354 9,309 5,377,150	\$ 9,257,847	\$ 52,252 9,309 48,203 2,651	112,415	1,123,791 3,324,758 2,252,486	24,857 96,990 49,207	49,100 1,328,759 895,484	9,145,432	\$ 9,257,847
General Cong-term	ea	\$ 2,651	\$	2,651		T 1 T	E 1 1		\$ 2,651
Account Group General Eixed Assets	3,324,758	\$ 3,324,758	φ.		3,324,758	1 1 1	1 1 1	3,324,758	\$ 3,324,758
Fiduciary Fund Types Trust	\$ 48,664	\$ 49,207	€		111	49,207	1 1 1	49,207	\$ 49,207
Proprietary Fund Types Enterprise	\$1,249,929 - 55,213 6,889 34,354 9,309 2,052,392	\$3,408,086	\$ 22,500 9,309	31,809	1,123,791 2,252,486	1 1 1	1 1 1	3,376,277	\$3,408,086
Fund Types Special Revenue	\$1,328,759	\$1,345,400	· · · · ·		1 1 1	16,641	1,328,759	1,345,400	\$1,345,400
Governmental Fund Types Special General Revenue	\$1,073,360 46,169 3,476 4,740	\$1,127,745	\$ 29,752	77,955	1.1.1	8,216 96,990	49,100	1,049,790	\$1,127,745
	ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS Cash and investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable Inventories Restricted cash and investments Fixed assets, net Amounts to be provided for the retirement of general long-term debt	TOTAL ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS	LIABILITIES EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deposits Deferred revenues Unfunded pension obligation	TOTAL LIABILITIES	EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS Contributed capital (net) Investment in general fixed assets Retained earnings Fund balances	Reserved by State statute Reserved for streets - Powell Bill Reserved for employees' pension benefits Unreserved:	Designated for subsequent years' expenditures Designated for capital projects Undesignated	TOTAL EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS	TOTAL LIABILITIES, EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS

FOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA
COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

Exhibit B

For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

Nith Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2002

	Government: General	al Fund Types Special Revenue	Tot <u>(Memoran</u> June 30 2003	als dum Only) June 30 2002
REVENUES Ad valorem taxes Other taxes and licenses Unrestricted intergovernmental	\$ 541,538 159,555	\$ - -	\$ 541,538 159,555	\$ 426,884 204,285
revenues Restricted intergovernmental	206,367	-	206,367	207,716
revenues Sales and services Investment earnings Miscellaneous	65,151 37,258 7,042 22,652	22,842 	65,151 37,258 29,884 22,652	73,271 73,770 87,231 
TOTAL REVENUES	1,039,563	22,842	1,062,405	_1,089,069
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety Transportation Cultural and recreational	255,168 405,443 265,354 57,979	- - -	255,168 405,443 265,354 	700,680 530,859 317,783 
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	983,944		983,944	_1,627,105
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	55,619	22,842	78,461	(538,036)
UND BALANCE Beginning of year, July 1	994,171	1,322,558	2,316,729	2,854,765
END OF YEAR, JUNE 30	<u>\$1,049,790</u>	<u>\$1,345,400</u>	\$2,395,190	<u>\$2,316,729</u>

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

(\lambda u	Variance	(Unfavorable)	\$ (8,462)	96,097	33,758 (15,216)	(73,698)	(13,115)		41,878	(3,573)	(17,679)	133,472	120,357	(15,000)
Totals (Memorandum Only)		Actual	\$ 541,538	206,367	37,258	22,652	1,062,405		255,168	405,443	57,979	983,944	78,461	
Z)		Budget	\$ 550,000	110,270	3,500	96,350	1,075,520		297,046	401,870	40,300	1,117,416	(41,896)	(15,000)
e Fund	Variance	(Unfavorable)	ι ι <del>()</del>	1 1	(12,158)		(12,158)		1	1		1	(12,158)	15,000
Special Revenue Fund		Actual	ι ι <del>9</del>	t 1	22,842		22,842		ï	1			22,842	
Sp		) Budget	ı ı \$	1 1	35,000		35,000	10	ř	1	1	1	35,000	(15,000) (15,000)
	Variance	(Unfavorable)	\$ (8,462) (47,745)	96,097	33,758 (3,058)	(73,698)	(957)		41,878	(3,5/3) 112,846	(17,679)	133,472	132,515	
General Fund		Actual	\$ 541,538 159,555	206,367 65,151	37,258 7,042	22,652	1,039,563		255,168	265,354	57,979	983,944	55,619	
		Budget	\$ 550,000	110,270 63,000	3,500 10,100	96,350	1,040,520		297,046	378 200	40,300	1,117,416	(76,896)	
		REVENUES	Ad valorem taxes Other taxes and licenses	Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues Restricted intergovernmental revenues	Sales and services Investment earnings	Miscellaneous	TOTAL REVENUES	EXPENDITURES Current:	General government	r ubilc salety Transportation	Cultural and recreational	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	Revenues over (under) expenditures	Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers (to) from other funds Capital Reserve Fund Total other financing sources (uses)

