TOWN OF BISCOE

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2012

Town of Biscoe, North Carolina List of Principal Officials June 30, 2012

Elected Officials

Michael Criscoe Jerry Smith James Blake John Beard Eugene Anderson Jimmy Cagle Mayor Mayor Pro-Tem Commissioner Commissioner Commissioner Commissioner

Appointed Officials

Brooks Lockhart Laura Morton Laura Jordan David Maness Sam Stewart Tripp Myrick Town Manager Town Clerk Deputy Clerk Police Chief Public Works Director Fire Chief

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Town Commissioners Biscoe, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Biscoe, North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town of Biscoe's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Biscoe, North Carolina as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 21, 2012 on our consideration of the Town of Biscoe's internal control over financial reporting and our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial report or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

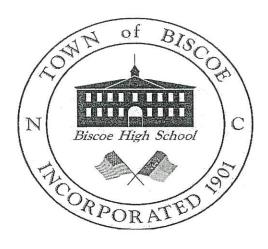


Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedule of Funding Progress and Schedule of Employer Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedure to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquired of management about the methods of preparing the supplementary information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Biscoe's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and additional financing data are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and additional financing data have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and additional financing data are stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP

November 21, 2012



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fax (910) 428-3975

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Biscoe we offer readers of the Town of Biscoe financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Biscoe (Town) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

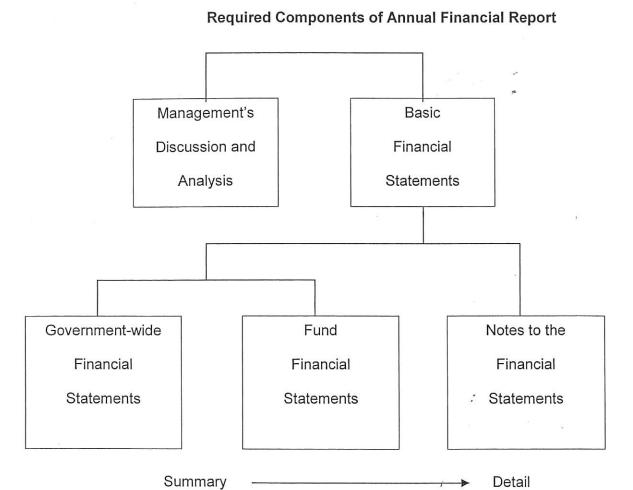
Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Town of Biscoe exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$7,942,710. The assets of the governmental activities exceeded liabilities by \$3,803,205 and the assets of the business-type activities exceeded liabilities by \$4,139,505.
- The government's total net assets decreased by \$4,251; due to depreciation.
- The majority of our depreciation was offset by unfreezing capital outlays. These outlays were budgeted at \$140,000 which was approximately the level of the prior year's depreciation.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Biscoe's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,231,062; a decrease of \$133,227 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 26 percent of this total amount, or \$583,018 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance). The Town maintains more than a minimum of 25% of budgeted expenditures in available fund balance for cash flow and emergencies. In addition the town maintains a capital reserve fund with money dedicated to large capital expenditures.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's business-type activities reported combined ending net assets of \$4,139,505 an increase of \$70,302.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Biscoe.

Figure 1:



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 10) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes and required supplemental financial data, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements are the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. Net assets are the difference between the Town's total assets and total liabilities. Measuring net assets is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets help determine whether the Town's financial position is improving or deteriorating. The statement of activities presents information which show how the Town's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, public works, parks and recreation, library, planning and inspections, transportation, and general administration. Property taxes and intergovernmental revenues finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer services offered by the Town.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds — Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Town Council about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Council; 2) the final budget as amended by the Council; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds – The Town has one enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer activity. This fund is the same as the function shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 24 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 40 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities – The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings.

Net Assets

The following (Figure 2) reflects condensed information on the Town's net assets.

Figure 2:

The Town of Biscoe Statement of Net Assets

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To	tal
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
Assets:						
Current and other assets	\$ 2,333,800	\$ 2,481,761	\$ 1,857,398	\$ 1,821,909	\$ 4,191,198	\$ 4,303,670
Capital assets	1,531,990	<u>1,475,479</u>	2,348,341	2,312,662	3,880,331	3,788,141
Total assets	3,865,790	3,957,240	4,205,739	4,134,571	8,071,529	8,091,811
Liabilities: Current liabilities	<u>62,585</u>	79,482	66,234	65,368	128,819	144,850
Net Assets:						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	1,531,990	1,475,479	2,348,341	2,312,662	3,880,331	3,788,141
Restricted	205,602	241,827	-	-	205,602	241,827
Unrestricted	2,065,613	2,160,452	1,791,164	1,756,541	3,856,777	3,916,993
Total net assets	\$ 3,803,205	\$ 3,877,758	\$ 4,139,505	\$ 4,069,203	\$ 7,942,710	\$ 7,946,961

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the Town exceeded liabilities by \$7,942,710 as of June 30, 2012. The Town's net assets decreased by \$4,251 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town's net assets represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$3,856,777 (48.6%) is unrestricted, which is approximately the same proportion as last fiscal year.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations influenced the total unrestricted governmental net assets:

- The cost of Governmental Activities exceeded the actual received revenues.
- As noted in previous two audits, the County Water System increased the bulk water rate, the rate the Town buys at, by 40% effective July 2010. This required the Town to conduct a comprehensive water and sewer rate study; which led to a rate increase. We assumed we would notice a decline in consumption but an increase in overall system revenue; this assumption was correct leading to higher receivables from customers in 2012 and an additional \$11,474 growth in revenues for 2012. Our consumption has appeared to level out and we should anticipate flat revenues in 2013.
- An increase in overall receivables has increased the amount we must hold in reserve as required by the State.
- In prior years the Town worked to reduce its overall liabilities. This fiscal year saw additional reduction in those liabilities.
- Our investment earnings are only 14% of the amounts they were 5 years ago, prior the recession.

Changes in Net Assets

The Town's total revenues and expenses for governmental and business-type activities are reflected in Figure 3.

Figure 2:

Town of Biscoe Changes in Net Assets

		ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011		
Revenues: Program revenues:								
Charges for services Operating grants	\$ 39,526	\$ 43,262	\$ 863,845	\$ 852,970	\$ 903,371	\$ 896,232		
and contributions Capital grants	100,864	82,757	(-	-	100,864	82,757		
and contributions General revenues:	28,617	23,025	85,346	155,625	113,963	178,650		
Property taxes	619,852	617,319	2.	: 	61.9,852	617,319		
Other taxes Unrestricted	270,022	248,068	0=	-	270,022	248,068		
Intergovernmental	236,698	305,881		-	236,698	305,881		
Other	117,529	(19,353)	(77,454)	(20,029)	40,075	(39,382)		
Total revenues	1,413,108	1,300,959	871,737	988,566	2,284,845	2,289,525		
Expenses:								
General government	391,805	415,614	3.5	=	391,805	415,614		
Public safety	700,723	667,127	-	2	700,723	667,127		
Culture and recreation	120,065	110,849	()	<u>=</u>	120,065	110,849		
Transportation	293,008	245,590		=	293,008	245,590		
Water and sewer		-	783,495	925,923	783,495	925,923		
Total expenses	1,505,601	1,439,180	783,495	925,923	2,289,096	2,365,103		
Increase (decrease) in net assets before								
transfers	(92,493)	(138,221)	88,242	62,643	(4,251)	(75,578)		
Transfers	17,940		(17,940)					
Increase (decrease) in net assets	(74,553)	(138,221)	70,302	² 62,643	(4,251)	(75,578)		
Net assets, July 1	3,877,758	4,015,979	4,069,203	4,006,560	7,946,961	8,022,539		
Net assets, June 30	\$ 3,803,205	\$ 3,877,758	<u>\$ 4,139,505</u>	\$ 4,069,203	\$ 7,942,710	<u>\$ 7,946,961</u>		

Governmental activities – Governmental activities decreased the Town's net assets by \$74,553. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

- The Governmental activities have relied on fund balance to supplement our loss in revenues from intergovernmental sources of revenues and from loss of interest income.
- In 2011 Governmental activities decreased the Town's net assets by \$138,221, 2012 decrease in net assets was \$74,553, 54% of the prior year. This is an improvement that the Town has worked toward.
- In 2013 we anticipate that Governmental Activities will increase the Town's net assets. 2013 will benefit from revaluation of property taxes.