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

	Variance	favorable ( <u>Unfavorable)</u>	135,357	(716,000)	\$ (580,643)		
ls Jm Only)	>	1	78,461 \$	٦ 'ا	78,461 \$	729	061
Totals (Memorandum Only)		Actual	\$ 78,4		787	2,316,729	\$2,395,190
(Me		Budget	(968'95) \$	716,000	\$ 659,104		
Fund	Variance	favorable (Unfavorable)	\$ 2,842	20,000	\$ 22,842		
Special Revenue Fund		Actual	22,842	1	22,842	1,322,558	\$1,345,400
Specia		1	\$	6		-	\$1
		Budget	\$ 20,000	(20,000)	φ.		
	Variance	favorable ( <u>Unfavorable</u> )	\$ 132,515 \$ 20,000	(736,000)	\$(603,485)		
General Fund		Actual	\$ 55,619	1	55,619	994,171	\$1,049,790
9		Budget	\$ (76,896)	736,000	\$ 659,104		<del>о</del> уј
			REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	FUND BALANCE APPROPRIATED	REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	FUND BALANCE Beginning of year, July 1	END OF YEAR, JUNE 30

#### OWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA TATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN **RETAINED EARNINGS - PROPRIETARY FUND VATER AND SEWER FUND**

or the Year Ended June 30, 2003

Vith Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2002

		June 30, 2003	June 30, 2002
PERATING REVENUES Charges for services		\$ 695,61 <u>9</u>	<u>\$ 512,844</u>
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		695,619	512,844
PERATING EXPENSES Water and sewer department Depreciation		454,898 115,595	553,453 110,411
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		570,493	663,864
PERATING INCOME (LOSS)	Anatha	125,126	(151,020)
ONOPERATING REVENUES Interest earned on investments Tax refunds Grant funds Miscellaneous revenue		16,282 558 5,000 165	36,365 2,401 - 3,701
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES		22,005	42,467
	NET INCOME (LOSS)	147,131	(108,553)
DD DEPRECIATION ON CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL		36,225	36,225
NCREASE (DECREASE) IN RETAINED EARNIN	GS	183,356	(72,328)
ETAINED EARNINGS, JULY 1		2,069,130	2,141,458
	RETAINED EARNINGS, JUNE 30	\$ 2,252,486	\$ 2,069,130

Exhibit D

## FOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND WATER AND SEWER FUND

Exhibit E

For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

Nith Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2002

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers/contributions Cash paid for goods and services Cash paid to employees Net (decrease) customer deposits  NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	June 30, 2003 \$ 692,968 (392,623) (91,033) (208) 209,104	June 30, 2002 \$ 515,399 (445,663) (94,417) (292) (24,973)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets Miscellaneous non-operating revenue Grant funds Tax refunds  NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(100,393) 165 5,000 558 (94,670)	(139,142) 3,701 - 2,401 (133,040)
ASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investments  NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	<u>19,179</u> 133,613	<u>36,554</u> (121,459)
ASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR  CASH AT END OF YEAR		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO IET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Change in assets and liabilities:	\$ 125,126 115,595	\$ (151,020) 110,411
(Increase) decrease in:     Accounts receivable     Inventory     Increase (decrease) in:     Accounts payable     Customer deposits     Total adjustments  IET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(2,651) (1,173) (27,585) (208) 83,978	2,555 (2,339) 15,712 (292) 126,047 \$ (24,973)

## FOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS PENSION TRUST FUND

Exhibit F

For the Years Ended June 30, 2003 and 2002

		June 30, 2003	June 30, 2002
ADDITIONS Employer contributions Interest income		\$ 4,900 1,124	\$ 2,500 1,163
	TOTAL ADDITIONS	6,024	3,663
	NET INCREASE	6,024	3,663
FUND BALANCE RESERVED FOR EMPLOYEE'S PENSION BENEFITS			
Beginning of year		43,183	39,520
End of year		\$ 49,207	\$ 43,183

#### TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2003

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Biscoe conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

#### A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Biscoe is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the Town includes any component unit for which it is financially accountable. For the year ended June 30, 2003, no component units were included in the financial statements.

#### B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Town are organized and operated on the basis of funds and account groups. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts comprised of assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses as appropriate. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The account groups are not funds but are a reporting device used to account for certain assets and liabilities of the governmental funds that are not recorded directly in those funds.

The Town uses the following fund categories (further divided by fund type) and account groups:

<u>GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</u> are used to account for the Town's governmental functions. Governmental Funds include the following fund types:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes and State-shared revenues. The primary expenditures are for public safety, streets and highways, transportation, and general government services.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> - Special Revenue Funds account for specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Town maintains one Special Revenue Fund, the Capital Reserve Fund.