Business-type activities: Business-type activities increased the Town's assets by \$70,302. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

 Our Business-type activities have seen an increase in revenues from charges for services by \$10,875. As explained earlier we expect that level of revenue to stay flat for 2013.

We had a reduction in expenditures of \$142,428.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. Specifically, unreserved fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,231,062 a decrease of \$133,227 in comparison with the prior year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the budget did require additional attention from the Town Council. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

The actual operating revenues for the General Fund were more than the budgeted amount by \$48,199. The higher than anticipated revenue mostly fell into two categories: increased tax receipts and grant proceeds but were saddled (once again) by lower than anticipated investment earnings. We were extremely cautious in our Revenue estimates, and most state-collected local revenues over-performed our most cautious estimates.

The actual operating expenses for the General Fund were less than the budgeted amount by \$165,478. This was primarily due to the continued efforts of staff to show restraint in purchases and overall responsible fiscal stewardship. Unfortunately, our actual expenditures exceeded our actual revenues by \$166,195. This was anticipated by the board, which is why such a large number was budgeted for fund balance appropriation in the General Fund. The board elected to utilize fund balance instead of considering a tax increase due to revaluation being conducted and the certainty of revisiting the tax rate in the coming fiscal year, which will likely solve this imbalance.

Proprietary Funds: The Town's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net assets at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$1,791,164 reflecting a \$34,623 increase from the prior year. The town, as expressed in earlier sections, resumed normal capital outlay. Net Assets invested in Capital Assets was \$2,348,341, an increase of \$35,679.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets: The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2012, totals \$3,880,331 reflecting a \$92,190 increase (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, machinery and equipment, water distribution system, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following additions:

Governmental Funds:

Additions

- A Crown Victoria Police Vehicle.
- A Brush Tractor for cleaning brush from the right-of-ways.
- Resurfacing and rehabilitation of the Basketball Courts in the Park.
- Car mounted Viper radios for all our Police Vehicles via a 50/50 grant/local match.

Retirements and Dispositions

No retirements, just regular book depreciation.

Proprietary Funds:

Additions

- Bush Hog for clearing water and sewer line easement
- A used 4x4 truck for hauling the Jet Machine to remote sewer lines, to allow us to properly maintain our lines.

Retirements

• No retirements, just regular book depreciation

Figure 4:

Town of Biscoe Capital Assets

	Governme	ental Activities	Business-typ	oe Activities	Total Primary Government				
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011			
Land Buildings Equipment, vehicles	\$ 490,635 1,998,341	\$ 482,587 1,998,341	\$ 14,900 -	\$ 14,900 -	\$ 505,535 1,998,341	\$ 497,487 1,998,341			
& infrastructure Water distribution	1,727,908	1,593,249	716,782	726,502	2,444,690	2,319,751			
Systems Construction in	-	-	4,217,705	4,217,705	4,217,705	4,217,705			
Progress	73,350	108,632	<u>175,551</u>		248,901	108,632			
Total Net Assets	4,290,234	4,182,809	5,124,938	4,959,107	9,415,172	9,141,916			
Depreciation	(2,758,244)	(2,707,330)	(2,776,597)	_,(2,646,445)	(5,534,841)	_(5,353,775)			
Total Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	d <u>\$ 1,531,990</u>	<u>\$ 1,475,479</u>	<u>\$ 2,348,341</u>	<u>\$ 2,312,662</u>	<u>\$ 3,880,331</u>	<u>\$ 3,788,141</u>			

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2012, the Town of Biscoe does not have any outstanding long-term debt.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The following key indicators reflect the economic environment of the Town.

- The Montgomery County unemployment rate, as reported by the Employment Security Commission, in June 2011 was 12.5%; in June 2012, the rate was still 12.5%. Montgomery County has continued to remain above the State average (8.2%) unemployment rate.
- The next fiscal year (2013) will benefit from the previous mentioned property tax revaluation. The Town reduced its tax rate from .58 on the hundred to .56. This amount places the Town at .05 cent above the revenue-neutral tax rate; it is our hope that this tax rate will be sufficient to offset the loss in intergovernmental sources of revenues and loss of interest incomes.
- We have seen the completion of the bank proposed last year and have been in talks about the construction of a second bank. We have also seen some previously vacated store fronts become occupied.
- The Town of Biscoe, in a partnership with Montgomery and Moore Counties is expanding sewer service to *Heart of NC Megapark*. This Megapark consists of over 3,000 acres located in Eastern Montgomery and Western Moore Counties. The Town of Biscoe has been awarded \$800,000 from the Golden Leaf Foundation on a total project of \$1.3 Million Dollars. This infrastructure will make sewer service on the east of Interstate 73/74; which is great for the future growth of the Town of Biscoe. The design phase of this project is complete and we have released the contracts for bids.

Next Year's Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2013

Governmental Activities: Numerous occurrences outside our span of control have created a larger overall budget for our Governmental Activities. The occurrences with the largest impacts, out of our direct control, have been in postemployment benefits. It came to our attention that several years ago we received an unrequested refund from the Volunteer Firefighter's Pension Fund; these refunded contributions lost potential years of growth and will have to be repaid in addition to the lost interest. The other large impact has been from our LEO Separation allowance, we have had 2 officers retire and anticipate a 3rd in 2013. These retirements have required the Town to increase its contributions to the LEO fund balance to cover expenditures and plan for future expenditures.

For the second year, the Town is providing its workers with Cost of Living Adjustment of 2.5%. The Town is also considering adding an additional merit pay system to complement the COLA increases. The Town has planned major capital expenditures in accordance with our Capital Improvement Program. Finally the Town has decided to commit itself to a street resurfacing program; the program will see all the Town owned streets being resurfaced on a ten year rotating cycle; A list has been created which will be the order of the resurfacing and upon completion it will start over. We will be continuing on our annual cycle of replacing a law enforcement vehicle. We will also purchase a new dump truck which will primarily be used to collect brush and debris.

Business–Type Activities: We anticipate flat revenues for 2013. The Board has discussed reducing the minimum billable amount, currently 2,000 gallons/month to possibly 1,000 gallons/month. This would work as a cost savings measure to help those on fixed incomes and to reward our consumers that elect to conserve water. With the anticipation of flat revenues, if we lower the minimum billing gallons we will need to make up the revenue elsewhere. Any proposed rate change would need another rate study to ensure we maintain a proper amount of revenues. Design work on the \$1.3 Million dollar sewer expansion is completed and the project has been put out to bid. This project is funded through an \$800,000 Golden Leaf Foundation grant and \$500,000 of local funds. Additionally, the Town will be undertaking an Inflow and Infiltration Study on its sewer system. This study, totaling \$80,000 is half funded by the Rural Center and half by the Town. The study will help us identify and correct inefficiencies to our operations, which will lead to smart investment in capital and a reduction in operational costs. We also anticipate replacing our backhoe, which is one of the most versatile pieces of equipment utilized by our business-type activities.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Town Clerk or Town Manager.