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS include the following fund type:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Town of Biscoe has one Enterprise Fund - the Water and Sewer Fund.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary Funds account for the assets held by the Town in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. Fiduciary funds include the following fund:

Pension Trust Fund - The Town has a Pension Trust Fund, the Special Separation Allowance Fund, that accounts for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance, a single-employer, public employee retirement system.

#### ACCOUNT GROUPS

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This group of accounts is used to account for all fixed assets of the Town, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

General Long-term Debt Account Group - This group of accounts is used to account for all general long-term obligations of the Town except those which are accounted for in the proprietary fund.

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing uses) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The proprietary funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund type equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Operating statements for these funds present increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in net total assets. As required for periods beginning after June 15, 2000 by Statement 33 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions, the Board has begun recognizing capital contributions as revenue in the current year rather than contributed capital. There were no additions for the year ended June 30, 2003.

The basis of accounting determines when the revenues and expenditures or expenses and the related assets and liabilities are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental fund types are presented in the financial statements on this same basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable" and "available") to pay the liabilities of the current period. In addition, expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgements, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

The Town recognizes assets of nonexchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized on the modified accrual basis of accounting when they are measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions occur when one government provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the subsequent year. Montgomery County is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts in the County, including the Town of Biscoe. For motor vehicles registered under the staggered system, property taxes are due the first day of the fourth month after the vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they become due. Therefore, the Town's vehicle taxes for vehicles registered in Montgomery County from March 2002 through February 2003 apply to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. Uncollected taxes which were billed during this period are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred revenues. Those taxes for vehicles registered from March 1 through the fiscal year-end apply to the 2003-2004 fiscal year and are not shown as receivables at June 30, 2003. For vehicles registered under the annual system, taxes are due on May 1 of each year. For those vehicles registered and billed under the annual system, uncollected taxes are reported as a receivable on the financial statements and are offset by deferred revenues because the due date and the date upon which interest begins to accrue passed prior to June 30. The taxes for vehicles registered annually that have already been collected as of year-end are also reflected as deferred revenues at June 30, 2003 because they are intended to finance the Town's operations during the 2003-2004 fiscal year.

Sales taxes collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as deferred revenues. On-behalf of payments made by the State to the Firemen's and Rescue Squad Worker's Pension Plan for volunteer firemen, as well as employees of the Town, are recognized as revenues and expenditures during the period in which the State makes the contributions to the plan. Also, the State's contributions to the Firemen's Relief Fund, which have been spent by the local board of trustees for various salary supplements and stipends for employees and volunteers, have been recognized as revenues and expenditures during the period in which those payments were received.

Proprietary funds and the Pension Trust Fund are presented in the financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when earned and expenses are recognized in the period when incurred. As permitted by generally accepted accounting principles, the Town has elected to apply only applicable FASB Statements and Interpretations issued before November 30, 1989 in its accounting and reporting practices for its proprietary operations and Pension Trust Fund.

#### D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, Capital Reserve Fund, and the Enterprise Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. The Town Finance Officer is authorized to transfer appropriations between functional areas within a fund up to \$1,000; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund or that changes functional appropriations by more than \$1,000 must be approved by the governing board. During the year several amendments to the original budget were necessary, the effects of which were not material.

A budget calendar is included in the North Carolina General Statutes which prescribes the last day on which certain steps of that budget procedure are to be performed. The following schedule lists the tasks to be performed and the date by which each is required to be completed.

- April 30 Each department head will transmit to the budget officer the budget requests and the revenue estimates for their department for the budget year.
- June 1 The budget and the budget message shall be submitted to the governing board. The public hearing on the budget shall be scheduled at this time.
- July 1 The budget ordinance shall be adopted by the governing board.

#### F. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

#### Deposits and Investments

#### 1. Deposits

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law (G.S. 159-31). The Town may designate as an official depository any bank or savings and loan association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law (G.S. 159-30(c)) authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and banker's acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust, (NCCMT).

#### 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

#### 3. Restricted Assets

Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected.

#### 4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a), ad valorem taxes are levied on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year and are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. The taxes levied are based on the assessed values as of January 1. As allowed by state law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes which are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

#### 5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

#### 6. Inventories

Inventories are maintained for all enterprise fund supplies. They are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The inventory of the enterprise fund consists of expendable supplies and is recorded as an expenditure as it is consumed.

#### 7. Fixed Assets

General fixed assets are recorded at original cost. Donated assets are listed at the market value at the time of donation. The original cost of certain items acquired before July 1, 1970, are recorded at an estimated original cost. The total of such estimates is not considered large enough that errors would be material when the fixed assets are considered as a whole. Assets in the General Fixed Assets Account Group are not depreciated.

It is the Town's policy not to capitalize infrastructure type assets. Infrastructure, or public domain assets include roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, street and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems. Such assets are immovable and of value only to the Town.