			Prima	ary Governmen	t		
	Go	vernmental		isiness-type			
		Activities		Activities ,		Total	
ASSETS					67		
Current assets:							
Cash and investments	\$	874,567	\$	1,739,091	\$	2,613,658	
Restricted cash		1,225,861		770		1,226,631	
Receivables - net							
Property taxes		67,830		-		67,830	
Due from other governments		129,800		-		129,800	
Accounts receivable		10,540		- a		10,540	
Customers		-		- 103,336		103,336	
Sales tax		13,633		94 -		13,633	
Accrued interest receivable		348		686		1,034	
Internal balances		11,221		(11,221)		-	
Inventories			-	24,736		24,736	
Total current assets		2,333,800		1,857,398		4,191,198	
Non-current assets:							
Capital assets:							
Land and other non-depreciable assets		563,985		190,451		754,436	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		968,005		2,157,890		3,125,895	
	(I)			2,107,030		3,125,695	
Total capital assets		1,531,990		2,348,341		3,880,331	
Total assets	\$	3,865,790	\$	4,205,739	\$	8,071,529	
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	34,096	, \$	43,032	\$	77,128	
Customers deposits	т.		, Ψ	770	Ψ	77,120	
Unearned revenue		812		-		812	
Current portion of compensated absences	9	27,677	-	22,432		50,109	
Total liabilities		62,585		66,234		128,819	
Net assets:		* ////					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		1,531,990		2,348,341		3,880,331	
Restricted for:						Andrew Conservation of the	
Stabilization by State Statute		165,542		₩ -		165,542	
Streets		38,707		=3		38,707	
Equitable sharing		1,353		-		1,353	
Unrestricted		2,065,613		1,791,164	S	3,856,777	
Total net assets	\$	3,803,205	_\$	4,139,505	\$	7,942,710	

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	rnment		Total			- \$ (388,839)	- (622,982)	- (241,268)	- (83,505)	- (1,336,594)		165,696		(1,170,898)		- 619,852	- 270,022	2	98 12,675	20 77,916	93) 37,363	(87,879)		1,166,647	02 (4,251)	7,946,961	05 \$ 7,942,710
Revenue and C	Primary Government	Business-type	Activities		59	ss						165,696	165,696	165,696					3,798	12,920	(6,293)	(87,879)	(17,940)	(95,394)	70,302	4,069,203	\$ 4,139,505
Net (Expense)		Governmental	Activities			\$ (388,839)	(622,982)	(241,268)	(83,505)	(1,336,594)				(1,336,594)		619,852	270,022	236,698	8,877	64,996	43,656	1	17,940	1,262,041	(74,553)	3,877,758	\$ 3,803,205
	Capital	Grants	and Contributions			ľ	28,617	1		28,617		85,346	85,346	113,963													
			and		6	↔								69													
Program Revenues	Operating	Grants and	Contributions			10	49,124	51,740		100,864		1	1	100,864													
Pr						69								69							sets	· towns	3	fers			
-		Charges for	Services			2,966	ı	1	36,560	39,526		863,845	863,845	903,371				ernmental			Gain/(loss) on disposal of capital assets	disbursements to other towns		Total general revenues and transfers	ets		
					100	↔								€9	.se:	axes	taxes	intergov	arnings	S	n dispos	disburse		ral reve	net assets	nning	of year
			Expenses			\$ 391,805	700,723	293,008	120,065	1,505,601		783,495	783,495	\$ 2,289,096	General revenues:	Ad valorem taxes	Local option taxes	Unrestricted intergovernmental	Investment earnings	Miscellaneous	Gain/(loss) o	STAG grant of	Transfers	Total gene	Change in	Net assets, beginning	Net assets, end of year
180 W 4 H																								i.			
			Function/Programs	Primary government:	Government activities:	General government	Public safety	Transportation	Cultural and recreational	Total governmental activities	Business-type activities:	Water and Sewer	Total business-type activities	Total primary government													

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TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2012

		Major Fund				
.*		General Fund	Total Non-Maj Funds	or	Go	Total vernmental Funds
				8		
ASSETS			(4)			
Cash and investments	\$	918,641	\$	-	\$	918,641
Restricted cash		1,225,861		-		1,225,861
Receivables - net						
Property taxes		67,830		-		67,830
Due from other governments		129,800		-		129,800
Accounts receivable		10,540		-		10,540
Sales tax		13,633		-		13,633
Accrued interest receivable		348		-		348
Due from other funds	-	11,221				11,221
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,377,874	\$		\$	2,366,653
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			20			
LIABILITIES						
Bank overdraft	\$	-	\$ 44	,074	\$	44,074
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Ψ	34,096	Ψ ''	,0,,	Ψ	34,096
Unearned revenue		812				812
Deferred revenue		67,830				67,830
TOTAL LIABILITIES		102,738	44	,074		146,812
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted						
Stabilization by State Statute		165,542		-		165,542
Streets		38,707		-		38,707
Equitable sharing		1,353		_		1,353
Assigned						
Subsequent year's expenditures		255,288		-		255,288
Capital reserve fund		1,187,154		-		1,187,154
Unassigned (deficit)		627,092	(44	,074)		583,018
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	·	2,275,136	(44	,074)		2,231,062
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2,377,874	\$		\$	2,377,874
*	(-			*
Reconciliation of fund balance in the balance sheet - governmental fund	ds with net assets -	governmental a	activities:			
Fund balance as reported in the balance sheet - governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net	assets are differen				\$	2,231,062
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial retherefore, are not reported in the funds	** SSS	į.				1,531,990
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period therefore, are deferred in the funds	20 20					67,830
Long-term liabilities, including interest and compensated absend in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fu		d payable				(27,677
			**		\$	3,803,205
					Ψ	3,003,203

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		1.4	aias Fund		9		
		IVI	ajor Fund				
							Total
			General		Non-Major		ernmental
			Fund	F	unds		Funds
REVENUES							
Ad valorem taxes		\$	619,852	\$	-	\$	619,852
Other taxes and license	es		270,022		-		270,022
Unrestricted intergover	nmental		236,696		-		236,696
Restricted intergovernr	nental		107,399		28,617		136,016
Permits and fees			2,966		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2,966
Sales and services			43,633	V a		93	43,633
Investment earnings			8,875		-		8,875
Miscellaneous			51,390				51,390
Total revenues			1,340,833		28,617		1,369,450
EXPENDITURES			407,378				407,378
General government			699,767		53,070		752,837
Public safety			273,242		33,070		273,242
Transportation			126,641		10,319		136,960
Cultural and recreation	al	-	120,041	-	10,319	-	130,900
Total expenditures		-	1,507,028	-	63,389	-	1,570,417
REVENUES UNDER							
EXPENDITURES			(166,195)		(34,772)		(200,967)
OTHER FINANCING SOL	JRCES (USES)						
Transfer from water			17,940		-		17,940
Transfer to PARTF	a series rana		(53,354)		53,354		-
Transfer to capital p	roject fund		(35,205)		35,205		_
Sale of capital asset			49,800		-		49,800
Sale of Capital asset	5		49,000			-	43,000
TO	OTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(20,819)		88,559		67,740
CHANGE IN FUND BALA	NCE		(187,014)		53,787		(133,227)
FUND BALANCE (DEFIC	IT), BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,462,150		(97,861)		2,364,289
FUND BALANCE (DEFIC	IT), END OF YEAR	\$	2,275,136	\$	(44,074)	\$	2,231,062

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Exhibit 4
Page 1 of 2

	Major Fund	8	
	General Fund	Total Non-Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Ad valorem taxes Other taxes and licenses Unrestricted intergovernmental Restricted intergovernmental Permits and fees	\$ 619,852 270,022 236,696 107,399 2,966	\$ 28,617	\$ 619,852 270,022 236,696 136,016 2,966
Sales and services Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total revenues	43,633 8,875 51,390 1,340,833	28,617	43,633 8,875 51,390 1,369,450
EXPENDITURES	1,340,633		1,309,450
General government Public safety Transportation Cultural and recreational	407,378 699,767 273,242 126,641	53,070 - 10,319	407,378 752,837 273,242 136,960
Total expenditures	1,507,028	63,389	1,570,417
REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(166,195)	(34,772)	(200,967)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer from water & sewer fund Transfer to PARTF Transfer to capital project fund Sale of capital assets	17,940 (53,354) (35,205) 49,800	53,354 35,205	17,940 - - 49,800
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(20,819)	88,559	67,740
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(187,014)	53,787	(133,227)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,462,150	(97,861)	2,364,289
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$ 2,275,136	\$ (44,074)	\$ 2,231,062

TOWN OF BISCOE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Exhibit 4
Page 2 of 2