Enterprise fixed assets are recorded at original cost at the time of acquisition. Property, plant and equipment donated to the enterprise fund are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Plant assets are depreciated on a composite straight-line basis for the entire plant regardless of year of acquisition, at a 2.5% annual rate. In the composite rate, gain or loss on dispositions is not calculated except in extraordinary circumstances. Other assets in the Enterprise Fund of the Town are depreciated by the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful lives as follows:

Furniture and office equipment 7-10 years
Maintenance and construction equipment 5-7 years
Medium and heavy motor vehicles 5-7 years
Automobiles and light trucks 3-5 years

#### 8. Fund Equity

Reservations or restrictions of equity represent amounts that cannot be appropriated or are legally segregated for a specific purpose. Designations of equity represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

State law (G.S. 159-13(b)(16)) restricts appropriation of fund balance or fund equity for the subsequent year's budget to an amount not to exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts as these amounts stand at the close of the fiscal year preceding the budget year.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

#### Reserved

Reserved by State statute - portion of fund balance <u>not</u> available for appropriation under State law (G.S. 159-8(a)). This amount is usually comprised of receivables and interfund receivables which have not been offset by deferred revenues.

Reserved for streets - Powell Bill - portion of fund balance available for appropriation but legally segregated for street construction and maintenance expenditures. It represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

#### Unreserved

Designated for subsequent year's expenditures - portion of total fund balance available for appropriation which has been designated for the adopted 2003-2004 budget ordinance.

Designated for Capital Projects - portion of fund balance available for appropriation which has been designated for Capital Projects.

Undesignated - portion of total fund balance available for appropriation which is uncommitted at year-end.

#### G. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

#### 1. Other Resources

The General Fund provides the basis of local resources for other governmental funds. These transactions are recorded as "Operating transfers-out" in the General Fund and "Operating transfers-in" to the receiving fund.

#### 2. Compensated Absences

The policies of the Town provide for no accumulation of earned vacation as of June 30, 2003.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for a maximum of 90 days of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

#### H. Total (Memorandum Only) Columns

The total columns on the accompanying financial statements are captioned as "Total (Memorandum Only)" because they do not represent consolidated financial information and are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. The columns do not present information that reflects financial position, results of operations, or cash flows in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

#### STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

- A. <u>Material Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions</u>
- 1. Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

Expenditures of on-behalf payments are not considered to be violations of state statute budget requirements (see Note III, D).

#### DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

#### A. Assets

1.

#### Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

At June 30, 2003, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$3,703,879 and a bank balance of \$3,724,841. Of the bank balance, \$200,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$3,524,841 was covered by collateral held by authorized escrow agents in the name of the Town.

#### OWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA IOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2003

#### II. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

#### 2. Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in Exhibit A, the Combined Balance Sheet, are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

Fund

June 30, 2003

Proprietary Funds Accounts receivable

\$ 22,000

#### 3. Fixed Assets

#### Changes in General Fixed Assets

A summary of changes in the Town's general fixed assets is as follows:

	General fixed assets 7-1-02	Additions	Retirements	<u>Transfers</u>	General fixed assets 6-30-03
By asset type: Land and buildings Equipment Vehicles and motorized	\$2,405,224 411,847	\$ 5,000 18,951	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,410,224 430,798
equipment	442,376	41,360			483,736
	<u>\$3,259,447</u>	\$ 65,311	\$	\$ -	\$ 3,324,758
By function: General government Public safety Street and sanitation Cultural and recreational	\$2,447,866 630,633 92,448 <u>88,500</u> \$3,259,447	\$ 18,396 30,908 8,350 7,657 \$ 65,311	\$ - - - - \$ -	\$ - - - - \$ -	\$ 2,466,262 661,541 100,798 96,157 \$ 3,324,758
Reconciliation of additions: Capital outlay expenditures		<u>\$ 65,311</u>			

#### 4. Proprietary Fund Fixed Assets

The fixed assets of the Enterprise Fund at June 30, 2003 are composed as follows:

Water and Sewer Fund	Fixed assets	Accumulated depreciation	Net
Plant and distribution systems Furniture and maintenance equipment Vehicles	\$ 3,142,540 355,981 93,709	\$ 1,343,820 114,010 82,008	\$ 1,798,720 241,971 11,701
	\$ 3,592,230	<u>\$ 1,539,838</u>	\$ 2,052,392

#### B. <u>Liabilities</u>

#### 1. Pension Plan Obligations

#### a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

<u>Plan Description</u>. The Town of Biscoe contributes to the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina LGERS provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 3512 Bush Street, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

<u>Funding Policy</u>. Plan members are required to contribute six percent of their covered salary. The Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. For the Town, the rate for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers is 10.29% and 10.27%, respectively, of annual covered payroll for the year ending June 30, 2003. The contribution requirements of member of the Town of Biscoe is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town's contributions to LGERS for years ended June 30, 2003, 2002, and 2001 were \$39,910, \$47,210, and \$43,325, respectively. The contributions made by the Town equaled the required contributions for each year.

#### b. <u>Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance</u>

#### Plan Description

The Town of Biscoe administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer retirement defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Separation Allowance is reported in the Town's report as a pension trust fund.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation allowance. At December 31, 2002, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	-
Terminated plan members entitled	
to but not yet receiving benefits	_
Active plan members	8
	_
Total	<u>8</u>

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. Financial statements for the Separation Allowance are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and when the Town has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments. Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term debt, deposits, repurchase agreements, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust investments are reported at cost or amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Certain longer term United States Government and United States Agency securities are valued at the last reported sales price.

#### Contributions

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned by making contributions based on actuarial valuations. For the current year, the Town contributed \$4,900, or 2.49% of annual covered payroll. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administrative costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings.

#### b. <u>Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance</u> (Continued)

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the December 31, 2003 actuarial valuation using the aggregate method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.25% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and (b) projected salary increases of 5.9% – 9.8% per year. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.75%. The assumptions did not include postretirement benefit increases.

<u>Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation</u> - The Town's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to the Separation Allowance for the current year were as follows:

Annual required contribution Interest on net pension obligation Adjustment to annual required contril Annual pension cost Contributions made Increase (decrease) in net pension o Net pension obligation beginning of f	bligation iscal year		\$ 5,115 173 (128) 5,160 4,900 260 2,391 \$ 2,651
Fiscal <u>Year Ended</u>	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
6-30-03	\$ 5,160	94.96%	\$ 2,651

#### c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

<u>Plan Description</u> The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

<u>Funding Policy</u> Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2003 were \$19,054, which consisted of \$13,580 from the Town and \$5,474 from the law enforcement officers.

#### d. Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund

<u>Plan Description</u>. The State of North Carolina contributes, on behalf of the Town of Biscoe, to the Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund (Fund), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation administered by the State of North Carolina. The Fund provides pension benefits for eligible fire and rescue squad workers that have elected to become members of the fund. Article 86 of G.S. Chapter 58 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 3512 Bush Street, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

<u>Funding Policy</u>. Plan members are required to contribute \$10 per month to the Fund which is paid by the Town. The State, a nonemployer contributor, funds the plan through appropriations. Contribution requirements of plan members and the State of North Carolina are established and may be amended by North Carolina General Assembly.

#### e. Postemployment Benefits

At retirement, all employees have the option to purchase basic medical insurance at the Town's group rate. The entire cost of this insurance is borne by the employees.

The Town has also elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multipleemployer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$20,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll, based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. Because the benefit payments are made by the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, the Town made contributions to the State for death benefits of \$273. The Town's required contributions for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers represented 0% and .14% of covered payroll, respectively. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the postemployment benefit amount and the other benefit amount.

#### 2. <u>Deferred Revenues</u>

The balance in deferred revenues at year-end is composed of the following elements:

	General Fund		
Prepaid taxes not yet earned Taxes receivable	\$ 2,034 <u>46,170</u>		
Total deferred revenues	<u>\$ 48,204</u>		

#### 3. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, worker's compensation coverage up to the statutory limits, and employee health coverage up to \$1 million lifetime limit. The pools are reinsured through commercial companies for single occurrence claims against general liability, auto liability and property liability in excess of \$500,000, and \$300,000 statutory limits for workers' compensation. The pools are reinsured for annual employee health claims in excess of \$150,000. The property liability pool has an aggregate limit for the total property losses in a single year, with the reinsurance limit based upon a percentage of the total insurance values.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### 4. Long-term Debt

At June 30, 2003, the Town had a legal debt margin of approximately \$7,141,993.

#### C. Fund Equity

#### Enterprise Fund - Contributed Capital

Grants, entitlements, and shared revenues restricted for the acquisition or construction of capital assets were recorded as contributed capital prior to the implementation of GASB Statement 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions. As required by GASB Statement 33, the Town has begun recognizing capital contributions as revenue in the current year rather than as contributed capital. The Town utilizes an option allowed under NCGA Statement 2 for the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Retained Earnings (Exhibit D) whereby it closes depreciation expense on assets acquired or constructed through grants, entitlements, or shared revenues to the contributed capital account rather than to retained earnings.

#### FOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2003

#### II. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

#### C. Fund Equity (Continued)

The following is a summary of the changes in contributed capital of the Town of Biscoe for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003:

	State	_Local_	Total
Contributed capital, 7/1/02	\$404,994	\$755,022	\$ 1,160,016
Less: amortization	_(13,345)	(22,880)	(36,225)
Contributed capital, 6/30/03	\$391,649	\$732,142	\$ 1,123,791

#### D. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

#### On-behalf of payments for Fringe Benefits and Salaries

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, the Town of Biscoe recognized on-behalf of payments for pension contributions made by the State as a revenue and an expenditure of \$6,230 for the 35 volunteer firemen who perform firefighting duties for the Town's fire department. The volunteers elected to be members of the Firemen and Rescue Squad Worker's Pension Fund, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system established and administered by the State of North Carolina. The plan is funded by a \$10 monthly contribution paid by each member, investment income, and a State appropriation.