Reconciliation of net change in fund balance in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - governmental funds to change in net assets - governmental activities:	8	
Revenues under expenditures		\$ (133,227)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. As a result, the gain/loss on disposal of those assets would also differ between the two statements in an amount equal to the basis of the asset reported on the date of disposal.		
Capital outlay Depreciation		192,241 (129,586)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do no provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		(49,800)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds		
Compensated absences Gain on disposal of capital assets	•	 2,163 43,656
Total change in net assets of governmental activities		\$ (74,553)

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND AND ANNUALLY BUDGETED CAPITAL RESERVE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

			8	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	udget Final	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				(e.maverable)
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 595,305	\$ 595,305	\$ 619,852	\$ 24,547
Other taxes and licenses	288,560	288,060	270,022	(18,038)
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	217,241	217,241	236,696	19,455
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	91,756	96,291	107,399	11,108
Permits and fees	2,600	2,600	2,966	366
Sales and services	38,000	38,000	43,633	5,633
Investment earnings	15,650	15,650	4,417	(11,233)
Miscellaneous	11,000	35,029	51,390	16,361
Total revenues	1,260,112	1,288,176	1,336,375	48,199
EXPENDITURES				
General government	448,613	470,562	407,378	63,184
Public safety	666,031	712,231	699,767	12,464
Transportation - streets	353,240	353,240	273,242	79,998
Cultural and recreational	106,560	136,473	126,641	9,832
Total expenditures	1,574,444	1,672,506	1,507,028	165,478
REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(314,332)	(384,330)	(170,653)	213,677
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:				
Transfer from other funds	72,000	72,000	72,000	27
Sale of capital assets	10,000	49,800	49,800	
Total other financing sources	82,000	121,800	121,800	-
				
REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES				
AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	(232,332)	(262,530)	(48,853)	213,677
FUND BALANCE APPROPRIATED	232,332	262,530		(262,530)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	(48,853)	\$ (48,853)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			1,136,835	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			1,087,982	
A legally budgeted Capital Reserve Fund is consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes:				
Investment earnings Transfer from Water & Sewer fund			4,458	
Transfer from Water & Sewer fund Transfer to General fund			17,940	
Transfer to General fulld			(72,000)	
			(53,354)	
Transfer to Capital Project fund			(35,205)	
Fund Balance, Beginning			1,325,315	
Fund Balance, Ending (Exhibit 4)			\$ 2,275,136	

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND June 30, 2012

ASSETS	•	
Current assets: Cash and investments Receivables - net: Customers Accrued interest Restricted cash and investments Inventories		\$ 1,739,091 103,336 686 770 24,736
Total current assets		1,868,619
Capital assets: Land and other non-depreciable assets Other capital assets, net of depreciation Total capital assets, net Total assets		190,451 2,157,890 2,348,341 \$ 4,216,960
LIABILITIES	ī	
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Compensated absences Deposits		\$ 43,032 11,221 22,432 770
Total current liabilities		77,455
Total liabilities		77,455
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted		2,348,341 1,791,164
Total net assets		\$ 4,139,505

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Exhibit 7

OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	9	\$	863,845
OPERATING EXPENSES Water and sewer operations Depreciation			628,698 154,797
Total Operating Expenses		9 <u></u>	783,495
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS			80,350
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENING Interest earned on investments Tax refunds Loss on disposal of capital assets STAG grant disbursements to other Other revenue Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expening Revenues)	r towns		3,798 3,992 (6,293) (87,879) 8,928 (77,454)
INCO	OME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		2,896
TRANSFER TO CAPITAL RESERVE			(17,940)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS			85,346
	CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		70,302
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<i>y</i> *		1,069,203
	NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	_\$ 4	1,139,505

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Exhibit 8

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Cash paid for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	913,838 (460,661) (156,689) 296,488
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets Other revenue Transfer to capital reserve fund NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(196,769) 10,387 (17,940) (204,322)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investments NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		3,798
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		95,964
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,643,897
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	_\$	1,739,861
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Income from operations Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	80,350
Depreciation Change in assets and liabilities:		154,797
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Increase) decrease in inventories		49,993 12,087 (739)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	296,488

Exhibit 9

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND June 30, 2012

	_	Pension Trust Fund Special Separation Allowance Fund		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents			00.450	
Accrued interest	· -	.	30,156	
Total assets LIABILITIES			30,157	
Accrued benefits	,		635	
NET ASSETS Reserved for employees' pension benefits	<i>y</i> =		29,522	

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Exhibit 10

Rension Trust Fund Special Separation Allowance Fund ADDITIONS: Investment earnings \$ 268 Municipal contribution 18,000 TOTAL ADDITIONS 18,268 **DEDUCTIONS:** Employee benefits 24,099 **NET DECREASE** (5,831)NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR, JULY 1 35,353 NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR, JUNE 30 29,522

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Biscoe conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

The Town of Biscoe is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town as well as any separate entity for which the Town is financially accountable. For the year ended June 30, 2012, no other entity is included in the Town's financial statements.

Basis of Presentation - Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds, including fiduciary fund. Separate statements for each fund category — *governmental*, *proprietary*, *and fiduciary* — are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, streets, sanitation, parks and recreation, and general government services. Additionally, the Town has legally adopted a Capital Reserve Fund. Under GASB 54 guidance, the Capital Reserve Fund is consolidated in the General Fund. The budgetary comparison for the Capital Reserve Fund has been included in the supplemental information.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Town reports the following non-major governmental funds:

<u>Parks and Recreation Trust Fund</u> – The Parks and Recreation Trust Fund is a Capital Project Fund for improvements to the Town of Biscoe Recreation Park.

Office of State Fire Marshall Grant Funds - These grant funds are provided by the State of North Carolina to be used for equipment upgrade and replacement within the Biscoe Fire Department.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water and Sewer Fund - This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations.

The City reports the following fiduciary fund:

<u>Special Separation Allowance Pension Trust Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance, a single-employer, public employee retirement system.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide. Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, donations and similar items is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to actual. At June 30, taxes receivable are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of January 1, 1993, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, Montgomery County is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts in the County, including the Town of Biscoe. For motor vehicles registered under the staggered system, property taxes are due the first day of the fourth month after the vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they become due. Therefore, the Town's vehicle taxes for vehicles registered in Montgomery County from March 2011 through February 2012 apply to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. Uncollected taxes that were billed during this period are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred revenues.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as deferred revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

As permitted by generally accepted accounting principles, the Town has elected to apply only applicable FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, that do not contradict GASB pronouncements in its accounting and reporting practices for its proprietary operations.

Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the general and enterprise funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Governmental Capital Project Funds and the Enterprise Capital Project Funds which are consolidated with the operating funds for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Budgetary Data (Continued)

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. The Town manager is authorized by the budget ordinance to transfer appropriations between functional areas within a fund up to \$1,000; however, any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than \$1,000 must be approved by the governing board. Amendments were made during the year to the original budget.

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and banker's acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

Restricted Assets

Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Money in the Capital Reserve Fund is also classified as restricted assets because its use is restricted to that fund. Powell Bill funds are also classified as restricted cash because it can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4.

Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a), the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1; however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. The taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2011. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. The amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

Inventory

Inventories are maintained for all enterprise fund supplies. They are valued at cost (first-in, first out), which approximates market. The inventory of the enterprise fund consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as an expenditure when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$3,000, and estimated useful life of two years. Minimum capitalization costs for land, buildings, furniture and equipment, computer software, and vehicles have been set at \$3,000. Purchased or constructed assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful lives.

Buildings	29 years
Furniture and office equipment	7-10 years
Maintenance and construction equipment	5-7 years
Medium and heavy motor vehicles	5-7 years
Computer Software	5 years
Automobiles and light trucks	3-5 vears

Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. Accumulated earned vacation at June 30, 2012, amounted to \$50,109 in total, of which \$27,677 relates to the governmental fund and \$22,432 relates to the enterprise fund. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

Compensated absences for governmental activities have typically been liquidated in the General Fund.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Net Assets

Net assets in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net assets represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balance

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of three classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute – portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute (G.S. 159-8(a)).

Restricted for Streets – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Restricted for Equitable Sharing – portion of fund balance that is restricted through an agreement entered into between the Federal government, the Town's police department, and the governing body.

Assigned fund balance - portion of fund balance that the Town of Biscoe intends to use for specific purposes.

Assigned for capital reserve fund – portion of fund balance that is held in the capital reserve fund for future purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however, the budget ordinance authorizes the Town manager to modify the appropriations within funds up to \$1,000.

Unassigned fund balance – the portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes of other funds.

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I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

The Town of Biscoe has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Town Clerk will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-town funds, town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed inorder by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. Town management has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

The Town of Biscoe has an informal fund balance policy for the general fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the Town in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 20% of budgeted expenditures. Any portion of the general fund balance in excess of 20% of budgeted expenditures may be appropriated.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

On-behalf of Payments

Expenditures of on-behalf of payments are not considered to be violations of State statute budget requirements.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, transfers from the water and sewer fund to the Clean Water Management Trust Fund exceeded authorized appropriations by \$36,411. Management and the commissioners will more closely review the budget reports to ensure compliance in future years.

Deficit in Fund Balance or Net Assets of Individual Funds

The Town had a deficit in fund balance in the Office of State Fire Marshall 2011 to 2012 and 2012 – 2013 funds, Parks and Recreation Trust Fund, Golden Leaf capital project fund, and I&I Rural Center capital project fund as of June 30, 2012. Management and commissioners will transfer budgeted funds or request reimbursement of grant funds in order to remedy the deficits.

III. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in the unit's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agent in its name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the

III. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits (Continued)

Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2012, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$3,870,445 and a bank balance of \$3,961,593. Of the bank balance, \$552,820 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$3,408,773 was secured through the pooling method. At June 30, 2012, the Town had no petty cash fund.

IV. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - ALLOWANCES FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS

The receivables shown in the Town's statement of net assets and balance sheet are presented net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

General Fund Ad valorem taxes

\$13,639

Water and Sewer Fund Customers

\$24,500

V. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Assets at June 30, 2012, are summarized below:

	June 30 2011	Transfers in/ additions	Transfers out/ retirements	June 30, 2012
Non depreciable assets: Land Construction in progress	\$ 482,5 108,6 591,2	32 10,694	\$ (4,123) (45,976) (50,099)	\$ 490,635 73,350 563,985
Depreciable assets: Buildings and improvements Equipment and vehicles Infrastructure	1,998,3 1,385,9 207,2 3,591,5	85 215,352 <u>64</u>	(80,693) (80,693)	1,998,341 1,520,644 207,264 3,726,249
Grand Total	4,182,8	09 238,217	(130,792)	4,290,234

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

V.	CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)				
		June 30, 2011	Transfers in/ additions	Transfers out/ cretirements	June 30, 2012
	Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization for: Buildings and improvements to land and buildings Equipment and vehicles Infrastructure	\$ 1,600,057 1,067,938 39,335 2,707,330	\$ 34,573 84,650 10,363 129,586	\$ - \$ (78,672) 	1,634,630 1,073,916 49,698 2,758,244
	Depreciable assets – net Governmental activity capital assets – net	<u>884,260</u> <u>\$ 1,475,479</u>	85,766 \$ 108,631	(2,021) \$ (52,120) \$	968,005 1,531,990
	Depreciation expense was charged General government Public safety Cultural and recreation Transportation	to functions/pro	grams of the prima	\$ 34,016 69,625 6,178 19,767 \$ 129,586	lows:
				<u> </u>	
Busi	ness Type Activities:	June 30, 2011	Transfers in/ additions	Transfers out/ retirements	June 30, 2012
Busi	Non depreciable assets: Land Construction in progress				
Busi	Non depreciable assets: Land	\$ 14,900	additions \$ - 175,551	retirements	14,900 175,551
Busi	Non depreciable assets: Land Construction in progress Depreciable assets: Plant, substations, lines, and related equipment	\$ 14,900 	# 21,218	retirements \$ - \$	14,900 175,551 190,451 4,217,705 716,782
Busi	Non depreciable assets: Land Construction in progress Depreciable assets: Plant, substations, lines, and related equipment Equipment and vehicles	\$ 14,900 	# 21,218 21,218	retirements \$ - \$	14,900 175,551 190,451 4,217,705 716,782 4,934,487
Busin	Non depreciable assets: Land Construction in progress Depreciable assets: Plant, substations, lines, and related equipment Equipment and vehicles Grand Total Less: Accumulated depreciation: Plant, substations, lines, and related equipment	\$ 14,900 	additions \$	retirements \$ - \$	14,900 175,551 190,451 4,217,705 716,782 4,934,487 5,124,938 2,193,779 582,818

VI. PAYABLES

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2012, were as follows:

	Vendors	Salaries and benefits	_Total
Governmental Activities: General	<u>\$ 19,751</u>	<u>\$ 14,345</u>	\$ 34,096
Total - governmental activities	<u>\$ 19,751</u>	\$ 14,345	\$ 34,096
Business-Type Activities: Water and Sewer	\$ 37,812	\$ 5,220	\$ 43,032
Total - business-type activities	\$ 37,812	\$ 5,220	\$ 43,032

VII. PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT OBLIGATIONS

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

<u>Plan Description</u> - The Town of Biscoe contributes to the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina LGERS provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - Plan members are required to contribute six percent of their covered salary. The Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. For the Town, the current rate for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers is 6.88% and 7.36%, respectively, of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of members and of the Town of Biscoe are established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town's contribution to LGERS for year ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$40,798, 33,374, and 27,917, respectively. The contribution made by the Town equaled the required contribution for the year.

Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

<u>Plan Description</u> - The Town of Biscoe administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer retirement defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Separation Allowance is reported in the Town's report as a pension trust fund, fiduciary fund.

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

VII. PENSION PLAN OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance (Continued)

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation allowance. At December 31, 2011, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	2
Terminated plan members entitled	55
to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	9
,	_
9	11

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting – Financial statements for the Separation Allowance are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and when the Town has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments – Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term money market debt instruments, deposits, and repurchase agreements, are reported at cost or amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Certain longer term United States Government and United States Agency securities are valued at the last reported sales price.

<u>Contributions</u> - The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to cover the benefits earned by making contributions based on actuarial valuations. For the current year, the Town contributed \$12,000, or 4.86% of annual covered payroll. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administrative costs of the Separation allowance are financed through investment earnings.

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the December 31, 2011, actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 5% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and (b) projected salary increases of 4.25 – 7.85% per year. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.00%. The assumptions did not include post-employment benefit increases. The actuarial value of assets was determined using the market value of investments. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2011 was 19 years.

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VII. PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance (Continued)

<u>Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation</u> - The Town's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to the Separation Allowance for the current year were as follows:

Annual required contribution Interest on net pension obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution Annual pension cost Contributions made Decrease in net pension obligation Net pension obligation beginning of year	e pt	\$ 10,860 (1,504)
Net pension obligation end of year		<u>\$ (30,938</u>)

Three Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
6-30-10	8,001	256.17%	(15,649)
6-30-11	9,897	245.90%	(30,089)
6-30-12	11,151	107.61%	(30,938)

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u> - As of December 31, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 33.61 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$163,971, and the actuarial value of assets was \$55,109, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$108,862. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$246,738 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 44.12 percent.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

<u>Plan Description</u> - The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

VII. PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers (Continued)

<u>Funding Policy</u> - Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2012, were \$27,848, which consisted of \$22,893 from the Town and \$4,955 from the law enforcement officers.

Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund

<u>Plan Description</u> - The State of North Carolina contributes, on behalf of the Town of Biscoe, to the Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund (Fund), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation administered by the State of North Carolina. The Fund provides pension benefits for eligible fire and rescue squad workers that have elected to become members of the fund. Article 86 of G.S. Chapter 58 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - Plan members are required to contribute \$10 per month to the Fund. The State, a nonemployer contributor, funds the plan through appropriations. The Town does not contribute to the Fund. Contribution requirements of plan members and the State of North Carolina are established and may be amended by North Carolina General Assembly.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

At retirement, all employees have the option to purchase basic medical insurance at the Town's group rate. The entire cost of this insurance is borne by the employees.