#### JOINT VENTURE

he Town participates in a joint venture to operate the Montgomery Municipal Board of Alcoholic Beverage Control with our other local governments. Each participating government appoints one board member to the five-member ABC oard. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the Montgomery municipal Board of Alcoholic Severage Control, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2003. Complete nancial statements for the Montgomery Municipal Board of Alcoholic Beverage can be obtained at the ABC's offices at '. O. Box 279, Biscoe, NC 27209.

#### SIGNIFICANT TAXPAYER

he Town, a political subdivision of Montgomery County, North Carolina, is located near the center of the State. It has ne taxpayer that comprises approximately 10.59% of its total tax levy. As of June 30, 2003, this significant taxpayer as ceased operations and is in the process of removing personal property from its location. The taxes paid on their ersonal property comprises approximately 48% of total tax paid by this one taxpayer. The Town has another taxpayer nat comprises approximately 10.86% of its total tax levy. If this taxpayer were to leave its present location, it would naterially affect the financial situation of the Town.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

#### Statement 1

# FOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA \_AW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION 3CHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial raluation _date	Actuarial value of assets	Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) projected unit credit (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b – a)	Funded ratio (a/b)	Covered payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of covered payroll _((b – a)/c)
2-31-98*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-31-99*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-31-00	\$ 37,616	\$ 54,666	\$17,050	68.81%	\$ 203,443	8.38%
2-31-01	42,045	62,708	20,663	67.05%	187,336	11.03%
2-31-02	42,799	64,932	22,133	65.91%	196,508	11.26%

N/A denotes a year in which no actuarial study was performed.

# OWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA .AW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Statement 2

'ear ended June 30	Annual required contribution	Percentage contributed
1999	\$ 2,044	122%
2000*	N/A	N/A
2001*	N/A	N/A
2002	4,891	51%
2003	5,160	94.96%

N/A denotes a year in which no actuarial study was performed.

#### Statement 3

# TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA -AW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SCHEDULES

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the lates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation date 12-31-02

Actuarial cost method Projected unit credit

Amortization method Level percent of pay closed

Remaining amortization period 28 years

Asset valuation method Market value

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.25%

Projected salary increases 5.9 – 9.8%

Includes inflation at 3.75%

Cost of living adjustments N/A

## INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	June 30, 2003	June 30, 2002
SSETS		
ash and investments axes receivable ccounts receivable ccrued interest receivable	\$1,073,360 46,169 3,476 4,740	\$ 890,161 38,559 114,707 7,572
IABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	<u>\$1,127,745</u>	<u>\$1,050,999</u>
IADICITICS AND FUND BACANCE		
IABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenues Total liabilities	\$ 29,752 48,203 77,955	\$ 16,819 40,009 56,828
UND BALANCE Reserved by State statute Reserved for streets - Powell Bill Unreserved	8,216 96,990	122,279 92,106
Designated for subsequent year's expenditures Undesignated, as restated Total fund balance	49,100 <u>895,484</u> 1,049,790	58,500 721,286 994,171
	\$1,127,745	\$1,050,999

## OWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA SENERAL FUND

Statement 5 Page 1 of 3

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE SUDGET AND ACTUAL

or the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

	-	2003		2002
			Variance favorable	
₹EVENUES	Budget	Actual	( <u>unfavorable</u> )	Actual
Ad valorem taxes				
Taxes		\$ 539,371		\$ 424,671
Penalties and interest	<b>*</b> 550,000	2,167	(0.400)	2,213
	\$ 550,000	541,538	<u>\$ (8,462)</u>	426,884
Other taxes and licenses				
ABC mixed beverage Local option sales tax		2,315		3,086
Cablevision franchise tax		152,745 4,333		196,320 4,496
Other taxes		162		383
	207,300	159,555	(47,745)	204,285
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues				
Inventory tax reimbursement		-		15,854
Intangibles tax reimbursement Franchise tax		-		9,511
Beer and wine		176,877 7,353		95,633
Telecomm sales tax		11,108		1,824
Grant funds		9,990		81,820
Tax refunds	110,270	1,039 206,367	96,097	<u>3,074</u> 207,716
		200,501	<u> </u>	207,710
Restricted intergovernmental revenues "State Street-Aid" allocation		50.004		00.004
On-behalf of payments-fire		58,921 6,230		62,381 10,890
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	63,000	65,151	2,151	73,271
Sales and service				
Cemetery lots		3,495		10,850
Park fees and concessions		23,492		60,351
Tennis courts and softball field	3,500	10,271	00.750	2,569
	3,500	37,258	33,758	73,770
Investment earnings	10,100	7,042	(3,058)	28,038
Miscellaneous				
Other	00.000	22,652	/70.000	15,912
	96,350	22,652	(73,698)	15,912
TOTAL REVENUES	1,040,520	1,039,563	(957)	1,029,876

### FOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA SENERAL FUND

Statement 5 Page 2 of 3

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE 3UDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