Other Employment Benefits

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for Members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer State administered cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months salary in a row during the 24 months prior to his/her death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll, based upon rates established annually by the State. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the postemployment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

VIII. DEFERRED/UNEARNED REVENUES

The balance in deferred/unearned revenues at year-end is composed of the following elements:

	Deferred revenue	Unearned revenue
Prepaid taxes (General Fund) Taxes receivable (General Fund), less penalties	\$ - 67,830	\$ 812
	\$ 67,830	\$ 812

IX. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

Balances due to/from other funds at June 30, 2012 consist of the following:

Due to the General Fund for governmental expenses from: Water/Sewer Fund

\$ 11,221

The interfund balances resulted from payments for payroll withholdings in the Water and Sewer Fund paid by the General Fund.

Transfers to/from funds at June 30, 2012, consist of the following:

From the General Fund to Capital Reserve to correct prior year transfer	\$ 72,000
From Capital Reserve Fund to PARTF to remedy fund deficit	53,354
From Capital Reserve to OSFM Capital Projects to remedy fund deficit	35,205
From Capital Reserve to Water and Sewer for the purchase of equipment	17,940
From Water and Sewer Fund to CWMTF to remedy fund deficit	 36,411
Total	\$ 214.910

X. REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES

On-behalf of Payments for Fringe Benefits and Salaries

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the Town of Biscoe has recognized on-behalf of payments for pension contributions made by the State as a revenue and an expenditure of \$14,140 for the thirty-seven firemen who perform firefighting duties for the Town's fire department. The volunteers and employees elected to be members of the Firemen's Pension Fund, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system established and administered by the State of North Carolina. The plan is funded by a \$10 monthly contribution paid by each member, investment income and a state appropriation.

XI. LONG-TERM DEBT

At June 30, 2012, the Town of Biscoe had a legal debt margin of \$8,501,695.

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

XII. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town has property, general liability, and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, worker's compensation coverage of up to statutory limits, and employee health coverage up to \$2 million lifetime limit. The pools are reinsured through commercial companies for single occurrence claims against property, general liability, and auto liability in excess of \$500,000 and \$300,000 statutory limits for worker's compensation. The pools are reinsured for annual employee health claims in excess of \$150,000. The property liability pool has an aggregate limit for the total property losses in a single year, with the reinsurance limit based upon a percentage of the total insurance values.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three fiscal years.

The Town is not required to carry flood insurance because the Town is not in an area of the State that has been mapped and designated an "A" area (an area close to a river, lake or stream) by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

In accordance with G.S.159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer is individually bonded for \$100,000. All other employees are covered under a \$100,000 blanket bond.

XIII. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The Town, in conjunction with 7 counties and 42 other municipalities, established the Piedmont Triad Regional Council of Governments (Council). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from federal and state agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The Town paid membership fees of \$550 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

XIV. JOINT VENTURE

The Town participates in a joint venture to operate the Montgomery Municipal Board of Alcoholic Beverage Control with four other local governments. Each participating government appoints one board member to the five-member ABC Board. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the Montgomery Municipal Board of Alcoholic Beverage Control, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2012. Complete financial statements for the Montgomery Municipal Board of Alcoholic Beverage Control can be obtained at the ABC's offices, at P.O. Box 279, Biscoe, NC 27209.

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

XIV. JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

Firemen's Relief Fund

The Town and the members of the Town's fire department each appoint two members to the five-member local board of trustees for the Firemen's Relief Fund. The State Insurance commissioner appoints one additional member to the local board of trustees. The Firemen's Relief Fund is funded by a portion of the fire and lightning insurance premiums which insures remit to the State. The State passes these monies to the local board of the Firemen's Relief Fund. The funds are used to assist fire fighters in various ways. The Town obtains an ongoing financial benefit from the Fund for the onbehalf of payments for salaries and fringe benefits made to members of the Town's fire department by the board of trustees. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the Town reported no payments through the Firemen's Relief Fund. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2012. The Firemen's Relief Fund does not issue separate audited financial statements. Instead, the local board of trustees files an annual financial report with the State Firemen's Association. This report can be obtained from the Association at 323 West Jones Street, Suite 401, Raleigh, North Carolina 27603.

XV. FUND BALANCE

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance-General Fund	\$ 2,275,136
Less: Stabilization by State Statute	165,542
Streets – Powell Bill Equitable Sharing Appropriated Fund Balance in 2012 budget Capital Reserve Fund Remaining Fund Balance	33,609 1,353 255,288 1,187,154 632,190

XVI. SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

This Section contains additional information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board

- Schedule of Funding Progress for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance.
- Schedule of Employer Contributions for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance.
- Notes to the Required Schedules for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance.

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

		Actuarial Accrued			•		
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets(a)	Liability (AAL) Projected Unit Credit (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered payroll ((b - a)/c)	
12-31-06	\$63,548	\$80,961	\$17,413	78.49%	\$231,852	25.86%	
12-31-07	72,054	90,660	18,606	79.48%	287,022	6.48%	
12-31-08	80,487	135,601	55,114	59.36%	249,856	22.06%	
12-31-09	89,169	155,066	65,897	57.50%	254,781	25.86%	
12-31-10	89,169	165,402	76,233	53.91%	253,003	30.13%	
12-31-11	55,109	163,971	108,862	33.61%	246,738	44.12%	

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Schedule 2

Year ended June 30	Annual required contribution	8	Percentage contributed
2007	\$ 4,976		99.23%
2008	5,065		99.37%
2009	5,670		205.96%
2010	8,001		256.17%
2011	9,897		245.90%
2012	11,151		107.61%

Schedule 3

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SCHEDULES

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

12-31-11

Actuarial cost method Projected unit credit

Amortization method Level percent of pay closed

Remaining amortization period 19 years

Asset valuation method Market value

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return* 5.00%

Projected salary increases* 4.25 – 7.85%

*Includes inflation at 3.00%

Cost-of-living adjustments N/A

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

Page 1 of 3

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		0040	
	0	2012	Mari
	Budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)
*	Budget	Actual	(unlavorable)
REVENUES			
Ad valorem taxes			
Taxes		\$ 613,724	
Penalties and interest		6,128	
Total	\$ 595,305	619,852	\$ 24,547
Other taxes and licenses			
Local option sales tax		270,022	
Total	288,060	270,022	(18,038)
Total	200,000	210,022	(10,030)
Unrestricted intergovernmental			
Franchise tax		208,864	
Beer and wine taxes		7,366	
Solid waste disposal tax		1,175	
Tax refunds		19,291	E
Total	217,241	236,696	19,455
Restricted intergovernmental			
Powell Bill allocation		51,740	
DSM revenues		1,114	
Grant funds		40,405	
On-behalf payments - Fire		14,140	
Total	96,291	107,399	11,108
Permits and fees	2,600	2,966	366
Colon and company	W	-	72.
Sales and services ABC Revenue		405	
Cemetery lots sales		6,668	
Concession receipts			
Total	38,000	36,560	
Total		43,633	5,633
Investment earnings	15,650	4,417	(11,233)
Miscellaneous			
Contributions		8,285	
Fire department donations		23,529	
Other		19,576	
	35,029	51,390	16,361
TOTAL REVENUES	1,288,176	1,336,375	48,199
•	1,200,110	.,500,010	

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

Page 2 of 3

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		2012	
		2012	Variance
			favorable
	Budget	Actual	(unfavorable)
EXPENDITURES			
General government			
Salaries and employee benefits		\$ 162,425	
Other operating expenditures		137,575	
Total	\$ 334,613	300,000	\$ 34,613
Legal and professional services		40	
Other operating expenditures		49,038	
Total	52,949	49,038	3,911
Public buildings and grounds			
Other operating expenditures		51,968	
Capital outlay		6,372	-
Total	83,000	58,340	24,660
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	470,562	407,378	63,184
Public Safety	* 8		
Police			
Salaries and employee benefits		424,526	
Other operating expenditures		115,112	
Capital outlay		46,656	
Total	610,791	586,294	24,497
Fire			
Salaries and employee benefits		7,638	
Other operating expenditures		76,893	
Fire department expense		14,802	
Total	101,440	99,333	2,107
Fire and rescue workers on behalf of payments		14,140	(14,140)
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	712,231	699,767	12,464
		*	
Transportation			
Streets			
Salaries and employee benefits		1,668	
Other operating expenditures Total	100.000	194,561	
Total	199,800	196,229	3,571