		2003		2002
EXPENDITURES	Budget	Actual	Variance favorable ( <u>unfavorable</u> )	Actual
General government Governing body Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures	\$	\$ - 	\$ -	\$ 14,400 <u>59</u> 14,459
Administration Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay	222,046	75,745 98,883 13,396 188,024	34,022	111,378 92,829 1,453 205,660
Legal and professional services Operating expenditures	17,500	19,029	(1,529)	13,407
Public buildings and grounds Operating expenditures Capital outlay	57,500	43,115 5,000 48,115	9,385	21,984 <u>445,170</u> 467,154
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	297,046	255,168	41,878	700,680
Public safety Police department Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay	365,650	295,783 37,135 <u>27,964</u> 360,882	4,768	327,298 46,889 <u>71,366</u> 445,553
Fire department Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay	36,220	3,685 31,702 2,944 38,331	(2,111)	25,425 27,247 21,744 74,416
On behalf of payments		6,230	(6,230)	10,890
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	401,870	405,443	(3,573)	530,859

### OWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA SENERAL FUND

Statement 5 Page 3 of 3

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE SUDGET AND ACTUAL

or the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

		2003		2002
EXPENDITURES (Continued) Transportation	Budget	Actual	Variance favorable ( <u>unfavorable</u> )	Actual
Street repair and maintenance Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay	\$ 223,200	\$ 78,177 124,657 <u>8,350</u> 211,184	\$ 12,016	\$ 94,177 124,520 67,605 286,302
Powell Bill Operating expenditures Sidewalk construction	155,000	50,591 3,579 54,170	100,830	29,100 2,381 31,481
TOTAL TRANSPORTATION	378,200	265,354	112,846	317,783
Cultural and recreational Recreation				
Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay		22,540 27,782 7,657		23,461 49,195 5,127
TOTAL CULTURAL AND RECREATIONAL	40,300	57,979	(17,679)	77,783
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,117,416	983,944	133,472	1,627,105
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(76,896)	55,619	132,515	(597,229)
other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers (to) from other funds Capital Reserve Fund Total other financing sources (uses)				310,022 310,022
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	(76,896)	55,619	132,515	(287,207)
UND BALANCE APPROPRIATED	736,000		(736,000)	
EVENUES AND APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ 659,104	55,619	<u>\$ (603,485)</u>	(287,207)
UND BALANCE Beginning of Year, July 1		994,171		1,281,378
END OF YEAR, June 30		\$ 1,049,790		<u>\$ 994,171</u>

## OWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA APITAL RESERVE FUND

Statement 6

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE 3UDGET AND ACTUAL

or the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

		2003		2002
	Budget_	Actual	Variance favorable ( <u>unfavorable</u> )	Actual
REVENUES Investment earnings	\$ 35,000	\$ 22,842	<u>\$ (12,158</u> )	\$ 59,193
TOTAL REVENUES	35,000	22,842	(12,158)	59,193
:XPENDITURES	_			
Revenues over expenditures	35,000	22,842	(12,158)	59,193
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers (to) from other funds Total other financing sources (uses)	(15,000) (15,000)		(15,000) (15,000)	(310,022) (310,022)
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	20,000	22,842	2,842	(250,829)
UND BALANCE APPROPRIATED	(20,000)		20,000	
REVENUES AND APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE OVER EXPENDITURES	<u>\$</u> _	22,842	<u>\$ 22,842</u>	(250,829)
und balance Beginning of year		1,322,558		1,573,387
END OF YEAR		\$ 1,345,400		<u>\$ 1,322,558</u>

# OWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA VATER AND SEWER FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)