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITI

Page 3 of 3

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	2012			
Budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)		
\$ 153.440	\$ 15,773 20,145 41,095	\$ 76,427		
353,240	273,242	79,998		
	40,738 85,903			
136,473	126,641	9,832		
1,672,506	1,507,028	165,478		
(384,330)	(170,653)	213,677		
72,000 49,800	72,000 49,800			
121,800	121,800	_		
(262,530)	(48,853)	213,677		
262,530		(262,530)		
\$ -	(48,853)	\$ (48,853)		
	1,136,835			
	\$ 1,087,982			
	\$ 153,440 353,240 136,473 1,672,506 (384,330) 72,000 49,800 121,800 (262,530) 262,530	\$ 15,773 20,145 41,095 \$ 153,440 77,013 353,240 273,242 40,738 85,903 136,473 126,641 1,672,506 1,507,028 (384,330) (170,653) 72,000 72,000 49,800 49,800 121,800 121,800 (262,530) (48,853) 262,530 - \$ (48,853)		

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA CAPITAL RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-2			2012	8	and the control of th
	Budget			Actual		Variance favorable infavorable)
REVENUES Investment earnings	\$\$	29,499	\$\$	4,458	\$	(25,041)
EXPENDITURES		47,439		-	A nti-tipe-co	47,439
REVENUES OVER/(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(17,940)		4,458		22,398
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) Transfer from water & sewer fund Transfer to golden leaf Transfer to general fund Transfer to PARTIF Transfer to capital project fund		17,940 (500,000) (72,000) (53,354) (35,205)		17,940 - (72,000) (53,354) (35,205)	į.	500,000 - - -
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES		(642,619)	-	(142,619)	,	500,000
REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES		(660,559)		(138,161)		522,398
FUND BALANCE APPROPRIATED		660,559	W illiams	8 -		(660,559)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$			(138,161)	\$	(138,161)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR, JULY 1				1,325,315		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR, JUNE 30			\$	1,187,154		

TOWN OF BISCOE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2012

,	Capital Project Funds							
	OSFM Grant	PARTF Grant	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds					
LIABILITIES AND FUND DEFICIT								
LIABILITIES Bank overdraft	\$ 24,453	\$ 19,621	\$ 44,074					
FUND DEFICIT Unassigned TOTAL FUND DEFICIT	(24,453) (24,453)	(19,621) (19,621)	(44,074) (44,074)					
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND DEFICIT	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					

TOWN OF BISCOE NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

			Capital Proje				
		OSFM Grants PARTF Grant			Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
REVENUES Grant Proceeds		\$	28,617	\$		\$	28,617
EXPENDITURES Public Safety Cultural and Recreation			· 53,070 	<i>(</i>	10,319		53,070 10,319
TOTAL EXPENDITURES			53,070	P	10,319	7	63,389
REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES			(24,453)		(10,319)		(34,772)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfer from Capital Reserve			35,205		53,354		88,559
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVEREXPENDITURE	ES	-	10,752		43,035		53,787
FUND DEFICIT, BEGINNING OF YEAR, JULY 1		(1)	(35,205)		(62,656)	•	(97,861)
	FUND DEFICIT, END OF YEAR, JUNE 30	\$	(24,453)	\$	(19,621)	\$	(44,074)

TOWN OF BISCOE
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND (OSFM GRANTS)
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Actu			tual				Variance		
		Project		Prior		Current		Total	favorable	
	Au	thorization_		years		year	to date		(unfavorable)	
REVENUES										
OSFM grant proceeds - 2009-2010	\$	26,880	\$	26,882	\$		\$	26,882	\$	2
OSFM grant proceeds - 2010-2011		23,025		23,025		-		23,025		100
OSFM grant proceeds - 2011-2012		28,810		7.2		28,617		28,617		(193)
OSFM grant proceeds - 2012-2013		29,851				-	9 <u></u>	-		(29,851)
TOTAL REVENUES		81,686	-	23,025		28,617	·	51,642		(30,044)
EXPENDITURES								F1		
OSFM expenditures 2009-2010		53,764		51,291		-		51,291		2,473
OSFM expenditures 2010-2011		46,050		45,975		-		45,975		75
OSFM expenditures 2011-2012		57,620		=		52,695		52,695		4,925
OSFM expenditures 2012-2013		59,702			-	375		375		59,327
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		217,136		97,266	-	53,070	_	150,336		66,800
REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		(135,450)		(74,241)		(24,453)		(98,694)	-	36,756
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfer from Capital Reserve		108,570		=		35,205		35,205	Q 	(73,365)
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_\$	(26,880)	\$	(74,241)		10,752	\$	(63,489)	\$	(36,609)
FUND DEFICIT, BEGINNING OF YEAR, JULY 1					2 	(35,205)				
FUND DEFICIT, END OF YEAR, JUNE 30					\$	(24,453)				

TOWN OF BISCOE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND (PARTF GRANT) SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

From Inception and	for t	he Ye	ear Ended	June :	30,	2012
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3		Act	tual		Variance
	Project Authorization	Prior	Current	Total to date	favorable
	Authorization	years	year	to date	(unfavorable)
REVENUES					
Grant proceeds	\$ 53,355	\$ -	\$ -		\$ (53,355)
EXPENDITURES					
Cultural and Recreation					
Pool filter	55,000	42,818	-	42,818	12,182
Pool locker room renovation	11,000	14,274	-	14,274	(3,274)
Basketball court	10,000	-	>=	-	10,000
Baseball dugouts	10,000	=	4,215	4,215	5,785
Picnic tables	3,200	-	4,264	4,264	(1,064)
Ballfield backstop	1,500	1=1	-	-	1,500
Pool repairs	2,500	-	-	-	2,500
Ballfield safety cap	900	=	1,840	1,840	(940)
Contingency	4,705	-	=	-	4,705
Planning and administration	7,904	5,564		5,564	2,340
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	106,709	62,656	10,319	72,975	33,734
REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(53,354)	(62,656)	(10,319)	(72,975)	(19,621)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				E	
Transfer from Capital Reserve	=	-	53,354	53,354	53,354
Transfer from General Fund	53,354				(53,354)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	53,354		53,354	53,354	
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING	•	ф (CO CEC)	42.025	f (10 co1)	(10.004)
SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ -	\$ (62,656)	43,035	\$ (19,621)	\$ (19,621)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR, JULY 1			(62,656)		
FUND DEFICIT, END OF YEAR, JUNE 30			\$ (19,621)		

Page 1 of 2

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Por the Teal Linded dans co, 2012	Budget		Actual		fa	ariance vorable avorable)
REVENUES Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$ 82	8,900	\$	863,845	_\$	34,945
Nonoperating revenues: Interest on investments Tax refunds Miscellaneous			×.	3,798 3,992 8,928	8 	
Total nonoperating revenues	1	7,300		16,718		(582)
TOTAL REVENUES	84	6,200		880,563	Mary Control	34,363
EXPENDITURES Operating expenditures Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Water purchases for resale Capital Outlay Total Water and Sewer Operations	82	28,260	t ser.	212,130 177,631 220,795 40,099 650,655		177,605
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	82	28,260		650,655		177,605
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 1	17,940	\$	229,908	\$	211,968
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers to: Capital reserve CWMTF	\$ (1	17,940) -	\$	(17,940) (36,411)	\$	- (36,411)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	(1	17,940)		(54,351)		(36,411)
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$	-	\$	175,557	\$	175,557