Statement 7 Page 1 of 2

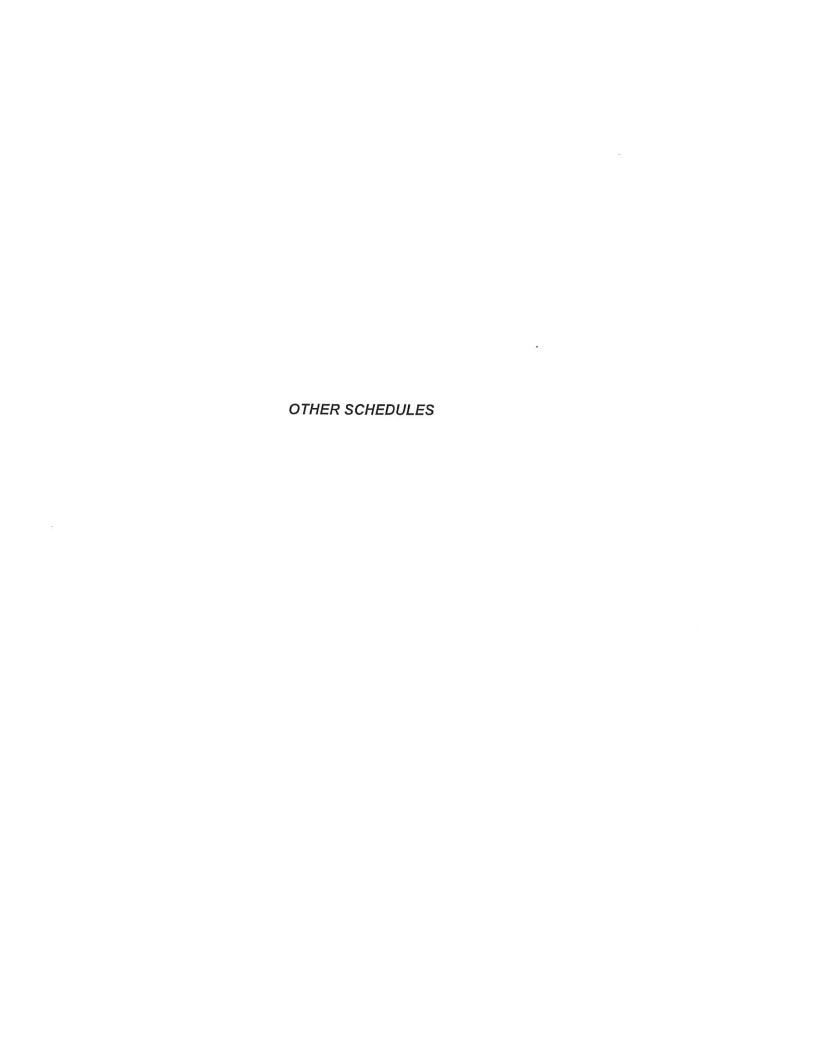
or the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 Vith Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

		2003		2002
	Budget	Actual	Variance favorable ( <u>unfavorable</u> )	Actual
REVENUES				
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$ 525,000	\$ 695,619	\$ 170,619	\$ 512,844
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	525,000	695,619	170,619	512,844
Nonoperating revenues: Investment earnings Tax refunds Grant funds Miscellaneous non-operating revenue		16,282 558 5,000		36,365 2,401
	-			<u>3,701</u>
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES	21,000	22,005	1,005	42,467
TOTAL REVENUES	546,000	717,624	_171,624	_555,311
XPENDITURES Water and sewer department Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures Water purchased Capital outlay		90,589 165,855 198,454 _100,393		95,659 239,374 218,420 139,142
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENDITURES	567,700	_555,291	12,409	692,595
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	567,700	555,291	12,409	692,595
xcess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(21,700)	162,333	184,033	(137,284)
ppropriated retained earnings	21,700		21,700	
XCESS OF REVENUES AND APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS UNDER EXPENDITURES	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$ 162,333</u>	<u>\$ 162,333</u>	<u>\$(137,284</u> )

# OWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA VATER AND SEWER FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES 3UDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) or the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

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		2003 Actual	2002 Actual
<u>leconciliation of modified accrual basis</u> <u>to full accrual basis</u> :			
excess of revenues and appropriated retained earnings under expenditures		\$ 162,333	\$(137,284)
Pepreciation		(115,595)	(110,411)
apital outlay		_100,393	139,142
	NET INCOME (LOSS) - EXHIBIT D	<u>\$ 147,131</u>	<u>\$(108,553</u> )



iscal year	Uncollected balance June 30, 2002	balance		Uncollected balance June 30, 2003
002-2003	\$ -	\$ 548,925	\$ (529,296)	\$ 19,629
001-2002	12,814	5 <b>-</b>	(8,331)	4,483
000-2001	16,023	-	(1,820)	14,203
999-2000	1,978	-	(600)	1,378
998-1999	2,599	·=	(652)	1,947
997-1998	1,073	-	(11)	1,062
996-1997	788	1-	(14)	774
995-1996	1,178		(70)	1,108
994-1995	1,018	-	(77)	941
993-1994	671	-	(27)	644
992-1993	417		(417)	
	\$ 38,559	<u>\$ 548,925</u>	<u>\$ 541,315</u>	<u>\$ 46,169</u>
econciliation with revenues:				
Taxes - ad valorem - General Fund		\$ 541,538		
econciling items: Interest collected Taxes written off Other adjustments		(2,167) 417 1,527		
otal collections and credits		\$ 541,315		

				Total Property	levy
	Total property valuation	Rate	Amount of levy	excluding registered motor vehicles	Registered motor vehicles
)riginal-Levy: Property taxed at current year's rate Property taxed at prior year's rate	\$86,960,474 	\$0.62 0.46	\$ 539,155 	\$ 498,309 	\$ 40,845 13,166
OTAL	89,822,704		552,321	498,309	54,011
iscoveries: Current year taxes	-	0.46	-	-	-
batements	(547,789)	0.62	(3,396)	(2,356)	(1,040)
Total property valuation	\$89,274,915				
let levy			548,925	495,953	52,971
Incollected taxes at June 30, 2003			19,629	9,373	10,255
current years taxes collected			<u>\$ 529,296</u>	\$ 486,580	\$ 42,716
:urrent levy collection percentage			96.42%	98.11%	80.64%