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Page 2 of 2

			•	
RECONCILIATION FROM BUDGET (MODIFIED ACCRUAL TO FULL				
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	5	\$	175,557	
RECONCILING ITEMS Depreciation Capital outlay Less: Items not capitalized Loss on disposal of capital associated contributions Capital contributions Change in inventory STAG grant disbursements to outline to compare to: CWMTF Total		7	(154,797) 40,099 (18,881) (6,293) 85,346 739 (87,879) 36,411 (105,255)	
CHAN	IGE IN NET ASSETS	\$	70,302	

TOWN OF BISCOE ENTERPRISE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

From Inception and for the	Year Ended June 30, 2012
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2			Actual						Variance		
	Δ.	Project		Prior		Current		Totål to date		avorable	
	_AL	uthorization	-	years		year	to date		(un	favorable)	
REVENUES	_				_		_				
CWMTF grant proceeds	\$	530,000 200,000	\$	530,000 66,666	\$	85,346	\$	530,000 152,012	\$	(47,988)	
STAG grant proceeds Golden Leaf grant proceeds		1,300,000		-		-		132,012		(1,300,000)	
I&I Rural Center grant proceeds		40,000		128				-		(40,000)	
	-		-						-		
TOTAL REVENUES	_	2,070,000		596,666		85,346		682,012		(1,387,988)	
EXPENDITURES											
STAG grant expenditures		861,133		725,176		87,879		813,055		48,078	
Golden Leaf expenditures		1,800,000		((=)		145,694		145,694		1,654,306	
I&I Rural Center expenditures		80,000				29,857		29,857		50,143	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		2,741,133	2	725,176		263,430		988,606		1,752,527	
REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	_	(671,133)		(128,510)	-	(178,084)		(306,594)		364,539	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES											
Transfer from water and sewer		131,133		92,099		36,411		128,510		2,623	
Transfers from capital reserve	-	500,000			_		N=		_	500,000	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		631,133	-	92,099		36,411	-	128,510		502,623	
FUND BALANCE APPROPRIATED		40,000	-			-	-			40,000	
REVENUES, OTHER FINANCING SOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE APPROPRIATED UNDER EXPENDITURES	\$		\$	(36,411)		(141,673)	\$	(178,084)	\$	907,162	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR, JULY 1					9	(36,411)					
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR, JUNE 30					_\$	(178,084)					

SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE June 30, 2012

Fiscal year	Uncollected balance June 30, 2011	Additions	Collections and credits	Uncollected balance June 30, 2012		
2011-2012 2010-2011 2009-2010 2008-2009 2007-2008 2006-2007 2005-2006 2004-2005 2003-2004 2002-2003 2000-2001	\$ - 26,022 7,455 4,848 4,368 3,406 9,874 5,201 7,654 5,697 2,612	\$ 616,830 - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 587,527 19,277 2,347 362 365 (40) - - 48 2,612	\$ 29,303 6,745 5,108 4,486 4,003 3,446 9,874 5,201 7,654 5,649		
	<u>\$ 77,137</u>	\$ 616,830	\$ 612,498	81,469		
Less allowance for uncollected taxes receivable General fund				(13,639)		
Ad valorem taxes receivable (net)			<u>ē</u>	\$ 67,830		
Reconciliation with revenues:						
Taxes - ad valorem - General Fund				\$ 619,852		
Reconciling items:						
Interest collected Other adjustments Taxes written off Subtotal		4		(6,128) (3,838) <u>2,612</u> (7,354)		
Total collections and credits				\$ 612,498		

TOWN OF BISCOE, NORTH CAROLINA ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY June 30, 2012

						Total levy			
	Town-wide				Property excluding registered		Registered		
	Property valuation Rate		Total <u>Levy</u>		motor vehicles		motor vehicles		
Original levy: Property taxed at current year's rate	\$103,468,103	\$.58	\$	600,115	\$	551,154	\$	48,961	
Registered motor vehicles taxed at prior year's rate Penalties	970,346 	.58		5,628 772	gr 	- 772		5,628	
Total	104,438,449			606,515		551,926		54,589	
Discoveries: Current year taxes Penalties	1,978,941 	.58	·	11,059 104		11,059 104		-	
Total	1,978,941			11,163		11,163		9	
Abatements	(146,207)			(848)	-	(184)		(664)	
TOTAL PROPERTY VALUATION	<u>\$106,271,183</u>					£.			
Net levy				616,830		562,905		53,925	
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2012				29,303	.	16,032		13,271	
CURRENT YEAR'S TAXES COLLECTED			\$	587,527	<u>\$</u>	546,873	\$	40,654	
CURRENT LEVY COLLECTION PERCENTAGE			-	95.25%		91.15%	-	75.39%	

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other
Matters Based On An Audit of Financial Statements Performed
In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and Town Commissioners Biscoe, North Carolina

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We have audited the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Biscoe, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, and have issued our report thereon dated November 21, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the Town of Biscoe is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town of Biscoe's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Biscoe's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Biscoe's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Town's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies 2012-1, 2012-2, and 2012-3 described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses to be material weaknesses.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Biscoe's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as items 2012-1, 2012-2, and 2012-3.

The Town of Biscoe's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. We did not audit the Town's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended for the information of the Mayor, management, others within the organization, members of Town Council, and federal and State awarding agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP

November 21, 2012

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

Finding 2012-1 Fund Deficits

Criteria:

In accordance with General Statutes funds should not report deficits in fund balance at

the close of a fiscal year.

Condition:

The Town reported deficits in fund balance in the Office of State Fire Marshal capital project funds, Parks and Recreation Trust Fund, Golden Leaf capital project fund, and the I&I Rural Center capital project fund in the amounts of \$24,453, \$19,621, \$145.694.

and \$29,857, respectively.

Effect:

The Town was not in compliance with General Statutes.

Cause:

For the Office of State Fire Marshal capital project funds, the deficit was created as a result of the Town not transferring the appropriated funds from the Capital Reserve Fund. For the Parks and Recreation Trust Fund, Golden Leaf and I&I Rural Center capital project funds, the deficits were created as a result of the Town not yet filing for

reimbursement of expenditures from grant proceeds.

Recommendation: Management and the Commissioners should more closely review the expenditure reports on a periodic basis and transfer appropriated amounts from the Capital Reserve fund to cover operating deficits as well as file for grant reimbursements on a timely basis.

Views of Responsible

Officials and Planned

Corrective Actions: For the Office of State Fire Marshal, management will transfer the appropriate amount in order to remedy the fund deficit in the 2012-13 fiscal year.

> For the Parks and Recreation Trust Fund and the Golden Leaf and I&I Rural Center capital project funds, management will monitor expenditures and will file timely requests for grant reimbursements.

Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations Finding 2012-2

Criteria:

In accordance with General Statutes expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds.

Condition:

The Town did not budget for a transfer from the Water and Sewer fund to the Clean Water Management Trust Fund. Thus, expenditures exceeded authorized appropriations by \$36,411.

TOWN OF BISCOE SUMMARY OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Section II - Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

Finding 2012-2 Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations (Continued)

Effect: The Town was not in compliance with General Statutes.

Cause: The Town did not budget for the transfer from the Water and Sewer Fund to the Clean

Water Management Trust Fund.

Recommendation: Management and the Commissioners should more closely review budget versus actual

reports to ensure that expenditures are not in excess of appropriations.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned

Corrective Actions: Management and the Commissions will more closely review budget versus actual

reports and will make necessary budget amendments to ensure that expenditures are

not in excess of appropriations.

Finding 2012-3 Segregation of Duties

Criteria: Duties should be segregated to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are

handled properly.

Condition: There is a lack of segregation of duties among Town personnel without compensating

reviews for the preparation of bank reconciliations.

Effect: Transactions could be mishandled.

Cause: There are a limited number of personnel for certain functions without compensating

review procedures in place.

Recommendation: The Town should implement a procedure in which someone independent of bank

reconciliation preparation, review and approve the reconciliation in a timely manner.

This procedure will enhance the controls over cash.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned

Corrective Actions: Management agrees with the finding and will implement review procedures.